UNIVERSITY OF IOANNINA

SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCES

PSYCHOLOGY DEPARTMENT

COURSES' OUTLINES

Important	Notice:	for Erasmus	students:

The Department of Psychology does not offer courses in English.

Instead, Erasmus students attend regular meetings with the course instructor and work on individual/group projects.

Face-to-face tutorials are offered during the semester.

Tutorials aim to support personal understanding and the development of thinking paths that enable students to grasp the gist of the course content and reach the learning outcomes of each course.

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1st Semester

Developmental Psychology I: Infancy and Early Childhood

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRA	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΥ008		SEMESTER	1	
COURSE TITLE	Developmental Psychology I: Infancy and Early Childhood			arly	
if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS	
Lectures			3		5
	dd rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the eaching methods used are described in detail at (d).				
general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	General				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://eco	urse.uoi.gr/cοι	urse/view.php	?id=	=1930

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The goal of this course is to present a comprehensive overview of contemporary developmental psychology and to familiarize the students with:

- 1. the history of the developmental study of infants and children,
- 2. the multiple ways of understanding development,
- 3. the formulation of developmental research questions and the design of methodological

protocols,

- 4. the major issues, tasks and milestones of human development,
- 5. major developmental theories,
- 6. critical reflection and discussion of theoretical and research issues in the study of infant and early childhood development.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations **Decision-making**

Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary

environment Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

Others...

Autonomous thinking Reflection and critical thinking

Respect for diversity and cultural issues

(3) SYLLABUS

This course explores developmental theory and research about biological, social and psychological issues in infancy and early childhood. This course describes the nature and context of development, from conception till the end of early childhood, focusing on the biological, cognitive, interpersonal, social, emotional, and moral aspects of development, focusing both on typical and atypical development. Various theoretical models will be discussed and accessed.

Outline:

- **Human** evolution
- Genetics and epigenetics
- Prenatal development
- Neonatal development, perceptual, motor, cognitive, communicational and cultural issues
- Development of intersubjectivity, interaction, social referencing, play and humor
- Attachment
- Language development
- Development of play and imagination
- Self, gender, and identity understanding and development
- Family and social milieu
- Cognitive development, intelligence, socio-cultural scaffolding issues
- Theory of mind
- Moral reasoning
- Classic and contemporary development theories

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face to face	
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	Tace to face	
etc.		
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of ICT in teaching,	
COMMUNICATIONS	communication with studen	tc
TECHNOLOGY	communication with studen	113
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory		
education, communication with		
students		
TEACHING METHODS		Φάρτος Εργασίας
The manner and methods of	Δραστηριότητα	Φόρτος Εργασίας Εξουάνου
teaching are described in detail.	Lasturas	Εξαμήνου
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Lectures	39
practice, fieldwork, study and	Literature review	33
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	Assignments	35
placements, clinical practice, art	Exercises	15
workshop, interactive teaching,	Exams	3
educational visits, project, essay	Total	125
writing, artistic creativity, etc.		
writing, artistic creativity, etc.		
The student's study hours for each		
learning activity are given as well		
as the hours of non-directed study		
according to the principles of the		
ECTS		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE		
EVALUATION	A written exam that include	ς·
Description of the evaluation	Open questions	3.
procedure	Comparison questions	
p. 666 d.a. 6	Critical assessment question	ns
Language of evaluation, methods		
of evaluation, summative or		
conclusive, multiple choice		
questionnaires, short-answer		
questions, open-ended questions,		
problem solving, written work,		
essay/report, oral examination,		
public presentation, laboratory		
work, clinical examination of		
patient, art interpretation, other		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Specifically-defined evaluation		
criteria are given, and if and where		
they are accessible to students.		
they are accessible to students.		

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

Bornstein, M.H. & Lamb, M.E. (2015). Developmental Science: An Advanced Textbook. New York: Psychology Press/Taylor & Francis.

Lightfoot, C., Cole, M. & Cole, S.R. (2014). Η ανάπτυξη των παιδιών. Αθήνα: Τυπωθήτω – Γιώργος Δαρδανός.

Fingerman, Karen L., Cynthia Berg, Jacqui Smith, and Toni C. Antonucci, eds. 2011. *Handbook of life-span development*. New York: Springer.

Κουγιουμουτζάκης, Γ. (2016). Το συν- της συγκίνησης: Ψυχολογία εμβρύων, βρεφών και νηπίων: Ηράκλειο: Πανεπιστημιακές Εκδόσεις Κρήτης.

Murray, L. (2017). Η ψυχολογία των βρεφών. Αθήνα: Παπαζήσης.

Reddy, V. (2019). Πώς τα βρέφη γνωρίζουν τον νου. Αθήνα: Παπαζήσης.

Rogoff, B. (2003). The cultural nature of human development. Oxford UK: Oxford University Press.

Slater, A. & Bremner, J.G. (2019). Εισαγωγή στην Αναπτυξιακή Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα: Εκδ. Τζιόλα.

Smith, K.S., Cowie, H., & Blades, M. (2018). Κατανοώντας την ανάπτυξη των παιδιών. Αθήνα: Εκδ. Τζιόλα.

Taylor, M. (2013). The Oxford Handbook of the Development of Imagination. New York: Oxford University Press.

Wood, C., Littleton, K., & Sheehy, K. (2006). Developmental psychology in action. Malden: Blackwell Publishing.

- Related academic journals:

Child Psychology

British Journal of Developmental Psychology

Developmental Psychology

European Journal of Developmental Psychology

Infant Behavior and Development

Journal of Applied Developmental Psychology

Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry and Allied Disciplines

Cognitive Psychology I

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIE	NCES		
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	DUATE		
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΥ010		SEMESTER	1 st
COURSE TITLE	COGNITIVE F	PSYCHOLOGY I		
INDEPENDENT TEACH	NG ACTIVITIE	S		
if credits are awarded for separate	components	of the course,	WEEKLY	
e.g. lectures, laboratory exercis			TEACHING	CREDITS
awarded for the whole of the o		•	HOURS	
teaching hours and th				_
Lectures and ora			3	5
Add rows if necessary. The organis	The state of the s			
teaching methods used are describ	ı			
COURSE TYPE	General back	kground		
general background,				
special background, specialised				
general knowledge, skills				
development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek (English is used for instruction and examination for			
and EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://ecou	ırse.uoi.gr/cour	rse/index.php?d	categoryid=107

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course forms the basic course that covers concepts, theories and research findings from the discipline of Cognitive Psychology. More specifically, this course covers the cognitive processes of perception, attention, memory, reasoning, and problem solving.

Upon successful completion of the course, students will have acquired:

• basic knowledge in topics from the field of Cognitive Psychology and its relation to

other fields of psychology,

- basic knowledge of understanding and critical analysis of empirical and theoretical data related to the above cognitive processes
- the ability to cooperate with their classmates in order to present a research paper in any of the above-mentioned topics of Cognitive Psychology
- the ability to carry out literature review in journals and topics of Cognitive Psychology, by using the University Library as well as internet and electronic databases
- basic research skills
- the ability to work independently and in groups
- the ability to communicate their work to public audiences and
- knowledge acquisition skills required for continuing their studies with a high degree of autonomy

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

thinking

Others...

Project planning and management

Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical

Criticism and self-criticism

Respect for difference and multiculturalism

responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Production of free, creative and inductive

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the

necessary technology Adapting to new situations **Decision-making**

Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary

environment Production of new research ideas

Decision-making

Working independently

Team work

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative, and inductive thinking

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

(3) SYLLABUS

Course content:

Cognitive Psychology

History and Research methods of Cognitive Psychology

Perception

- Theories of perception
- Perception of depth and movement
- Perceptual constancies and perceptual illusions
- Object recognition

Attention

- Theories of attention
- Focused divided attention
- Attention models

Memory

- Theories memory models
- Working memory

- Semantic memory
- Explicit implicit memory
- Forgetting theories
- Mnemonic strategies

Reasoning

- Problem solving

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

	Τ	
DELIVERY	Face-to face	
Face-to-face, Distance learning,		
etc.		
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Support of the learning pro	_
COMMUNICATIONS	electronic platform e-cours	e
TECHNOLOGY	Power point presentation	
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory	Communication with stude	nts via email
education, communication with		
students	A satisface	Competence
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39
teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Study and analysis of	26
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and	bibliography	20
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	Writing and presentation	30
placements, clinical practice, art	of individual or group	
workshop, interactive teaching,	project	20
educational visits, project, essay	Individual study time	30
writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Course total (25	125
writing, artistic creativity, etc.	workload hours per credit)	125
The student's study hours for each	credity	
learning activity are given as well		
as the hours of non-directed study		
according to the principles of the		
ECTS		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE		
EVALUATION	I. Written exams (70%) that	include:
Description of the evaluation	 multiple choice que 	stionnaire
procedure		g the acquired conceptual
	and theoretical knowled	
Language of evaluation, methods	everyday life and resear	
of evaluation, summative or	 comparative evalua 	tion of theories
conclusive, multiple choice		. (000)
questionnaires, short-answer	II. Oral presentation of proje	ects (30%)
questions, open-ended questions,		
problem solving, written work,		
essay/report, oral examination,		
public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of		
patient, art interpretation, other		
Specifically-defined evaluation		
criteria are given, and if and where		
they are accessible to students.		

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

- Matlin, M.W. & Farmer, T.A. (2019). Γνωστική Ψυχολογία. Εκδόσεις Τζιόλα.
- Goldstein, B.E. (2018). (Ν. Μακρής, Επιμ.). Γνωστική Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα, Gutenberg.
- Sternberg, R.J. (2011). Γνωστική Ψυχολογία. Διάδραση.
- Βοσνιάδου Σ. (2001). Εισαγωγή στην Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα, Gutenberg.

- Related academic journals:

- Cognitive Psychology
- Consciousness & Cognition
- Memory & Cognition
- Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning, Memory & Cognition
- Quarterly Journal of Experimental Psychology
- Trends In Cognitive Sciences

History and epistemology of psychology

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΥ006		SEMESTER	1 st	
COURSE TITLE	History and	l epistemology	of psychology	/	
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITI	ES			
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	kercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	ì	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	course, give	the weekly	HOURS		
teaching hours and th	e total credit	ts			
		Lectures	3		5
Add rows if necessary. The organis	-	_			
teaching methods used are describ	1	at (d).			
COURSE TYPE	General				
general background,					
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek				
and EXAMINATIONS:	GICCK				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					
- CO 1123.72 (ONL)					

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

In this course students will be able to:

- 1. understand and uses various conceptualizations of the history of psychology,
- 2. identify and discuss major theoretical schools of psychology and of epistemology of psychology,

- 3. identify major social, political and economical factors that created the conditions of possibility for the emergence of scientific psychology,
- 4. to reflect critically and discuss scientific psychology as a social science and its role on subjectivization.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations **Decision-making**

Working independently Team work

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary

environment Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

Others...

.....

Autonomous thinking Reflection and critical thinking Respect for diversity and cultural issues

(3) SYLLABUS

Outline:

- Historical development of scientific psychology during the 19th and 20th century,
- Economic, political, social and cultural conditions that formed the conditions for the evolution of scientific psychology,
- Epistemology of psychology (Positivism, hermeneutic approaches) and methodological approaches,
- Theoretic schools in psychology: functionalism, gestalt, structuralism, psychoanalysis, behaviorism, humanism, phenomenology, social constructionism,
- The social and cultural effects and applications of scientific psychology: biopolitics and subjectivization.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face to face
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	
etc.	
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of ICT in teaching,
COMMUNICATIONS	communication with students
TECHNOLOGY	
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory	
education, communication with	
students	

TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.

Δραστηριότητα	Φόρτος Εργασίας Εξαμήνου
Lectures	39
Literature review	55
Writing	13
assignment/assignments	
Exercises	15
Exams	3
Total	125

The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS

A written final exam that includes:
Open questions

Comparison questions

Critical assessment questions

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

Brennan, J.F. (2009). Ψυχολογία: Ιστορία & Συστήματα. Αθήνα: Τόπος.

Danziger, K. (1990). Constructing the subject: Historical origins of psychological research. New York: Cambridge University Press.

Danziger, K. (1997). Naming the mind: How psychology found its language. London: Sage.

Δαφέρμος, Μ. (2010). Το ιστορικό γίγνεσθαι της ψυχολογίας. Αθήνα: Gutenberg.

Hergenhahn, B.R. (2008). Εισαγωγή στην ιστορία της ψυχολογίας. Αθήνα: Α.Α. Λιβάνη.

Hollis, M. (2005). Φιλοσοφία των κοινωνικών επιστημών. Αθήνα: Κριτική.

Jansz, J. & van Drunen, P. (2004). A social history of psychology. UK: Blackwell Publishing.

Rose, N. (1996). Inventing Our Selves: Psychology, Power and Personhood. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Shorter, E. (2009). Ιστορία της ψυχιατρικής. Αθήνα: Αρχιπέλαγος

Τζανάκη, Δ. (2016). Ιστορία της [Μη]Κανονικότητας. Αθήνα: Ασίνη.

- Related academic journals:

History of Psychology History & Philosophy of Psychology Philosophical Psychology Theory & Psychology

Clinical Psychology I: Orientations and Principles of Psychopathology

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΥ009	SEMESTER 1st	t		
COURSE TITLE		CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGY I: ORIENTATIONS AND PRINCIPLES OF PSYCHOPATHOLOGY			
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITIES				
if credits are awarded for separ	rate components of the	WEEKLY			
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	xercises, etc. If the credits	TEACHING	CREDITS		
are awarded for the whole of the	,	HOURS			
teaching hours and th					
	presentation assignments	3	5		
Add rows if necessary. The organis					
teaching methods used are describ	1				
COURSE TYPE	General background				
general background,					
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek (English is used for instruction and examination				
and EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://ecourse.uoi.gr/enrol/index.php?id=2436				
,		1 12 2			

Research Methods in Psychology: Quantitative Methods

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΥ007	ΨΥΥ007 SEMESTER 1 st			
COURSE TITLE	RESEARCH METHODS IN PSYCHOLOGY: QUANTITATIVE METHODS				/E
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITIE	S			
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	nts of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex			TEACHING	CREDIT	ΓS
are awarded for the whole of the	_	-	HOURS		
teaching hours and th	e total credits				
	presentation assignments 3 5				
Add rows if necessary. The organis	•				
teaching methods used are describ					
COURSE TYPE	General background				
general background,					
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek (English is used for instruction and examination				
and EXAMINATIONS:	for Erasmus students)				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://ecourse.uoi.gr/course/view.php?id=638				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course forms the basic course that covers the different quantitative research methods (observation, questionnaire, experiment, case studies) in the field of Psychology. In addition, it covers, in detail, the ethical standards in psychological research, and familiarizes students with rules of writing and presenting scientific research in a specialist and no specialist audience.

Upon successful completion of the course, students will have acquired:

- basic knowledge of methodological tools used in the different branches of Psychology
- basic knowledge of understanding, evaluation and critical analysis of empirical and theoretical issues from the field of Psychology and the broader field of Social Sciences
- the ability to cooperate with their classmates in order to present a research design from any field of Psychology
- the ability to carry out literature review, by using the University Library as well as internet and electronic databases
- problem solving and basic research skills
- the ability to work independently and in groups
- the ability to communicate their work to public audiences and
- knowledge acquisition skills required for continuing their studies with a high degree of autonomy

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data
and information, with the use of the
necessary technology
Respect for the natural environment
Adapting to new situations
Showing social, professional and ethical
responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Working independently Criticism and self-criticism

Team work Production of free, creative and inductive

Working in an international environment thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary
environment Others...
Production of new research ideas

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Decision-making

Working independently

Team work

Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Respect for difference and multiculturalism

Production of new research ideas

(3) SYLLABUS

The course covers the basic quantitative research methods ways of studying human development, cognition, and behavior. The topics covered are:

- Quantitative research designs in psychology
- Ethical issues in research
- Sampling methods
- Validity and reliability
- Observation
- Questionnaires. Validity and reliability of questionnaires.
- Experiments: types of experimental designs (one-way, factorial, betweensubjects, within-subjects, mixed)
- Analysis and manipulation of research data

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to face Face-to-face, Distance learning, **USE OF INFORMATION AND** Support of the learning process through the **COMMUNICATIONS** electronic platform e-course **TECHNOLOGY** Power point presentation Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory Communication with students via email education, communication with students **TEACHING METHODS** Semester workload **Activity** The manner and methods of Lectures 39 teachina are described in detail. Study and analysis of 20 Lectures, seminars, laboratory bibliography practice, fieldwork, study and Writing and presentation 40 analysis of bibliography, tutorials, of individual or group placements, clinical practice, art project workshop, interactive teaching, Individual study time 26 educational visits, project, essay Course total (25 writing, artistic creativity, etc. workload hours per *125* credit) The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the **ECTS** STUDENT PERFORMANCE **EVALUATION** I. Written exams (70%) that include: questions that involve describing, analysing, Description of the evaluation procedure and producing specific research design examples open-ended questions Language of evaluation, methods examples of applying conceptual and of evaluation, summative or theoretical knowledge and skills in both everyday multiple life and research conclusive, choice questionnaires, short-answer comparative evaluation of theories questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, II. Oral presentation of projects or written assignments essay/report, oral examination, (30%)public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

they are accessible to students.

- Suggested bibliography:
 - Bryman, A. (2017). Μέθοδοι Κοινωνικής Έρευνας. Αθήνα, Gutenberg

- Shaughnessy, J., Zechmeister, E. & Zechmeister, J. (2018). Ε. Ζιώρη (Επιμ).
 Ερευνητικές Μέθοδοι στην Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα, Gutenberg.
- Robson, C. (2012). Η Έρευνα του Πραγματικού Κόσμου: Ένα Μέσον για Κοινωνικούς Επιστήμονες και Επαγγελματίες Ερευνητές (2η έκδ. συμπληρωμένη). Αθήνα, Gutenberg.
- Σίμος, Π. & Κομίλη, Α. (2003). Μέθοδοι Έρευνας στην Ψυχολογία και τη Γνωστική Νευροεπιστήμη. Αθήνα, Παπαζήσης.

- Related academic journals:

- Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning, Memory & Cognition
- Journal of Experimental Psychology: General
- Quarterly Journal of Experimental Psychology

Foreign Language - English I

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ΞΓ101		SEMESTER	1 st	
COURSE TITLE	Foreign Language - English I				
if credits are awarded for separ course, e.g. lectures, laboratory es are awarded for the whole of the teaching hours and th	rate compone xercises, etc. course, give	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS	
	3			5	
Add rows if necessary. The organis teaching methods used are describ					
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	1 10 1 81101			nent	
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	No				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	English				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes, in English				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://ecou	rse.uoi.gr/cours	e/view.php?id	=194	43

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course students are expected to:

Have enriched their knowledge in basic concepts of Psychology

- Have developed the language skills (reading, writing, speaking and listening) and expanded their general vocabulary, as well as specialised terminology in the discipline of Psychology.
- Be able to comprehend English texts of medium difficulty, including articles in scientific journals in relation to their field of study
- Have developed their ability to draw inferences from texts in a critical manner
- Have developed their critical and creative thinking skills, through multimodal texts in the field of Psychology.

This course, along with the course "Foreign Language-English II", aim at equipping students with sufficient knowledge of the English language that will help them in their undergraduate and postgraduate studies, as well as their future professional career. A further aim is the development of critical, creative thinking and cooperative skills.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Working independently Criticism and self-criticism

Team work Production of free, creative and inductive

Working in an international environment thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary
environment Others...
Production of new research ideas

Defining Psychology / Basic concepts of Psychology / Vocabulary enrichment, language use (written and oral) / Criticism and self-criticism / Production of free, creative and inductive thinking / Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

(3) SYLLABUS

Course description

Lectures and videos (listening comprehension) / Critical reading and comprehension of texts related to the discipline of Psychology (e.g. identifying main arguments, author's stance) / Development of speaking skills, with a view to promoting active participation in a wide range of academic circumstances, such as lectures, seminars, presentations and scientific conferences. / Development of academic writing skills (writing academic texts, presentations, papers, etc.) / Development of listening skills (e.g. taking notes from lectures) / Vocabulary development (in the discipline of Psychology and academia, in general) / Grammar skills (to the extent it is necessary) / Reading, comprehending and analysing articles in scientific journals / Reading, listening to and understanding a scientific lecture.

Course content

Defining Social Sciences / What is Psychology? / Brief history of Psychology / Branches of Psychology / Psychology settings / Theories of Psychology / Living things – characteristics / What is behaviour? / Language and culture / Human institutions / Biological and psychological needs / Research articles in Psychology / Identifying the elements of a research article / Research methodology / Quantitative and qualitative research methodology / Using case studies / Using questionnaires / Using interviews /

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, distance learning if necessary, providing Face-to-face, Distance learning, students with help and guidance during office hours **USE OF INFORMATION AND** Use of ICT in teaching and learning process / use of ICT **COMMUNICATIONS** to communicate with students (email, Ecourse platform, MS-Teams) / supporting the teaching and **TECHNOLOGY** Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory learning process via the Ecourse platform and MSeducation, communication with Teams. students **TEACHING METHODS** Activity Semester workload The manner and methods of Lectures 39 teaching are described in detail. Self-study 58 Lectures, seminars, laboratory Study and analysis 25 practice, fieldwork, study and bibliography analysis of bibliography, tutorials, Final examination 3 placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, Course total *125*

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

ECTS

educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

Active student participation during lectures / final written examination / multiple choice questions, filling in activities/short-answer questions

Evaluation methods

- a) Initial diagnostic evaluation in order to assess the students' language level and help organize the teaching process.
- b) Formative assessment during the semester in order to monitor student performance and provide feedback in relation to the teaching and learning process.
- c) Summative assessment with the aim of evaluating student learning at the end of the semester.

Evaluation is conducted in the English language. Evaluation criteria are presented and explained in the first lecture and are uploaded on the asynchronous education platform

(Ecourse platform) (http://ecourse.uoi.gr/course/view.php?id=1943)

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

- Short J. (2010). English for Psychology in Higher Education Studies. Reading, UK: Garnet Publishing.
- Poulou, M. S. (2019). Emotion Knowledge and Social and Emotional Competence: A Preliminary Study of Preschool and First Grade Greek Students. Hellenic Journal of Psychology, Vol. 16, pp. 22-42.
- Campbell, C. (2012). English for Academic Study: Vocabulary. Garnet Education.
- Slaght, J. and Pallant, A. (2012). English for Academic Study Reading & Writing Sourcebook: Garnet Education.
- Slaght, J. (2012). English for Academic Study: Reading Course Book: Garnet Education.
- Pallant, A. (2009). English for Academic Study: Writing Course Book: Garnet Education.
- VandenBos, G. R. (2007). APA dictionary of psychology: Washington, D.C.: American Psychological Association.
- Salkind, N. J. (2008). Encyclopedia of educational psychology: Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage Publications.
- Langdridge, D. and Taylor, S. (eds) (2007). Critical readings in social psychology: Maidenhead, England: Open University Press.
- Damon, W., and Lerner, R. M. (2006). Handbook of child psychology: Hoboken, New Jersey: Wiley.

- Related academic journals:

- APA Dictionary of Psychology. [https://dictionary.apa.org/]
- Hellenic Journal of Psychology. [https://pseve.org/publications/journal/

2nd Semester

Developmental Psychology II: Childhood and Adolescence

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΥ013		SEMESTER	2 nd	I
COURSE TITLE	Developmental Psychology II: Childhood and Adolescence				d
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITII	ES			
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	•	•	TEACHING	ì	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	. •	•	HOURS		
teaching hours and th	e total credit				
		Lectures	3		5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the					
teaching methods used are describ					
COURSE TYPE	General				
general background,					
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek				
and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes				
ERASMUS STUDENTS	103				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://eco	urse.uoi.gr/cou	ırse/view.nhr	?id=	=2101
- CO 11120.72 (ONL)	https://ecourse.uoi.gr/course/view.php?id=2101				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The goal of this course is to present a comprehensive overview of contemporary developmental psychology and to familiarize the students with:

- 1. the history of the developmental study of children and adolescents,
- 2. the multiple ways of understanding development,

- 3. the formulation of developmental research questions and the design of methodological protocols,
- 4. the major issues, tasks and milestones of human development,
- 5. major developmental theories,
- 6. critical reflection and discussion of theoretical and research issues in the study of infant and early childhood development

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations Decision-making

Working independently

Autonomous thinking

Working in an interdisciplinary

Team work Working in an international environment

Respect for diversity and cultural issues

environment Production of new research ideas

Reflection and critical thinking

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

Others...

(3) SYLLABUS

This course explores developmental theory and research about biological, social and psychological issues in middle childhood and adolescence. This course describes the nature and context of development, from 6 till 18 years of age, focusing on the biological, cognitive, interpersonal, social, emotional, gender and moral aspects of development, focusing both on typical and atypical development. Various theoretical models will be discussed and accessed.

Outline:

- Historical, cultural and social issues in the emergence of childhood and adolescence
- Theoretical and conceptual issues
- Cognitive, affective, attentional and memory developments
- Family, siblings and peer interaction
- Schooling and educational issues
- Identity, gender and race
- Moral reasoning and development
- Cultural differences
- Puberty and romantic relations
- LGBTQI development
- Minorities issues, immigration experience, marginalization

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face to face
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	
etc.	

USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY

Use of ICT in teaching, communication with students

Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with

students
TEACHING METHODS

The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching,

educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.

Δραστηριότητα	Εξαμήνου
Lectures	39
Literature review	40
Assignments	31
Exercises	15
Total	125

Φόρτος Ερνασίας

The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

A final written exam that includes:

Open questions
Comparison questions

Critical assessment questions

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

Bornstein, M.H. & Lamb, M.E. (2015). Developmental Science: An Advanced Textbook. New York: Psychology Press/taylor & Francis.

Lightfoot, C., Cole, M. & Cole, S.R. (2014). Η ανάπτυξη των παιδιών. Αθήνα: Τυπωθήτω – Γιώργος Δαρδανός.

Fingerman, Karen L., Cynthia Berg, Jacqui Smith, and Toni C. Antonucci, eds. 2011. *Handbook of life-span development*. New York: Springer.

Rogoff, B. (2003). The cultural nature of human development. Oxford UK: Oxford University Press.

Slater, A. & Bremner, J.G. (2019). Εισαγωγή στην Αναπτυξιακή Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα: Εκδ. Τζιόλα.

Smith, K.S., Cowie, H., & Blades, M. (2018). Κατανοώντας την ανάπτυξη των παιδιών. Αθήνα: Εκδ. Τζιόλα.

Wenger, E. & Lave, J. (2005). Κοινωνικές όψεις της μάθησης: Νόμιμη περιφερειακή συμμετοχή. Αθήνα: Σαββάλας.

Wood, C., Littleton, K., & Sheehy, K. (2006). Developmental psychology in action. Malden: Blackwell Publishing.

- Related academic journals:

Child Psychology
British Journal of Developmental Psychology
Developmental Psychology
European Journal of Developmental Psychology
Journal of Applied Developmental Psychology

Clinical Psychology II: Diagnostic Criteria

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΥ014		SEMESTER	2 nd	
COURSE TITLE	CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGY II: DIAGNOSTIC CRITERIA				
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITIES				
if credits are awarded for separ	ate components of	of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	•		TEACHING	ì	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	. •	weekly	HOURS		
teaching hours and th	e total credits				
Lectures			3		5
Add rows if necessary. The organis					
teaching methods used are describ					
COURSE TYPE	General				
general background,					
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANCHACE OF INCTRUCTION					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek (English is used for instruction and examination				
and EXAMINATIONS:	for Erasmus students)				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	1				
	https://sss.usss.usi.gr/sgral/index.phg2id_2262				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://ecourse.uoi.gr/enrol/index.php?id=2362				

Social Psychology I

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIEN	CES		
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΥ012		SEMESTER	2 nd
COURSE TITLE	SOCIAL PSYCH	SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY I		
if credits are awarded for separ course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex are awarded for the whole of the teaching hours and th	arate components of the exercises, etc. If the credits he course, give the weekly		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	G CREDITS
		Lectures	3	5
Add rows if necessary. The organis				
teaching methods used are describ				
COURSE TYPE	General back	ground		
general background,				
special background, specialised				
general knowledge, skills				
development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek			
and EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				_

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course offers a general introduction to the discipline of social psychology. It aims at (a) familiarising the students with landmark developments in the history of social psychology; (b) familiarising the students with the way in which social psychology defines its main and particular topics of research interests; (c) leading students to understand the more general logic that binds together these research topics as components of the same discipline; (d)

leading students to understand the ways in which social psychologists, traditionally, frame their research questions; (e) leading students to understand the traditional methodological predilection of social psychologists for experimentation; and (f) familiarise, at an introductory level, the students with contemporary critical treatments of the topical and methodological choices that comprise the social psychological mainstream.

By the time that the course shall be completed, the students:

- Shall have an introductory knowledge of the historical roots of the discipline of social psychology;
- Shall be able to identify the main research topics in the discipline of social psychology;
- Shall comprehend the main developments in these research topics;
- Shall be able to recognise the social psychological way of thinking as a discrete disciplinary perspective, clearly distinctive to (generic) psychology and sociology;
- Shall comprehend the more general social importance of main social psychological findings;
- Shall be familiarised, at an introductory level, with critical, reflexive positions advanced by contemporary social psychologists regarding theoretical and methodological issues in social psychology.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations **Decision-making**

Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary

environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

Others...

- Working independently
- Respect for difference and multiculturalism
- Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

The present course offers a general, historical and topical introduction to the discipline of social psychology. The lectures focus on six general social psychological topics of research and theorising. These lectures aim at familiarising students with traditional topics of research as well as familiarising them, at an introductory level, with the methodological and interpretative pluralism of modern social psychology.

LECTURE TOPICS

- i. Defining social psychology. The diversity of traditions and epistemological perspectives in social psychology. Experimental social psychology and critical social psychology.
- ii. Historiography of social psychology. The philosophical roots of social psychology. Psychological social psychology and sociological social psychology. Positivism. Proto-social psychologies: Volkerpsychologie and crowd psychology. Periods of development in the history of social psychology (from the late 19th C. to the present).
- iii. Social influence. Early experiments in social psychology. Emergence of norms. Conformity. Early and contemporary models of social influence. Obedience to authority. Minority influence. Situational power and tyranny.
- iv. Group processes. The roots of the social psychological study of group processes in crowd psychology. The historical development and the problems with the experimental study of deindividuation. The theory of emergent norms. Social identity theory. Bystanders and intervention.
- v. Aggresssion and intergroup relations. Socio-biological explanations and situational perspectives on aggression. Intergroup perspectives: Realistic Conflict Theory, Social Identity Theory and Self-categorisation Theory.
- vi. Images of the person in social psychology: the self as a "naïve scientist". The roots of the social cognition perspective. Attribution theories.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

EVALUATION		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE		
as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS		
learning activity are given as well		
The student's study hours for each		
writing, artistic creativity, etc.		
educational visits, project, essay		
workshop, interactive teaching,		
placements, clinical practice, art	Course total	125
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	Independent study	34
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and	Study of bibliography	36
teaching are described in detail.	Practical Exercises	16
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
students		
education, communication with		
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory		
TECHNOLOGY		
COMMUNICATIONS	Use of e-course	
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of power-point	
etc.		
Face-to-face, Distance learning,		
DELIVERY	At the amphitheatre	

Description	of	the	evaluation
procedure			

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Written examination. Short questions and essay type of questions.

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

- Dickerson, D. (2012). *Social Psychology: Traditional and critical perspectives*. London: Pearson.
- Hewstone, M. & Stroebe, W. (2007) *Εισαγωγή στην Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία*. Αθήνα: Εκδ. Παπαζήση.
- Hogg, M.A. & Vaughan, G.M. (2010) Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα: Guttenberg.
- Sapsford, R. κ.α. (2006) Η Θεωρία στην Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα: Μεταίχμιο.
- Smith, J.R., Haslam, S.A. (2017). *Social Psychology: Revisiting the classic studies*. London: Sage.

- Related academic journals:

- British Journal of Social Psychology.
- European Journal of Social Psychology.

Statistics I

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of	Social Sciences		
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Psychology			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Bachelor			
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΥ011		SEMESTER	2 nd
COURSE TITLE	Statistics I			
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITII	S		
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	kercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	course, give	the weekly	HOURS	
teaching hours and the	e total credit	S		
		Lectures	3	5
	necessary. The organisation of teaching and the			
teaching methods used are describ	ibed in detail at (d).			
COURSE TYPE	General background			
general background,				
special background, specialised				
general knowledge, skills				
development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek			
and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO				
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://ecourse.uoi.gr/course/view.php?id=2106			

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This is a basic introductory course in the concepts of Statistics, Probability and Data Analysis. The course material help students to understand the types of variables we encounter in a study, the basic tools of descriptive statistics (measures and diagrams), the concept of random experiment, probability and sampling.

Also, by introducing the concepts of random variable and the distribution function, the Normal distribution, the Poisson distribution and other important distributions will be studied. Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to:

- Calculate and interpret the basic descriptive statistic measures
- Understand the concept of probability and calculate the probability of contingencies Comprehend the basic sampling methods
- Understand the meaning of the distribution of a random variable and calculate relative probabilities.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making

Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary

environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

Others...

- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Decision-making
- Working independently
- Team work

(3) SYLLABUS

- Introduction to the use of statistical software (e.g., SPSS, R)
- Types of variables and measurement scales
- Descriptive Statistics: location measures or measures of central tendency, measures of variability or spread, measures of skewness, kurtosis, diagrams (histogram, boxplot, scatter plot etc)
- Probability Elements: Random Experiment, Sample Space, Contingencies, Actions Between Contingencies, Classic / Axiom Definition of Probability, Conditional Probability, Total Probability, Bayes, Stochastic Independence
- Random Variables: Definition, Function of distribution and probability / density of random variable
- Mean and variance of random variable
- Normal Distribution and other basic distributions
- Sampling: simple random sampling, stratified random sampling, systematic sampling, cluster sampling

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face to face
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	
etc.	

USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY

Use of .ppt slides
Use of teaching platform
Laboratory education

Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students

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The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.

Activity	Semester workload
Lectures	39
Laboratory practices	26
Study of bibliography	21
Independent study	39
Course total	125

The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

Written final examination (multiple choice questions and exercises)
Optional assignment

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Καλαματιανού, Α. (2003). Κοινωνική Στατιστική. Μέθοδοι Μονοδιάστατης Ανάλυσης. Αθήνα: Παπαζήσης.
- Andy Field Jeremy Miles Zoe Field, Ανακαλύπτοντας την Στατιστική με τη Χρήση της R. (μετάφραση επιμέλεια Ι Ντζούφρας). Εκδόσεις Προπομπός, 2019 Περιστέρι. Κωδ. Ευδόξου 86195862
- Ρούσσος, Π. Λ., & Τσαούσης, Γ. (2020). Στατιστική στις Επιστήμες της Συμπεριφοράς με τη χρήση του SPSS και του R . Αθήνα: Gutenberg .
- Ντζούφρας Ι & Καρλής Δ (2015), ΕΙΣΑΓΩΓΗ ΣΤΟΝ ΠΡΟΓΡΑΜΜΑΤΙΣΜΟ ΚΑΙ ΣΤΗ ΣΤΑΤΙΣΤΙΚΗ ΑΝΑΛΥΣΗ ΜΕ R (e-book)

School Psychology

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIE	SOCIAL SCIENCES		
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRA	DUATE		
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΥ012		SEMESTER	2 nd
COURSE TITLE	SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY I			
if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of the course, give the weekly teach	omponents of the course, e.g. he credits are awarded for the		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	G CREDITS
		Lectures	3	5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (a				
general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	General bac	kgi ouiiu		
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- $\bullet \quad \textit{Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 \& 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B}$
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course offers a general introduction to the discipline of social psychology. It aims at (a) familiarising the students with landmark developments in the history of social psychology; (b) familiarising the students with the way in which social psychology defines its main and particular topics of research interests; (c) leading students to understand the more general logic that binds together these research topics as components of the same discipline; (d) leading students to understand the ways in which social psychologists, traditionally, frame their research questions; (e) leading students to understand the traditional methodological predilection of social psychologists for experimentation; and (f) familiarise, at an introductory level, the students with contemporary critical treatments of the topical and methodological choices that comprise the social psychological mainstream.

By the time that the course shall be completed, the students:

- Shall have an introductory knowledge of the historical roots of the discipline of social psychology;
- Shall be able to identify the main research topics in the discipline of social psychology;
- Shall comprehend the main developments in these research topics;
- Shall be able to recognise the social psychological way of thinking as a discrete disciplinary perspective, clearly distinctive to (generic) psychology and sociology;
- Shall comprehend the more general social importance of main social psychological findings;
- Shall be familiarised, at an introductory level, with critical, reflexive positions advanced by contemporary social psychologists regarding theoretical and methodological issues in social psychology.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations
Decision-making

Working independently

Team work
Working in an international environment

Working in an international environment
Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment

Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and

sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Others...

......

- Working independently
- Respect for difference and multiculturalism
- Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

The present course offers a general, historical and topical introduction to the discipline of social psychology. The lectures focus on six general social psychological topics of research and theorising. These lectures aim at familiarising students with traditional topics of research as well as familiarising them, at an introductory level, with the methodological and interpretative pluralism of modern social psychology.

LECTURE TOPICS

- Defining social psychology. The diversity of traditions and epistemological perspectives in social psychology. Experimental social psychology and critical social psychology.
- Historiography of social psychology. The philosophical roots of social psychology. Psychological social psychology and sociological social psychology. Positivism. Proto-social psychologies: Volkerpsychologie and crowd psychology. Periods of development in the history of social psychology (from the late 19th C. to the present).

- Social influence. Early experiments in social psychology. Emergence of norms. Conformity. Early and contemporary models of social influence. Obedience to authority. Minority influence. Situational power and tyranny.
- Group processes. The roots of the social psychological study of group processes in crowd psychology. The historical development and the problems with the experimental study of deindividuation. The theory of emergent norms. Social identity theory. Bystanders and intervention.
- Aggresssion and intergroup relations. Socio-biological explanations and situational perspectives on aggression. Intergroup perspectives: Realistic Conflict Theory, Social Identity Theory and Self-categorisation Theory.
- Images of the person in social psychology: the self as a "naïve scientist". The roots of the social cognition perspective. Attribution theories.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DEL WEDV			
DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	At the amphitheatre		
, .			
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of power-point		
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	Use of e-course		
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures	39	
described in detail.			
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Practical Exercises	16	
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art	Study of bibliography	36	
workshop, interactive teaching, educational	Independent study	34	
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.			
The student's study hours for each learning			
activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of			
the ECTS			
	Carrage total	425	
	Course total	125	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE			
EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure			
Description of the evaluation procedure	Written examination. Short	questions and essay type	
Language of evaluation, methods of	of questions.		
evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple	·		
choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving,			
written work, essay/report, oral examination,			
public presentation, laboratory work, clinical			
examination of patient, art interpretation, other			
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are			
given, and if and where they are accessible to students.			

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

- Dickerson, D. (2012). *Social Psychology: Traditional and critical perspectives*. London: Pearson.
- Hewstone, M. & Stroebe, W. (2007) Εισαγωγή στην Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα: Εκδ. Παπαζήση.
- Hogg, M.A. & Vaughan, G.M. (2010) Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα: Guttenberg.
- Sapsford, R. κ.α. (2006) Η Θεωρία στην Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα: Μεταίχμιο.
- Smith, J.R., Haslam, S.A. (2017). *Social Psychology: Revisiting the classic studies*. London: Sage.

- Related academic journals:

- British Journal of Social Psychology.
- European Journal of Social Psychology.

Foreign Language - English II

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRA	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	ΞΓ201		SEMESTER	2 nd	
COURSE TITLE	Foreign Language - English II				
if credits are awarded for separ course, e.g. lectures, laboratory es are awarded for the whole of the teaching hours and th	rate components of the exercises, etc. If the credits e course, give the weekly		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS
	3 5		5		
Add rows if necessary. The organis	nisation of teaching and the				
teaching methods used are describ	bed in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE general background,	Specialised general knowledge, skills development		nent		
special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	No				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	English				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	, 3				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://ecourse.uoi.gr/course/view.php?id=2093				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course students are expected to:

Have enriched their knowledge in basic and more advanced concepts of Psychology

- Have developed the language skills (reading, writing, speaking and listening) and expanded their general vocabulary, as well as specialised terminology in the discipline of Psychology.
- Be able to comprehend with greater ease English texts, including articles in scientific journals in relation to their field of study
- Have developed their ability to draw conclusions from scientific articles in a critical manner, compare and evaluate theories and research findings, evaluate the relevant literature
- Have developed their critical and creative thinking skills, through multimodal texts in the field of Psychology.

This course, along with the course "Foreign Language-English I", aim at equipping students with sufficient knowledge of the English language that will help them in their undergraduate and postgraduate studies, as well as their future professional career. A further aim is the development of critical, creative thinking and cooperative skills.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
Adapting to new situations

Decision-making
Working independently

Team work
Working in an international environment

Working in an international environm

environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

..... Others...

......

Defining Psychology / Basic and more advanced concepts of Psychology / Text comprehension / Vocabulary development, language use (written and oral) in academic and scientific contexts / Criticism and self-criticism / Production of free, creative and inductive thinking / Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology / evaluating / development of academic writing / identifying main arguments in scientific texts

(3) SYLLABUS

Course description

Lectures and videos (listening comprehension) / Critical reading and comprehension of texts related to the discipline of Psychology (e.g. identifying main arguments, author's stance) / Development of speaking skills, with a view to promoting active participation in a wide range of academic circumstances, such as lectures, seminars, presentations and scientific conferences. / Development of academic writing skills (writing academic texts, presentations, papers, etc.) / Development of listening skills (e.g. taking notes from lectures) / Vocabulary development (in the discipline of Psychology and academia, in general) / Grammar skills (to the extent it is necessary) / Reading, comprehending and analysing articles in scientific journals / Reading, listening to and understanding a scientific lecture.

Course content

Vygotsky and Piaget / Memory / Mental disorders / Personality / Addictions / Research in Psychology / Critically reading and analyzing research articles in Psychology / Research methodology in Psychology / Developing αnd constructing a thesis

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

Face-to-face, distance learning if necessary, providing		
students with help and guidance during office hours		
Use of ICT in teaching and	l learning process / use of ICT	
to communicate with	students (email, Ecourse	
platform, MS-Teams) / s	supporting the teaching and	
learning process via the	Ecourse platform and MS-	
Teams.		
Activity	Semester workload	
Lectures	39	
Self-study 58		
Study and analysis	25	
bibliography		
Final examination 3		
Course total	125	
Course total 125		
	Use of ICT in teaching and to communicate with platform, MS-Teams) / s learning process via the Teams. Activity Lectures Self-study Study and analysis bibliography	

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

Active student participation during lectures / final written examination / multiple choice questions, filling in activities/short-answer questions)

Evaluation methods

- a) Initial diagnostic evaluation in order to assess the students' language level and help organize the teaching process.
- b) Formative assessment during the semester in order to monitor student performance and provide feedback in relation to the teaching and learning process.
- c) Summative assessment with the aim of evaluating student learning at the end of the semester.

Evaluation is conducted in the English language.

Evaluation criteria are presented and explained in the first lecture and are uploaded on the asynchronous education platform

(Ecourse platform)

(http://ecourse.uoi.gr/course/view.php?id=1943)

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:
 - Χουντουμάδη, Α., & Πατεράκη, Λ. (2008). Λεξικό Ψυχολογίας. Αθήνα: Εκδόσεις Τόπος & Α. Χουντουμάδη και Λ. Πατεράκη
 - Short J. (2010). English for Psychology in Higher Education Studies. Reading, UK: Garnet Publishing
 - Poulou, M. S. (2019). Emotion Knowledge and Social and Emotional Competence: A Preliminary Study of Preschool and First Grade Greek Students. Hellenic Journal of Psychology, Vol. 16, pp. 22-42.
 - Campbell, C. (2012). English for Academic Study: Vocabulary. Garnet Education.
 - Slaght, J. and Pallant, A. (2012). English for Academic Study Reading & Writing Sourcebook: Garnet Education.
 - Slaght, J. (2012). English for Academic Study: Reading Course Book: Garnet Education.
 - Pallant, A. (2009). English for Academic Study: Writing Course Book: Garnet Education.
 - VandenBos, G. R. (2007). APA dictionary of psychology: Washington, D.C.: American Psychological Association.
 - Salkind, N. J. (2008). Encyclopedia of educational psychology: Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage Publications.
 - Langdridge, D. and Taylor, S. (eds) (2007). Critical readings in social psychology: Maidenhead, England: Open University Press.
 - Damon, W., and Lerner, R. M. (2006). Handbook of child psychology: Hoboken, New Jersey: Wiley.
- Related academic journals:
 - APA Dictionary of Psychology. [https://dictionary.apa.org/]
 - Hellenic Journal of Psychology. [https://pseve.org/publications/journal/

3rd Semester

Educational Psychology

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	Social Scien	Social Sciences			
ACADEMIC UNIT	Psychology				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate				
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΥ015		SEMESTER	3rd	
COURSE TITLE	EDUCATION	IAL PSYCHOLO	GY		
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITIE	S			
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	kercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	;	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	course, give	the weekly	HOURS		
teaching hours and th	e total credit.	s			
LECTURES AND PRESENTATION OF	PAPERS - DIS	CUSSION IN	3		5
GROUPS, CLASSROOM DISCUSSION	IS (PERSONA	L			
CONTRIBUTION)					
Add rows if necessary. The organis					
teaching methods used are describ	ped in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE	General background				
general background,					
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION					
and EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO					
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course is a compulsory one for students of the Psychology Department and it offers basic background knowledge in educational psychology.

The course syllabus aims to introduce students to topics of educational psychology and to offer an understanding of basic theoretical approaches and concepts of this particular

branch of psychology.

The course initially focuses on conceptualizing the discipline and presenting key contemporary perspectives of the discipline of Educational Psychology mainly with respect to learning and teaching.

Basic theories of cognitive, psychosocial, and moral development are presented. The mastery of the developmental pathway of the individual with a focus on all stages up to adolescence, will provide students with a theoretical basis for understanding pupils' behaviour and will allow them to adopt specific forms of intervention. It will also allow them to adapt teaching appropriately and in line with the cognitive level of pupils, and their stage of psychosocial and moral development.

In addition, the curriculum covers the issue of pupils with special needs, offering students familiarity with the most common forms of disorders (developmental disorders) and speech problems in school. Information is offered on ways of dealing with and supporting these pupils. In addition, the curriculum focuses on presenting the impact of individual (gender) and social factors on learning and the role of the self (Harter's theory).

Furthermore, basic learning theories are discussed to give students an overall picture of the ways in which learning takes place in the classroom along with an explanation of how specific forms of behaviour are acquired (behaviourism and sociocognitive theory). In addition, basic concepts of cognitive psychology are briefly presented, with a main focus on constructivism and its applications to learning. Finally, students become familiar with the topic of motivation with a focus on basic theories but also on factors that influence motivation (e.g. anxiety, interest, locus of control, learned helplessness, etc.)

Upon successful completion of this course the student will be able to:

- Have mastered an understanding of the subject matter of educational psychology and be able to distinguish Educational Psychology from the other psychology disciplines
- Have an understanding of the key concepts and theoretical approaches of the field of educational psychology
- Be able to present, discuss, and distinguish the stages of development as described within different

theoretical approaches, understand at which age stage children with specific achievements are, and describe ways in which teachers can adapt their teaching appropriately depending on the characteristics of different developmental stages

- Be able to recognise children with special needs and discuss educational and intervention issues
- Understand the importance of social factors in learning and their mediation when it comes to the effectiveness of teaching and pupils' achievement (with reference to personal experience and through the experiences of others)
- Analyze and synthesize the elements of learning theories, behaviorism, sociocognitive theory,

constructivism, with reference to specific examples, and discuss the advantages and disadvantages of each approach as well as ways of reinforcing specific forms of learning on a case-by-case basis (with reference to personal experience and through the experiences of others)

- To critically compare learning theories and the theories presented within this course and evaluate their contribution to learning based on the learner's overall experience (with reference to personal experience and through the experiences of others)
- Be able to identify and distinguish motivational theories and apply them in a proficient manner to

examples and cases in the context of teaching, and be able to discuss factors that influence motivation and their importance for learning (individual and environmental factors)

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does

the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data Project planning and management

and information, with the use of the

necessary technology Adapting to new situations

Decision-making

Working independently

Team work Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

- Working independently

Respect for difference and multiculturalism

Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

.....

Others...

- Team work (students collaborate on group projects and presentations during lectures)
- Criticism and self-criticism (in the context of discussions and relevant issues in relation to previous students' knowledge and experience and within the context of the scientific texts they have studied. They are also asked to reflect on their own attitudes and behaviours in the context of theories relating to past or contemporary situations and attitudes)
- Decision-making (in the context of situations presented as examples within each theoretical approach. Decision-making and presentation related to interventions or behaviours relevant to the role of the teacher)
- Free, creative, and inductive thinking and reasoning (through the development of thought pathways linking the theory to experience and the real world - case studies, examples, etc.)

(3) SYLLABUS

The course focuses on the following topics:

- Definition and scope of Educational Psychology
- Cognitive development
- Psychosocial and moral development
- Gender and cultural dimensions in learning
- Pupils with special needs
- Theories of learning and practical applications (Behaviourism, social cognitive learning, behavioural theories and teaching).
- Motivation and learning

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face			
Face-to-face, Distance learning,				
etc.				
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of ICT in teaching			
COMMUNICATIONS	Use of ICT in communication	n with students		
TECHNOLOGY				
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory				
education, communication with				
students				
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
The manner and methods of	Attendance of lectures	39		
teaching are described in detail.	Study & analysis of the	30		
	literature			

Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.

The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS

Group Work in the	13
Classroom	
Independent study	40
Exams	3
Course total	125

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

Students will be assessed as follows.

1. Final Written Examination, 80%-100% of the total grade.

The 20% variation refers to the students' choice to complete an assignment. The final exam includes the the entire syllabus.

(Students will be assessed by means of a multiplechoice test and short-answer questions).

2. Submission of an optional assignment (up to 20%). The assignment may be an individual or a group assignment (up to three students). It will concern the study and presentation of a scientific article or book chapter from the contemporary international literature. The scientific text will be selected by the student based on their interests and its subject matter will relate to the topics of the course.

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:
- Elliot, S., Kratochwill, T, Cook, J. & Travers, J. (2008). Εκπαιδευτική Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα: Gutenberg.
- Fontana, D. (1996). Ψυχολογία για εκπαιδευτικούς. Αθήνα: Σαββάλας.
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- Related academic journals:
- Yearbook of the Psychological Society of Northern Greece
- Psychology (The journal of the Hellenic Psychological Society)
- Educational Psychology (there is a range of scientific journals relating to educational psychology with a

similar but not identical title e.g. Learning and Instruction, Frontline Learning Research, Motivation etc.)

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Cognitive Rehabilitation Software:

https://www.ostracon.gr/product/proionta-ana-katigoria/noitiki-endynamosi/hasomed-rehacom-logismiko-gnostikisapokatastasis/

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Social Psychology II

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES			
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΥ016		SEMESTER	3 rd
COURSE TITLE	SOCIAL PSYCHOLOG	SY II		
if credits are awarded for separ course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex are awarded for the whole of the	if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
	Lec	tures	3	5
Add rows if necessary. The organis	•	l the		
teaching methods used are describ				
COURSE TYPE	General background	d		
general background,				
special background, specialised				
general knowledge, skills				
development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek			
and EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				_

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course offers an advanced introduction to the discipline of social psychology. Its aim is twofold: On the one hand, to increase "quantitatively" the introductory knowledge of the students in the discipline of social psychology; on the other hand, it aims at familiarizing the students with more recent developments in this discipline in terms of epistemological differentiations, theoretical criticism and empirical / analytic documentation. By the time

that the course shall be completed, the students:

- Shall be able to acknowledge the conceptual, epistemological limits of the 'traditional' thematic areas and approaches in social psychology.
- Shall have an introductory knowledge of alternative approaches in the discipline of social psychology.
- Shall be able to identify theoretical and methodological problems in forming research questions that presuppose, unproblematically, intra-individual, psychological entities.
- Shall be able to articulate basic research questions within the conceptual frame of social constructionism.
- Shall be able to propose, basic, research designs in this direction.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations Decision-making

Working independently

Team work
Working in an international anvironment

Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary

environment
Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

..... Others...

- Working independently
- Respect for difference and multiculturalism
- Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

The present course concludes the general, introductory familiarization of the students with the discipline of social psychology. The lectures focus on four general social psychological topics of research and theorising.

LECTURE TOPICS

- vii. The diversity in social psychology: the concept of "approaches". The four main approaches in contemporary social psychology: (a) social cognition; (b) social identity; (c) social representations; (d) discursive psychology.
- viii. Social perception: (a) from a social cognition perspective; (b) from a social identity perspective; (c) from a social representations perspective; (d) from a discursive psychology perspective.

- ix. Attitudes: (a) from a social cognition perspective; (b) from a social identity perspective; (c) from a social representations perspective; (d) from a discursive psychology perspective.
- x. Self and identity: (a) from a social cognition perspective; (b) from a social identity perspective; (c) from a social representations perspective; (d) from a discursive psychology perspective.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	At the amphitheatre				
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	·				
etc.					
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of power-point				
COMMUNICATIONS	Use of e-course				
TECHNOLOGY					
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory					
education, communication with					
students					
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload			
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39			
teaching are described in detail.	Practical Exercises	16			
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Study of bibliography	36			
practice, fieldwork, study and	Independent study	34			
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	Course total	125			
placements, clinical practice, art					
workshop, interactive teaching,					
educational visits, project, essay					
writing, artistic creativity, etc.					
The student's study hours for each					
learning activity are given as well					
as the hours of non-directed study					
according to the principles of the					
ECTS					
STUDENT PERFORMANCE					
EVALUATION					
Description of the evaluation	Written examination. Short	questions and essay type			
procedure	of questions.				
Language of evaluation, methods					
of evaluation, summative or					
conclusive, multiple choice					
questionnaires, short-answer					
questions, open-ended questions,					
problem solving, written work,					
essay/report, oral examination,					
public presentation, laboratory					
work, clinical examination of					
patient, art interpretation, other					

Specifically-defined	evaluation
criteria are given, and	if and where
they are accessible to	students.

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

- Augoustinos, M. κ.α. (2014). Social Cognition. London: Sage.
- Dickerson, D. (2012). *Social Psychology: Traditional and critical perspectives*. London: Pearson.
- Edwards, D. & Potter, J. (2010) Λογοψυχολογία και ψυχικές καταστάσεις. Στο Ν. Μποζατζής & Θ. Δραγώνα (Επιμ.) *Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία: Η στροφή στο λόγο*. Αθήνα: Μεταίχμιο, σελ. 131-155.
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- Hogg, M.A. & Vaughan, G.M. (2010) Στάσεις. Στο M.A. Hogg & G.M. Vaughan (2010)
 Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα: Guttenberg, σελ. 199-247.
- Potter, J. (2005) Στάσεις, κοινωνικές αναπαραστάσεις και η διά / του λόγου ψυχολογία. Στο M. Wetherell (Επιμ.) Ταυτότητες , Ομάδες και Κοινωνικά Ζητήματα. Αθήνα: Μεταίχμιο, σελ. 175-251.
- Potter, J. & Wetherell, M. (2009) «Οι στάσεις στο λόγο» και «Πέρα από τις στάσεις», από το βιβλίο «Λόγος και Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία: Πέρα από τις στάσεις και τη συμπεριφορά». Αθήνα: Μεταίχμιο, σελ. 71-86.
- Potter, J. & Wetherell, M. (2009) «Από τις αναπαραστάσεις στα ρεπερτόρια», από το βιβλίο «Λόγος και Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία: Πέρα από τις στάσεις και τη συμπεριφορά». Αθήνα: Μεταίχμιο, σελ. 193-203.
- Sapsford, R., Still, A., Miell, D., Stevens, R., Wetherell, M. (2006) Η Θεωρία στην Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα: Μεταίχμιο
- Wetherell, M. (Επιμ.) (2005) *Ταυτότητες, Ομάδες και Κοινωνικά Ζητήματα*. Αθήνα: Μεταίχμιο
- British Journal of Social Psychology
- Discourse and Society
- European Journal of Social Psychology
- Theory and Psychology

Statistics II

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of School	ocial Sciences		
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Psychology			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Bachelor			
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΥ Υ003		SEMESTER	3rd
COURSE TITLE	Statistics II			
if credits are awarded for separ course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex are awarded for the whole of the teaching hours and the	rate compone xercises, etc. course, give	ents of the If the credits the weekly	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	G CREDITS
		Lectures	2	5
			1	
			3	
teaching methods used are describ	Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).			
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	General bad	ckground		
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://eco	urse.uoi.gr/ind	ex.php?id=19	79

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course is an introductory course in the concepts of Inferential Statistics and Data Analysis. The course material will help students to comprehend the basic techniques of inferential statistics, the concept of hypothesis testing and parameter estimation. The theory of confidence intervals will be studied, the basic criteria for hypothesis testing for the mean and the variance of random variables. Also, the concept of linear correlation

coefficient, the techniques of regression analysis and analysis of variance, and the contingency table analysis will be studied.

Upon successful completion of the course students are expected to be able to:

- Comprehend the utility of the inferential statistics methods
- Perform hypothesis tests for the mean and the variance of random variables
- Perform hypothesis tests regarding the dependence between two distinct random variables
- Perform data analysis using linear regression and analysis of variance.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations **Decision-making** Working independently

Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary

environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

Others...

- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- **Decision-making**
- Working independently
- Team work

(3) SYLLABUS

- Introduction to the use of statistical software (e.g., SPSS, R)
- Basic concepts of inferential statistics.
- Point estimate of the mean and the variance
- Confidence Intervals: known / unknown distribution, with known / unknown dispersion
- Hypothesis testing, level of statistical significance, critical value.
- Compare means of one population: 3 cases.
- Compare means of two populations: independent samples, dependent samples.
- Chi square, contingency tables
- The concept of correlation. Calculation of correlation coefficients.
- Regression analysis (simple linear regression).
- One-way Analysis of Variance (ANOVA).

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	
etc.	
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of .ppt slides
COMMUNICATIONS	Use of teaching platform

TECHNOLOGY Laboratory education Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students **TEACHING METHODS** Activity Semester workload The manner and methods of Lectures 39 teaching are described in detail. Laboratory practices 26 Lectures, seminars, laboratory Assignments 21 practice, fieldwork, study and Independent study 39 analysis of bibliography, tutorials, Course total 125 placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the **ECTS STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION** Description of the evaluation procedure Written final examination (multiple choice questions and exercises) Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

they are accessible to students.

- Καλαματιανού, Α. (2003). Κοινωνική Στατιστική. Μέθοδοι Μονοδιάστατης Ανάλυσης. Αθήνα: Παπαζήσης.
- Andy Field Jeremy Miles Zoe Field, Ανακαλύπτοντας την Στατιστική με τη Χρήση της R. (μετάφραση επιμέλεια Ι Ντζούφρας). Εκδόσεις Προπομπός, 2019 Περιστέρι. Κωδ. Ευδόξου 86195862
- Ρούσσος, Π. Λ., & Τσαούσης, Γ. (2020). Στατιστική στις Επιστήμες της Συμπεριφοράς με τη χρήση του SPSS και του R . Αθήνα: Gutenberg .
- Ντζούφρας Ι & Καρλής Δ (2015), ΕΙΣΑΓΩΓΗ ΣΤΟΝ ΠΡΟΓΡΑΜΜΑΤΙΣΜΟ ΚΑΙ ΣΤΗ ΣΤΑΤΙΣΤΙΚΗ ΑΝΑΛΥΣΗ ΜΕ R (e-book)

Biopsychology

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCI	ENCES			
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate				
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ029		SEMESTER	3 rd	
COURSE TITLE	віорѕусно	DLOGY			
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITI	ES			
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	xercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	;	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	course, give	the weekly	HOURS		
teaching hours and th	e total credit	S			
		Lectures	3		5
Add rows if necessary. The organis	dd rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the				
teaching methods used are describ	ed in detail a	at (d).			
COURSE TYPE	Special bac	kground			
general background,					
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek				
and EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

After the end of the courses students will have acquired knowledge and understanding of the following:

- > the basic physiology and anatomy of the nerve cell,
- > the way in which the brain is organized anatomically and functionally,
- the stages of brain development from embryonic to adult life,
- ➤ the biological substrate of common mental functions

- the role of biological risk factors for the development of mental disorders,
- the relationship of brain function to other systems
- > the basic techniques of imaging brain function and their usefulness in diagnostic practice and research,
- > the neurobiological background of common mental disorders (Schizophrenia, Emotional disorders, Obsessive Compulsive Disorder, Post Traumatic Stress, Dementia Organic Psycho-syndrome, Addiction),
- > the operation of the basic categories of psychiatric drugs and non-pharmaceutical biological treatments
- > the biological substrate of psychotherapy.

Also after the end of the courses the students should have developed the following skills:

- be able to read and understand new research data on brain function
- > be able to explain to non-specialists the function of the brain, the neurobiology of mental functions and mental disorders and the role of biological agents of human behavior and psychopathology
- ightharpoonup to recognize the usefulness and applications of the basic imaging methods of brain function and to assess which patients need further biological investigation of the brain function
- > to be able to interpret the symptoms of common mental disorders based on their underlying neurobiological substrate and assess which patients are likely to be benefited by the application of biologic therapy
- ➤ to be able to explain to the non-specialist the effects of the most common psychiatric drugs and to evaluate the presence of possible side effects of pharmacotherapy.

 Finally, students after the end of the courses should have adopted a documented critical attitude towards biological component of human behavior and psychopathology through the biopsychosocial model.

Specifically, the understanding of mental functions changes as biological phenomenon due to biopsychosocial parameters will contribute to the formation of an attitude that on the one hand will reward /not stigmatize the psychopathology of the mental ill people, however at the same time will recognize the possibility of modifying the brain biological function through the change of the behavior and systemic discussion (psychotherapy).

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the

necessary technology Adapting to new situations

Decision-making

Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary

environment
Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Respect for the natural environment
Showing social, professional and ethical

responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

..... Others...

• Investigate, analyze and synthesize data and information related to brain function and human behavior - psychopathology in order to acquire greater autonomy in their work as psychologists and to the create innovative research ideas

- Decision making and interdisciplinary collaboration with other specialists, as psychiatrists, neurobiologists, etch
- Autonomous work
- Demonstration of social, professional and moral responsibility and sensitivity
- Express of criticism and self-criticism
- Promotion of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

- What is biopsychology. Historical background of the theories for the relationship between the biological and the psychological substrate of human behavior.
- Functional organization of the human body. Anatomy / Biochemistry / Function of the Brain and the nerve cell.
- > Brain and evolution of the species. Brain development and the role of environmental factors.
- Brain interaction with the environment.
- Biological substrate of brain functions
 - Sensory functions, movement
 - Regulation of basic functions of the organization
 - Speech
 - Memory learning
 - Judgment / Mind
 - Feelings
- > The relationship of the brain with the other systems of the human body the role of the brain in survival
- > The neurobiological background of common mental disorders
- > Introduction to the mechanism of the main biological therapies of mental disorders
- Methods of recording brain function

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Class- Amphitheater			
Face-to-face, Distance learning,				
etc.				
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of power point			
COMMUNICATIONS	e-cources			
TECHNOLOGY				
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory				
education, communication with				
students				
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39		
teaching are described in detail.	Laboratory practice	16		
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Study and analysis of	30		
practice, fieldwork, study and	bibliography			
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	Study	40		
placements, clinical practice, art				
workshop, interactive teaching,				
educational visits, project, essay				
writing, artistic creativity, etc.				

The student's study hours for each	Course total	125
learning activity are given as well		
as the hours of non-directed study		
according to the principles of the		
ECTS		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE		
EVALUATION		ercise with short-answer
Description of the evaluation	-	iple choice questions
procedure	 Public prese 	entation
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other		
Specifically-defined evaluation		
criteria are given, and if and where		
they are accessible to students.		

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Kolb, B. & Whishaw, I. (2018). Αρχές Νευροψυχολογίας του Ανθρώπου. Αθήνα: Gutenberg
- 2. Neil, M.G. (2011). Νευροψυχολογία. Εγκέφαλος και Συμπεριφορά. Αθήνα: Έλλην.
- 3. Pinel, P.J. (2011). Βιοψυχολογία. Αθήνα: Έλλην.
- 4. Stevens, L. & Robin, I. (2012). Ψυχιατρική. Έγχρωμο εικονογραφημένο εγχειρίδιο. Αθήνα: Παρισιάνου

Child Adolescence Psychopathology

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES		
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE		
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ016	SEMESTER	3rd
COURSE TITLE	CHILD ADOLESCENCE PSYCHOPATHOLOGY		
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITIES		
if credits are awarded for separ	ate components of the	WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	kercises, etc. If the credits	TEACHING	G CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	course, give the weekly	HOURS	
teaching hours and th	e total credits		
	Lectures	2	5
Aj	oplied/Laboratory Practice	1	
Add rows if necessary. The organis	ation of teaching and the		
teaching methods used are describ	ed in detail at (d).		
COURSE TYPE	Special Background		
general background,			
special background, specialised			
general knowledge, skills			
development			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Grook (English is used for	instruction an	ud ovamination
and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek (English is used for for Erasmus students)	iiisti uctioii dii	iu examination
	•		
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes		
ERASMUS STUDENTS	https://plt.upi.gu/file-/0//	CE0/0D0/CE0/4/	20/050/42 020/2
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://slt.uoi.gr/files/%0		J%CE%A3_U3%2
	006%202019_ENGLISH.p	df	

Counselling Psychology

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCI	ENCE		
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ004		SEMESTER	3 th
COURSE TITLE	COUNSELLI	NG PSYCHOLO	GΥ	
if credits are awarded for separ course, e.g. lectures, laboratory es are awarded for the whole of the teaching hours and th	rate compone xercises, etc. e course, give	ents of the If the credits the weekly	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	
		LECTURES	2	5
LABORATORY EXERCISI	•	•	1	
		OURSE HOURS	3	
Add rows if necessary. The organiz		_		
teaching methods used are describ		NOWLEDGE		
general background, special background, specialized general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	GENERALK	NOWLEDGE		
TREREQUISITE COURSES.				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS: IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	GREEK YES			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competencies of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course, are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes PERSOA

Upon successful completion of the course, students are expected to:

- To know the subject, scope, objectives and relationship of Counseling Psychology with related disciplines.
- Recognize the types and stages of counseling work, understand and apply the basic

skills of counseling in communication.

- Understand the importance of the counselling-therapeutic relationship and the factors that underlie it.
- Have basic knowledge related to the main psychotherapeutic approaches in counseling.
- Understand the role of the personal development of the counseling psychologist and the supervision in the counseling work.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis data

Project planning and management
and information with the use of the

Respect for difference and multiculturalism

necessary technology
Respect for the natural environment

Adapting to new situations
Decision-making
Showing social, professional and ethical
responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Working independently Criticism and self-criticism

Team work Production of free, creative and inductive

Working in an international environment thinking

Working in an interdisciplinary
environment Others...

Production of new research ideas

Search, analysis and synthesis of data and information using the necessary technologies, application of knowledge in practice, decision making, autonomous work, group work, work in an interdisciplinary environment, promotion of free, creative and inductive thinking, the practice of critical thinking and self-criticism, respect for diversity and multiculturalism, demonstration of social, professional and moral responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues.

(3) SYLLABUS

The course aims to introduce the scientific field of Counseling Psychology and work and the acquaintance with the leading schools of psychotherapy. Emphasis is placed on the meaning and significance of the counselling relationship, the role and function of empathy, as well as the factors that act as aids. Examples of counselling and experiential exercises are used to connect the theoretical concepts with the counselling practice. The main topics of the course include:

- Introduction to Counseling Psychology: Historical development, subject and scope, similarities and differences with related disciplines, types of counselling.
- Personal development, self-knowledge and interpersonal relationships.
- Basic counselling skills in therapeutic communication.
- Counselor-client relationship: Characteristics of counsellor, honest and transfer relationship, therapeutic alliance.
- Psychotherapeutic approaches to counselling work: Existential-humanistic, psychodynamic-psychoanalytic, cognitive-behavioural, systemic-family and modern schools of psychotherapy.
- Objectives, stages and supervision of counselling

• The role of the Counseling Psychologist: Prevention and promotion of mental health, interventions and ethics of the profession, research perspectives.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	IN-PERSON				
Face-to-face, Distance learning,					
etc.					
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use power-point for teaching.				
COMMUNICATIONS	Use the video for teaching.				
TECHNOLOGY	Use of the Ecourse to provide	de educational material to			
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory	students				
education, communication with					
students					
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload			
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	Attendance of lectures	39			
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and	Study and analysis of books and articles	26			
	books and articles	20			
analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art	Dorsonal Cturdu	20			
workshop, interactive teaching,	Personal Study	40			
educational visits, project, essay		40-			
writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Course total	125			
learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS					
STUDENT PERFORMANCE					
EVALUATION	Evaluation Methods:				
Description of the evaluation	1. Final Written exam (70%)	(Multiple choice test, short			
procedure	development questions usir	ng examples of application			
	of concepts and theories)				
Language of evaluation, methods	2. Preparation and Oral Pres	sentation of Optional			
of evaluation, summative or	Assignment (30%)				
conclusive, multiple choice					
questionnaires, short-answer					
questions, open-ended questions,					
problem solving, written work,					
essay/report, oral examination,					
public presentation, laboratory					
work, clinical examination of					
patient, art interpretation, other					
Specifically-defined evaluation					
criteria are given, and if and where					
they are accessible to students.					

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

Bibliography

1. Μαλικιώση – Λοΐζου, Μ. (2018). Συμβουλευτική Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα: Πεδίο.

- 2. Corey, G. (2005). Θεωρία και Πρακτική της Συμβουλευτικής και της Ψυχοθεραπείας. Αθήνα: Έλλην.
- 3. McLeod, J. (2005). Εισαγωγή στη Συμβουλευτική. Αθήνα: Μεταίχμιο.

Journals

- 1. Journal of Counseling Psychology
- 2. European Journal of Counselling and Psychotherapy
- 3. Counseling Psychology Quarterly
- 4. Psychology and Psychotherapy: Theory, Research and Practice
- 5. The Counseling Psychologist

Research Methods in Psychology: Qualitative Methods of Research and Analysis

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCI	ENCES			
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ048		SEMESTER	3rd	d
COURSE TITLE	RESEARCH METHODS IN PSYCHOLOGY: QUALITATIV METHODS OF RESEARCH AND ANALYSIS			ALITATIVE	
INDEPENDENT TEACHI					
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	xercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	3	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	course, give	the weekly	HOURS		
teaching hours and th	e total credit	S			
		Lectures	3		5
Add rows if necessary. The organis					
teaching methods used are describ		, ,			
COURSE TYPE	General ba	ckground			
general background,					
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek				
and EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course offers a general introduction to the qualitative methods of research and data analysis in psychology. It aims (a) at familiarising the students with the distinctive epistemological assumptions underlying qualitative research in social sciences, in general, and in psychology in particular; (b) at familiarising the students with the ways in which

research questions are formulated in qualitative research in psychology; (c) at familiarising students with the 'technology' of the diverse qualitative methods of collecting data in psychology; (d) at the theoretical familiarisation of the students with the different methods of analysing qualitative data in psychological research.

By the time that the course shall be completed, the students:

- Shall have an adequate knowledge of the epistemological positions informing the qualitative research methods in psychology.
- Shall have adequate skills in formulating research questions for qualitative research in psychology.
- Shall have an introductory, theoretical, understanding of the methodological 'tool-kits' of the distinctive qualitative methods of research in psychology.
- Shall have acquired introductory skills in understanding and analysing qualitative data by means of the different analytic approaches used in psychology.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Respondenting to new situations Show Decision-making respondently Critical Team work Productions

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

Others...

- Working independently
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

The present course aims at an introductory familiarisation of the students with the theoretical background, the design and the main analytic logics underpinning the qualitative methods of research in psychology.

LECTURE TOPICS

xi. The epistemological foundations of the qualitative methods of research in psychology: (a) realism; (b) phenomenology; (c) social constructionism; and (d) methodological pluralism.

xii. Designing qualitative research in psychology: Main principles, ethics, reflexivity, formulating research questions.

xiii. Collecting qualitative data in psychology: Interviews, participant observation, Diaries, Focus Groups.

xiv. Content Analysisxv. Thematic Analysisxvi. Grounded Theory

xvii. Interpretative phenomenological analysis

xviii. Narrative analysis

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	At the classroom			
Face-to-face, Distance learning,				
etc.				
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of power-point			
COMMUNICATIONS	Use of e-course			
TECHNOLOGY				
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory				
education, communication with				
students				
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39		
teaching are described in detail.	Study of analytic /	20		
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	research bibliography			
practice, fieldwork, study and	Practical analytic 13			
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	exercises			
placements, clinical practice, art	Study of theoretical 26			
workshop, interactive teaching,	literature			
educational visits, project, essay	Independent study	24		
writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Exams	3		
The student's study hours for each				
learning activity are given as well				
as the hours of non-directed study	Course total	125		
according to the principles of the				
ECTS				

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Written examination. Theoretical questions. Questions involving analysis.

Specifically-defined	evaluation
criteria are given, and	if and where
they are accessible to	students.

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

- Ιωσηφίδης, Θ. & Σπυριδάκης, Μ. (Επιμ.). Ποιοτική Κοινωνική Έρευνα: Μεθοδολογικές προσεγγίσεις και ανάλυση δεδομένων. Αθήνα: Κριτική.
- Τσιώλης, Γ. (2014). *Μέθοδοι και Τεχνικές Ανάλυσης στην Ποιοτική Έρευνα*. Αθήνα: Κριτική.
- Willig, C. (2015). Ποιοτικές Μέθοδοι Έρευνας στην Ψυχολογία: Εισαγωγή. Αθήνα: Gutenberg.

- Related academic journals:

Qualitative Research in Psychology

Cognitive and Educational Psychology Issues: Self-Regulation - Self-Regulated Learning

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIE	SOCIAL SCIENCES		
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ015		SEMESTER	3 rd
COURSE TITLE	SELF REGUL	COGNITIVE AND EDUCATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY ISSUES: SELF REGULATION – SELF-REGULATED LEARNING		
INDEPENDENT TEACHI			WEEKIV	
if credits are awarded for separ			WEEKLY	CDEDITE
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory es are awarded for the whole of the	•		TEACHING HOURS	G CREDITS
teaching hours and th			HOUKS	
teaching nours and th	e total creat.	Lectures	2	4
	Laborat	ory exercises	1	-
	Laborat	tory exercises	-	
Add rows if necessary. The organis	cessary. The organisation of teaching and the			
teaching methods used are describ	•			
COURSE TYPE	Skills development			
general background,				
special background, specialised				
general knowledge, skills				
development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek			
and EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes, with pe	ersonal study a	nd preparation	on of work and
ERASMUS STUDENTS	exams in English			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://ece	du.uoi.gr/cour	se-outlines-20)20-
	2021/?lang=en			

Developmental Study of Play and Imagination

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ΨYE013 SEMESTER 3 rd				
COURSE TITLE	Developme	Developmental study of play and imagination			on
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITI	ES			
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	xercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	ì	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	e course, give	the weekly	HOURS		
teaching hours and th	e total credit	S			
		Lectures	3		4
Add rows if necessary. The organis	isation of teaching and the				
teaching methods used are describ	ped in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE	special bac	kground			
general background,					
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUA OF OF INSTRUCTION	Cont				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek				
and EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes				
ERASMUS STUDENTS	1 //	. ,		21.1	1000
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	nttps://eco	urse.uoi.gr/cou	irse/view.php	=bı؛(=1932

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

In this course students will be able to:

- 1. understand and uses various conceptualizations of play, pretense and imagination,
- 2. identify and discuss major theories on play and imagination, from multiple disciplines (psychology, sociology, anthropology, ethology, philosophy),
- 3. formulate developmental questions and methodological designs for the study of play and

imagination,

4. to reflect critically and implement playfulness and imagination on practical issues.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data

and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations

Decision-making

Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary

environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical

responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

..... Others...

Autonomous thinking

Reflection and critical thinking

Respect for diversity and cultural issues

(3) SYLLABUS

Outline:

- Introduction to major theories and concepts on play and imagination,
- Epistemological and methodological issues on play and imagination study,
- Play, imagination and gender, race and disability,
- Cultural and social development of play and imagination.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face to face			
Face-to-face, Distance learning,				
etc.				
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of ICT in teaching,			
COMMUNICATIONS	communication with students			
TECHNOLOGY				
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory				
education, communication with				
students				
TEACHING METHODS	Φόρτος Εργασίας			
The manner and methods of	Δραστηριότητα	Εξαμήνου		
teaching are described in detail.	Lectures	20		
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Literature review	30		
practice, fieldwork, study and	Assignments	50		
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	Total 100			
placements, clinical practice, art				

workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.

The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

Methodological exercises in the classroom

Written final exam which includes

Open questions

Comparison questions

Critical Review Questions

Written assignment

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

Albrecht, G.L., Seelman, K.D., & Bury, M. (2019). Εγχειρίδιο σπουδών στην αναπηρία. Αθήνα: Πεδίο.

Αυγητίδου, Σ. (2001). Το Παιχνίδι: Σύγχρονες ερευνητικές και διδακτικές προσεγγίσεις. Αθήνα: Τυπωθήτο/Δαρδανός.

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Fleer, M. (2014). Theorising play in the early years. United Kingdom: Cambridge University Press.

Fraser, S. (2009). Doing research with children and young people. London: SAGE.

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Garvey, C. (1977). Play. Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press.

Greene, S. & Hogan, D. (2005). Researching Children's Experience: Approaches and Methods. London: Sage.

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Hammersley, M., Flewitt, R., & Clark, A. (2013). Understanding research with children and young people. London: Sage.

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James, A., Jenks C., & Prout, A. (1998). Theorizing Childhood. Cambridge: Polity Press.

Kearney, R. (1998). The wake of imagination: Ideas of creativity in Western culture. London: Routledge.

Κουγιουμουτζάκης, Γ. (2016). Το συν- της συγκίνησης: Ψυχολογία εμβρύων, βρεφών και νηπίων: Ηράκλειο: Πανεπιστημιακές Εκδόσεις Κρήτης.

Mertens, D. M. (2009). Έρευνα και αξιολόγηση στην εκπαίδευση και την ψυχολογία. Αθήνα: Μεταίχμιο.

O'Reilly, M., & Dogra, N. (2017). *Interviewing children and young people for research*. Los Angeles: Sage.

Piaget, J. (1951). Play, dreams and imitation in childhood. New York, NY: Routledge.

Reddy, V. (2019). Πώς τα βρέφη γνωρίζουν τον νου. Αθήνα: Παπαζήσης.

Singer, D. & Singer, J. (2005). Imagination and Play in the Electronic Age. Cambridge, Ma: Harvard University Press.

Singer, D. G., & Singer, J. L. (1990). The house of make-believe: Children's play and the developing imagination. Cambridge, Mass: Harvard University Press.

Sharman, C., Cross, W., & Vennis, D. (2007). *Observing children and young people*. London: Continuum.

Taylor, M. (2013). The Oxford Handbook of the Development of Imagination. New York: Oxford University Press.

Tisdall, E. K. M., Davis, J. M., & Gallagher, M. (2009). Researching with children and young people: Research design, methods, and analysis. Los Angeles: SAGE.

Van Langenhove, L., <u>Harré</u>, R., & <u>Smith</u>, J. (1995). Rethinking methods in psychology. London: Sage.

Χουιζίνγκα, Γ. (2010). Ο άνθρωπος και το παιχνίδι. Αθήνα: Γνώση.

- Related academic journals:

Child Psychology
British Journal of Developmental Psychology
Developmental Psychology
European Journal of Developmental Psychology
Methods in Psychology
Theory & Psychology

Contemporary Topics in Cognitive Psychology

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRA	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	ΨYE060 SEMESTER 3 rd				
COURSE TITLE	Contempo	rary topics in Co	ognitive Psych	olog	;y
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITI	ES			
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compon	ents of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	xercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	ì	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	course, give	the weekly	HOURS		
teaching hours and th	e total credit	ts			
Lectures	ı		2		5
Laboratory exercises (cas	e presentati	ons)	1		
weekly lesson hours			3		
Add rows if necessary. The organis					
teaching methods used are describ					
COURSE TYPE	-1				
general background,					
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	-				
LANCHACE OF INCTRUCTION	Crask				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek				
and EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	-				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	_				
	1				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course presents the executive functions that control and regulate goal-directed behavior with an emphasis on inhibitory control and cognitive flexibility. The aim of the course is to delve into current research in the field of Cognitive Psychology concerning the

relationship of these cognitive skills with: i) intelligence and ii) language skills. The challenges that children may face in the school context are discussed when any of the above abilities do not follow typical development. The role of cognitive processes that appear to contribute to students' academic performance is mentioned. Ways to improve executive functions in various contexts are presented. At the end of this course students should have a good understanding of the current research data surrounding executive functions.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data Project planning and management

and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations

Respect for difference and multiculturalism necessary technology

Respect for the natural environment

Showing social, professional and ethical

Decision-making responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Working independently Criticism and self-criticism

Team work Production of free, creative and inductive

Working in an international environment thinking Working in an interdisciplinary

environment Others...

Production of new research ideas

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Criticism and self-criticism

Project planning and management

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Working independently

Team work (students in groups undertake the study of scientific articles in the field of cognitive psychology and create ppt)

(3) SYLLABUS

- Theoretical and conceptual framework
- Neurological basis and cognitive development
- Evaluation of executive functions
- Executive functions and intelligence
- Executive functions and language skills
- Executive dysfunctions in developmental disorders
- The effect of executive functions on academic performance
- Interventions to improve executive functions in the school classroom
- Interventions to improve executive functions in everyday life

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	
etc.	

USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY

Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students

Learning process support through the electronic ecourse platform Power point presentation, Communicating with students electronically

TEACHING METHODS

The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.

The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS

Activity	Semester workload
Lectures	39
Literature study &	26
analysis	
Writing and presenting	15
individual work	
Writing and presenting	15
group work	
Independent study (25	30
load hours of work per	
credit unit)	
Course total	125

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

- I. Written final exam (70%) which includes: Multiple choice questionsII. Oral presentation of individual work (15%)
- III. Oral presentation of group work (15%)

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

Goldstein, B. E. (2018). *Cognitive psychology: Connecting Mind, research and everyday experience*. Athens: Gutenberg.

Matlin, M. W. & Farmer, T. A. (2019). Cognitive Psychology. Athens: Tziola.

-Indicative bibliography for studying the topics that will be presented

- 1. Diamond, A. (2013). Executive functions. Annual review of psychology, 64, 135.
- 2. Salehinejad, M. A., Ghanavati, E., Rashid, M. H. A., & Nitsche, M. A. (2021). Hot and cold executive functions in the brain: A prefrontal-cingular network. *Brain and Neuroscience Advances*, 5, https://doi.org/10.1177%2F23982128211007769
- 3. Ahmed, S. F., Skibbe, L. E., McRoy, K., Tatar, B. H., Scharphorn, L. (2022). Strategies, recommendations, and validation of remote executive function tasks for use with young children. *Early Childhood Research Quarterly*, *60*, 336–347. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecresq.2022.03.002
- 4. Makris, N., Tachmatzidis, D., Demetriou, A., & Spanoudis, G. (2017). Mapping the evolving core of intelligence: Changing relations between executive control, reasoning, language, and awareness. *Intelligence*, 62, 12-30. http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.intell.2017.01.006
- 5. Blankenship, T. L., Slough, M. A., Calkins, S. D., Deater-Deckard, K., Kim-Spoon, J., & Bell, M. A. (2019). Attention and executive functioning in infancy: Links to childhood executive function and reading achievement. *Developmental Science*, *22*(6), e12824. doi:10.1111/desc.1282
- 6. Gentil-Gutiérrez, A., Santamaría-Peláez, M., Mínguez-Mínguez, L. A., González-Santos, J., Fernández-Solana, J., & González-Bernal, J. J. (2022). Executive Functions in Children and Adolescents with Autism Spectrum Disorder, Grade 1 and 2, vs. Neurotypical Development: A School View. *International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health*, 19(13), 7987. https://doi.org/10.3390/ijerph19137987
- 7. Demetriou, A., Makris, N., Tachmatzidis, D., Kazi, S., & Spanoudis, G. (2019). Decomposing the influence of mental processes on academic performance. *Intelligence*, *77*, 101404. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.intell.2019.101404
- 8. Pasqualotto, A., Mazzoni, N., Bentenuto, A., Mulè, A., Benso, F., & Venuti, P. (2021). Effects of cognitive training programs on executive function in children and adolescents with Autism Spectrum Disorder: A systematic review. *Brain sciences*, *11*(10), 1280. https://doi.org/10.3390/brainsci11101280
- 9.Camuñas, N., Mavrou, I., Vaíllo, M., & Martínez, R. M. (2022). An executive function training programme to promote behavioural and emotional control of children and adolescents in foster care in Spain. *Trends in Neuroscience and Education*, 100175. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tine.2022.100175
- Συναφή επιστημονικά περιοδικά:

Cognitive Psychology

Trends in Cognitive Sciences

Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning, Memory & Cognition Consciousness & Cognition

Quarterly Journal of Experimental Psychology

4th Semester

Cognitive Psychology II

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIE	NCES		
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΥ017	ΨΥΥ017 SEMESTER 4 th		
COURSE TITLE	COGNITIVE F	SYCHOLOGY II		
INDEPENDENT TEACH	NG ACTIVITIE	S		
if credits are awarded for separate	components	of the course,	WEEKLY	
e.g. lectures, laboratory exercis	es, etc. If the o	credits are	TEACHING	CREDITS
awarded for the whole of the d	course, give th	e weekly	HOURS	
teaching hours and th	e total credits			
Lectures and ora	•		3	5
Add rows if necessary. The organis	ation of teaching and the			
teaching methods used are describ				
COURSE TYPE	Special back	ground		
general background,				
special background, specialised				
general knowledge, skills				
development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek (English is used for instruction and examination for			examination for
and EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://ecourse.uoi.gr/course/index.php?categoryid=107		categoryid=107	

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course forms a basic course that covers concepts, theories, and research findings from the discipline of Cognitive Psychology. More specifically, this course covers the cognitive processes of implicit (unconscious) learning, concept acquisition-categorization, language production and understanding, judgment and decision making.

Upon successful completion of the course, students will have acquired:

• basic knowledge in topics from the field of Cognitive Psychology and its relation to

other fields of psychology,

- basic knowledge of understanding and critical analysis of empirical and theoretical data related to the above cognitive processes
- the ability to cooperate with their classmates in order to present a research paper in any of the above mentioned topics of Cognitive Psychology
- the ability to carry out literature review in journals and topics of Cognitive Psychology, by using the University Library as well as internet and electronic databases
- problem solving and basic research skills
- the ability to work independently and in groups
- the ability to communicate their work to public audiences and
- knowledge acquisition skills required for continuing their studies with a high degree of autonomy

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

thinking

Others...

Project planning and management

Criticism and self-criticism

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment

responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Showing social, professional and ethical

Production of free, creative and inductive

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the

necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making

Working independently

Team work
Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary

working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

Decision-making

Working independently

Team work

Criticism and self-criticism

Showing social, professional, and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Production of free, creative, and inductive thinking

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

(3) SYLLABUS

The course of Cognitive Psychology II covers the following topics:

Implicit learning - Unconscious learning

- Conceptual definition
- Measurement of implicit learning
- Implicit learning experimental tasks
- Representation of implicit knowledge
- Properties of implicit learning-distinguishing implicit from explicit learning

Concept acquisition-categorization

Theories of concept acquisition-Evaluation of theories

Language

- Language development Theories of language development
- Relationship of language and thought

Judgement and Decision making

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to face			
Face-to-face, Distance learning,				
etc.				
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Support of the learning process through the			
COMMUNICATIONS	electronic platform e-course			
TECHNOLOGY	Power point presentation			
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory	Communication with stude	nts via email		
education, communication with				
students				
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39		
teaching are described in detail.	Study and analysis of	26		
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	bibliography			
practice, fieldwork, study and	Writing and presentation	30		
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	of individual or group			
placements, clinical practice, art	project			
workshop, interactive teaching,	Individual study time	30		
educational visits, project, essay	Course total (25			
writing, artistic creativity, etc.	workload hours per	125		
The student's study hours for each	credit)			
learning activity are given as well				
as the hours of non-directed study				
according to the principles of the				
ECTS				
STUDENT PERFORMANCE				
EVALUATION	I. Written exams (70%) that	include:		
Description of the evaluation	 multiple choice que 			
procedure		g the acquired conceptual		
	and theoretical knowled			
Language of evaluation, methods	everyday life and resear	ch		
of evaluation, summative or	 comparative evaluation 	tion of theories		
conclusive, multiple choice				
questionnaires, short-answer	II. Oral presentation of proje	ects (30%)		
questions, open-ended questions,				
problem solving, written work,				
essay/report, oral examination,				
public presentation, laboratory				
work, clinical examination of				
patient, art interpretation, other				
Specifically-defined evaluation				
criteria are given, and if and where				

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

they are accessible to students.

- Suggested bibliography:
- Ζιώρη, Ε. (2011). Άδηλη Μάθηση: Θεωρία και Έρευνα. Αθήνα, Gutenberg.
- Πόθος Ε., & Οικονόμου Η. (2010). Θέματα Γνωσιακής Ψυχολογίας. Αθήνα, Gutenberg.
- Matlin, M.W. & Farmer, T.A. (2019). Γνωστική Ψυχολογία. Εκδόσεις Τζιόλα.

- Related academic journals:

- Cognitive Psychology
- Consciousness & Cognition
- Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning, Memory & Cognition
- Memory & Cognition
- Quarterly Journal of Experimental Psychology
- Trends In Cognitive Sciences

Introduction to Neuropsychology

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCI	ENCES		
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΥ002 SEMESTER 4 TH			
COURSE TITLE	INTRODUC	TION TO NEUR	OPSYCHOLOGY	,
if credits are awarded for separ course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex are awarded for the whole of the teaching hours and th	eparate components of the ry exercises, etc. If the credits f the course, give the weekly		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
Weekly teaching hours			3	5 POINTS
Add rows if necessary. The organism teaching methods used are describe COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised	ed in detail d	_		
general knowledge, skills development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	none			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	GREEK			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course provides an introduction to the science and practice of neuropsychology, including the anatomic and functional organization of the CNS, and the understanding of its relationship with cognitive, emotional and psychological processes. An ephasis is placed on the description and analysis of neurocognitive disorders and syndromes resulting after CNS

insult, as is illustrated in clinical cases.

Upon successful completion of the course, students will have acquired:

- Knowledge about the historical origins and future directions of neuropsychology
- An understanding of the central nervous system's anatomy and function and its relation with cognitive and psychological processes.
- An overview of neuroscientific approaches in understanding cognitive and psychological processes (i.e., memory, language, executive cognition)
- An understanding of the distinct behavioral symptomatology resulting after brain injury
- The ability to formulate diagnostic hypothesis
- Knowledge about the neuropsychological assessment of higher cognitive functions
- Understanding of the role of the neuropsychologist in the treatment of neurocognitive disorders

thinking

Others...

.....

Project planning and management

Respect for the natural environment

Criticism and self-criticism

Showing social, professional and ethical

Production of free, creative and inductive

Respect for difference and multiculturalism

responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently

Team work
Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

Working independently

- Working in an interdisciplinary environment
- Production of new research ideas
- Respect for difference and multiculturalism
- Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
- Criticism and self-criticism

(3) SYLLABUS

This course provides a comprehensive introduction to the scientific field of Neuropsychology. Students are presented with a brief history of the discipline and a description of methods and procedures (clinical and research) applied in neuropsychology. The basic neuroanatomy, organization and principles of function of the human brain are presented. The anatomy and functions of the human lobes are illustrated. Neuroscientific approaches to understanding cognitive, psychological and emotional processes are discussed and disorders and syndromes resulting after an insult to the CNS (i.e., aphasia, amnesia) are described and illustrated through clinical cases.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face- to-face
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	
etc.	

USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY

Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students

The course includes lectures that will be displayed through PowerPoint, case studies, and video use. Study material will be provided through e-course.

TEACHING METHODS

The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.

The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS

Activity	Semester workload
Lectures	40
Study and analysis of	60
bibliography	
Non-directed study	20
Exams	5
Course total	125

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

Language of evaluation: Greek (Erasmus students will be evaluated in Eglish)

Evaluation procedure:

Students will be evaluated through a written exam at the end of the semester. The written exam will include multiple choice questions, fill-in the gaps sentences and short-answer open questions.

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

Suggested Bibliography:

- Martin, G. N. (2006). Human Neuropsychology (2nd edition). UK: Pearson
- Darby, D., & Walsh, K.W. (2005). Walsh's neuropsychology: A clinical approach (5th ed.). Edinburgh: Churchill Livingstone.
- Kolb, B., & Whishaw, I. (2022). Fundamentals of Human Neuropsychology (8th ed).
 United States: Macmillan Learning
- Relevant scientific journals:

- Neuropsychology
- Journal of Neuropsychology
- Archives of Clinical Neuropsychology
- Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society
- Neuropsychologia
- Neuroimage
- Neuropsychology Review

Work and Organizational Psychology

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCI	SOCIAL SCIENCES		
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	ΨYE001 SEMESTER 4 th			
COURSE TITLE	WORK AND	WORK AND ORGANIZATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY		
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITI	ES		
if credits are awarded for sepa	rate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory e	xercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	. •		HOURS	
teaching hours and th	e total credit			
		LECTURES	3	5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the		~	Optional	
teaching methods used are describ			Compulsory	
COURSE TYPE	Special Background			
general background,				
special background, specialised				
general knowledge, skills				
development	L			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	NO			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Grook (Eng	lich is used for	instruction and	yamination
and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek (English is used for instruction and examination			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	for Erasmus students) YES			
ERASMUS STUDENTS	1123			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://eco	urse uni gr/cou	ırse/view nhn?i	H=2351
COOKSE WEBSITE (OKE)	111103.//600	https://ecourse.uoi.gr/course/view.php?id=2351		

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Work plays a central role in people's lives, occupying a significant percentage of their day and influencing their short-term and long-term goals. Work and Organizational Psychology, one of the applied fields of psychology, concerns the scientific study of mental processes and behavior of people in relation to their work environment, an environment that is constantly changing, as it influences and is influenced by social and technological development. In this

context of constant change, Work and Organizational Psychology aims to develop and apply psychological concepts and theories to issues faced by individuals, groups and organizations. It deals mainly with the development of organizations and the improvement of the quality of working life, helping for example with the development of fair and equal processes within organizations, the creation of job roles that offer satisfaction and are interesting, the decision-making processes for personnel selection and with reducing stress. This course is designed to provide an introduction to the core topics of Work and Organizational Psychology, including important theories and research in the field, as well as practical applications for solving problems related to work.

After successful completion of the course students will be able to:

- 1. understand and evaluate the fundamental concepts of the field of Work and Organizational Psychology,
- 2. understand and evaluate critical organizational processes,
- 3. discuss how research and practice in Work and Organizational Psychology operate at different levels (individual, group, organizational, wider society);
- 4. explain the challenges faced by employees in modern work environments;
- 5. critically summarize theory and contemporary research in key areas of Work and Organizational Psychology.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data Project planning and management and information, with the use of the Respect for difference and multiculturalism necessary technology Respect for the natural environment Adapting to new situations Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues **Decision-making** Working independently Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive Team work

Working in an international environment thinking Working in an interdisciplinary environment Others... Production of new research ideas

- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Working independently
- Team work
- Working in an international environment
- Project planning and management
- Respect for difference and multiculturalism
- Respect for the natural environment
- Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
- Criticism

(3) SYLLABUS

The main themes of the course include:

- 1. The field of Work and Organizational Psychology in Greece and the world historical development, research methods and the role of the field in social dialogue
- 2. Individual differences and psychometric evaluation Inteligence, personality, abilities, and skills
- 3. Prejudice, stereotypes and cognitive biases at work
- 4. Motives and theory of work motivation

- 5. Positive attitudes and behaviors at work
- 6. Counterproductive attitudes and behaviours at work
- 7. Mental health at work
- 8. Group dynamics Conflict and collaboration
- 9. Leadership
- 10. Organisational culture and change Voice and silence
- 11. Ethics, justice and trust Decision making
- 12. Employee recruitment, selection and assessment Job performance
- 13. The present and future of work Green behaviours at work

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay Use of ICT in teaching Use of ICT in communication with students Support using e-course electronic platform Activity Semester workload Lectures 39 Study and analysis of 30 bibliography Practical exercises 13 Essay writing 15 Studying for exams 25 Exams 3 Course total
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, advectional wifite practice as a seminary and analysis of bibliography title practice as a seminary and the service of ICT in teaching Use of ICT in communication with students Support using e-course electronic platform Semester workload Lectures 39 Study and analysis of 30 bibliography Practical exercises 13 Essay writing 15 Studying for exams 25 Exams 3
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project asserts Use of ICT in communication with students Support using e-course electronic platform Activity Semester workload Lectures 39 Study and analysis of bibliography Practical exercises 13 Essay writing 15 Studying for exams 25 Exams 3
TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, advertional visite praciet assay writing Support using e-course electronic platform Semester workload Lectures Study and analysis of bibliography Practical exercises 13 Essay writing Studying for exams 25 Exams 3
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, adventional visite project account.
TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, and students TEACHING METHODS Activity Semester workload Lectures 39 Study and analysis of bibliography Practical exercises 13 Essay writing Studying for exams 25 Exams 3
TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, and the study and study and study and study and analysis of bibliography tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, and the study and stud
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analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, adjustional visits project assay writing 15 Studying for exams 25 Exams 3
placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, advertiginal visits preside assets Exams 25 Exams 3
workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits preject essent
adventional visits project essent
educational visits, project, essay Course total
writing, artistic creativity, etc. (25 hours of work equal 125
one ECTS)
The student's study hours for each
learning activity are given as well
as the hours of non-directed study
according to the principles of the ECTS
STUDENT PERFORMANCE
EVALUATION I. Final Exam (60%) consisting of:
Description of the evaluation - Multiple choice questions
procedure - Short-answer questions
- Open-ended questions
Language of evaluation, methods - Problem solving questions
of evaluation, summative or
conclusive, multiple choice II. Group Written Work (Essay) (40%)
questionnaires, short-answer
questions, open-ended questions,
problem solving, written work,
essay/report, oral examination,
public presentation, laboratory
work, clinical examination of
patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation	
criteria are given, and if and where	
they are accessible to students.	

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

Vakola, M., & Nikolaou, I. (2019). *Organizational psychology and behavior*. Rossili. (In Greek) Robbins, S. P., & Judge, T. A. (2018). *Organizationl behavior*. Kritiki. (In Greek - translated edition of Organizational Behavior)

Greenberg, J., & Baron, R. A. (2013). *Organizationl psychology and behavior*. Gutenberg. (In Greek - translated edition of Behavior in organizations)

Chmiel, N., Fraccaroli, F., & Sverke, M. (Eds.). (2017). *An introduction to work and organizational psychology*. Wiley.

- Related academic journals:

European Journal of Work and Organizational Psychology

International Journal of Selection and Assessment

International Review of I/O Psychology

Journal of Applied Psychology

Journal of Leadership and Organizational

Journal of Occupational and Organizational Psychology

Journal of Organizational Behavior

Organizational Psychology Review

Writing Scientific Articles

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF	SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCES			
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ΨYE023 SEMESTER 4 th				
COURSE TITLE	WRITING SCIENTIFIC ARTICLES				
if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS	
	LECTUR	ES AND ESSAYS	3		5
	cessary. The organisation of teaching and the				
teaching methods used are described i	in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	SPECIAL BAC	KGROUND			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	GREEK		·		
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	NO				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://ecou	rse.uoi.gr			

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course, students are expected to be aware of:

- Searching and indexing psychology literature.
- Determining the research problem, stating the aim and the hypotheses of a research paper.
- Writing and formatting scientific articles as well as references and in-text citations according to the American Psychological Association (APA) style.
- Academic language and writing style.
- · Ethics in research and publications.
- Writing and presenting a research proposal.

General Capabilities

Taking into account the general competencies that the graduate must have acquired (as listed in the Diploma Supplement and listed below) in which of them is the course intended?

Search, analyze and synthesize data and information,
using the necessary technologies

Project design and management
Respect for diversity and multiculturalism

Adapt to new situations

Decision making Autonomous work

Teamwork
Work in an international environment
Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Producing new research ideas

Respect for the natural environment

Demonstration of social, professional and moral responsibility and

gender sensitivity

Exercise of criticism and self-criticism

Promote free creative and industive thinking

Promote free, creative and inductive thinking

Other ...

.....

Autonomous work and teamwork, promoting free, creative and inductive thinking, search, analyze and synthesize data and information.

(3) SYLLABUS

The course aims to familiarize students with academic writing in accordance with the APA style guidelines as well as to help them apply the knowledge acquired into writing a research proposal. The main areas covered include the following:

- Types of scientific texts and basic principles of academic writing in psychology.
- Searching and indexing literature.
- The research problem subject, the purpose and the hypotheses of a study.
- Methodology and instruments adopted to investigate a subject.
- Writing research proposals.
- Writing and formatting scientific articles in APA style: a) title, abstract and keywords, b) literature review, evaluation και use of sources, c) methods, d) results, e) discussion and f) references.
- Ethics in research (e.g. intellectual property and plagiarism) and publications (e.g. authorship).

(4) TEACHING AND LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY METHOD	Face-to-face teaching		
Face to face, Distance Learning, etc.	Note: To attain the course aims, the number of students that choose the course should not exceed forty (40).		
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGIES Use of ICT Teaching, Laboratory Education, Communication with Students	 Use of ICT in teaching (e-course educational platform, power point presentations, audiovisual material). Use of ICT in Student Communication (e-mail). 		
TEACHING ORGANIZATION	Activity	Semester Workload	
Describe in detail the way and methods of	Lectures	39	
teaching. Lectures, Seminars, Laboratory Exercise, Field Exercise, Study & Analysis of Bibliography,	Study and analysis of bibliography	25	
Tutorial, Practice (Placement), Clinical Exercise, Art Workshop, Interactive Teaching,	Writing and presenting individual or group work	38	
Educational Visits, Project Work, It; / RTI & gt; The student's study hours for each learning activity and the hours of non-quided study	Self-study	23	
according to the ECTS principles			
	Total Course	125	
EVALUATION OF STUDENTS	Assessment methods:	<u>, </u>	
Description of the evaluation process	1. Final Written Examination (50%) (Multiple Choice Test, Short Growth Questions)		
Assessment Language, Assessment Methods, Formulation or Conclusion,	2 Writton Assignment and Oral Prosentation (50%)		
Multiple Choice Test, Short Response	Assessment language: Greek		
Questions, Test Questions, Problem Solving, Written Work, Reporting / Reporting, Oral Examination, Public	g / also available at course website		

Presentation, Laboratory	Work,
Clinical Patient Examination,	Artistic
Interpretation,	Other
Certainly identified evaluation of	criteria
are stated and if and where th	ey are
accessible by the stu	dents.

(5) SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested Bibliography:

- Ζαφειρόπουλος, Κ. (2015). Πώς γίνεται μια επιστημονική εργασία; Εκδόσεις Κριτική, Αθήνα.
- Λατινόπουλος, Π. (2010). Τα πρώτα βήματα στην έρευνα. Εκδόσεις Κριτική, Αθήνα.
- Κυριαζόπουλος, Π., & Σαμαντά, Ε. (2011). Μεθοδολογία έρευνας εκπόνησης διπλωματικών εργασιών. Εκδόσεις Σύγχρονη Εκδοτική, Αθήνα.
- Χαλικιάς, Μ., & Σαμαντά, Ε. (2016). Εισαγωγή στη μεθοδολογία εκπόνησης επιστημονικών εργασιών. Εκδόσεις Σύγχρονη Εκδοτική, Αθήνα.

-Relevant Scientific Journals:

- Psychological Methods
- Journal of Methods and Measurement in the Social Sciences
- Applied Psychological Measurement
- **Ψ**υχολογία
- Επετηρίδα της Ψυχολογικής Εταιρείας Βορείου Ελλάδος

Developmental Psychology and Social Change

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCI	ENCES		
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	ΨYE022 SEMESTER 4th			
COURSE TITLE	Developmental Psychology and Social Change			
if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of the course, give the weekly teach	e components of the course, e.g. If the credits are awarded for the			G CREDITS
Lectures			3	5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (a				
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	special ba	ckground		
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://ecourse.uoi.gr/course/view.php?id=2102			

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

In this course students will be able to:

- understand and discuss the history, major approaches and concepts of post-colonial, decolonial and feminist theory,
- use and implement critically the above approaches on issues pertaining to epistemic violence, silencing, social marginalization and exclusion,
- reflect and discuss on the historical and theoretical formulations of development, the figure of the child and their ideological uses,
- formulate developmental questions, methodological and applied approaches regarding unequal power relations, marginalization, exclusion and social change.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations
Decision-making

Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas sensitivity to gender issues
Criticism and self-criticism
Production of free creative and ind

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Others...

Autonomous thinking Reflection and critical thinking Respect for diversity and cultural issues

(3) SYLLABUS

Outline:

- Decolonial theories and practice
- Feminist theories and approaches (black, intersectional, and third-world approaches)
- Critical discussion of eurocentrism
- Epistemic silencing
- Critique of development
- History and ideological uses of the figure of the child
- Social marginalization, inequality and racism
- Developmental Psychology and social change

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face to face		
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of ICT in teaching, communication with students		
TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	Δραστηριότητα Φόρτος Εργασίας Εξαμήνου		
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Lectures	40	
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Literature review	37	
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational	Assignments	15	
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Preparation of exams	30	
cit.	Exercises	3	
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-	Total	125	
directed study according to the principles of the ECTS			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work escay (report oral evaluation)	Written exams in Greek/E questions	nglish, short-answer	
written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other			

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

Adams, G., Dobles, I., Gomez, L., Kurtiş, T., Molina, L. (2015). Decolonizing Psychological Science: Introduction to the Special Thematic Section. Journal of Social and Political Psychology, North America, 3(1), 213-238.

Αθανασίου, Α. (2006). Φεμινιστική θεωρία και πολιτισμική κριτική. Αθήνα: Νήσος. Anzaldúa, G. E. (2012). Borderlands/La Frontera: The New Mestiza. San Francisco: Aunt Lute Books.

Collins, P.H. (1986). Learning from the Outsider Within: The Sociological Significance of Black Feminist Thought. *Social Problems*, Vol. 33, No. 6, 14-32.

Collins, P.H. (2000). Black Feminist Thought: Knowledge, Consciousness and the Politics of Empowerment. NY: Routledge.

Fanon, F. (1982). Της γης οι κολασμένοι. Αθήνα: Κάλβος.

Fanon, F. (2008). Black skins, white masks. London: Get Political.

Ghassan Hage (2016). État de siège: A dying domesticating colonialism? *American Ethnologist*, 43(1), 38–49.

Hudis, P. (2017). Φρανς Φανόν. Αθήνα: Οξύ.

Lee, N. (2013). Childhood and Biopolitics - Climate Change, Life Processes and Human Futures. Hampshire: Palgrave Macmillan.

Lorde, A. (1984). Sister Outsider: Essays and Speeches. Berkley, CA: Crossing Press.

Lugones, M. (2007). Heterosexualism and the Colonial / Modern Gender System. *Hypatia*, 22(1), 186-209.

Maldonado-Torres, N. (2007). On the Coloniality Of Being. *Cultural Studies*, 21(2-3), 240-270.

Mignolo, W. D. (2000). Local history/global designs: Coloniality, subaltern knowledges and border thinking. Princeton University Press.

Miller, P. H., & Scholnick, E. K. (2000). *Toward a feminist developmental psychology*. New York: Routledge.

Mohanty, C. T. (1984). Under Western Eyes, Feminist Scholarship and Colonial Discourses. *Boundary* 2, 12(3), 333-358.

Pillay, S. R. (2017). Cracking the fortress: can we really decolonize psychology? *South African Journal of Psychology*, 47(2), 135–140.

Pohlhaus, G. (2011). Relational Knowing and Epistemic Injustice: Toward a Theory of Willful Hermeneutical Ignorance. *Hypatia*, 27(4), 715–735.

Suárez-Krabbe, J. (2014). Pluriversalizing Europe: challenging belonging, revisiting history, disrupting homogeneity. *Postcolonial Studies*, 17(2), 155-172.

Suárez-Krabbe, J. (2017). The Conditions that Make a Difference: Decolonial

Historical Realism and the Decolonization of Knowledge and Education. In M.

Cross, & A. Ndofirepi (Eds.), Knowledge and Change in the African Universities (Vol. 1, pp. 59-80). Rotterdam: Brill

Sue, D. W., Capodilupo, C. M., Torino, G. C., Bucceri, J. M., Holder, A. M. B.,

Nadal, K. L., & Esquilin, M. (2007). Racial microaggressions in everyday life: Implications for clinical practice. *American Psychologist*, 62(4), 271-286.

Young, R. (2003). Μεταποικιακή θεωρία. Αθήνα: Πατάκης.

- Related academic journals:

Feminism & Psychology

Feminist Theory in Feminism & Psychology Horizontes Decoloniales / Decolonial Horizons Journal of Social & Political Psychology Postcolonial Studies Theory & Psychology

Psychology of Motivation

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ΨYE046 SEMESTER 4th				
COURSE TITLE	PSYCHOLOGY OF MOTIVATION				
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITIES				
if credits are awarded for separ	ate components	of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	kercises, etc. If the	e credits	TEACHING	i CR	EDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	course, give the	weekly	HOURS		
teaching hours and th	e total credits				
		Lectures	2		4
	Laboratory exercises 1				
Add rows if necessary. The organis	nisation of teaching and the				
teaching methods used are describ	ibed in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE	General Backgro	ound			
general background,					
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek				
and EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES (with person	nal study a	nd preparation	n of worl	k and
ERASMUS STUDENTS	exams in English	h)			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://ecedu.uoi.gr/course-outlines-2020-				
	2021/?lang=en				

Psychology of Thought

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES			
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	WYE051 SEMESTER 4 th			
COURSE TITLE	PSYCHOLOGY OF THOUGHT			
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITIES			
if credits are awarded for separ	ate components of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	xercises, etc. If the credits	TEACHING	G CREDITS	
are awarded for the whole of the	course, give the weekly	HOURS		
teaching hours and th	e total credits			
	lectures	3	4	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the				
teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE	special background			
general background,				
special background, specialised				
general knowledge, skills				
development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek			
and EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (with personal study a		on of	
ERASMUS STUDENTS	assignments and exams in	English)		
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course covers the basic cognitive processes of thinking and in particular, its connection to intelligence, meditation, representation and concept formation, problem solving,

creativity, and the cultivation of thought. Upon successful completion of this course, students are expected to have acquired:

- basic knowledge of the Psychology of Thought and its connection with the other branches of Psychology,
- basic knowledge of understanding and critical consideration of empirical and theoretical data related to the above cognitive processes,
- the ability to collaborate with their fellow students to present a research project from the above thematic units,
- the ability to carry out an international bibliographic review in scientific journals and Psychology of Thought topics using the University libraries and internet sources,
- problem solving skills and basic research skills.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
Adapting to new situations

Decision-making
Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management
Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Respect for the natural environment
Showing social, professional and ethical
responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

..... Others...

Search, analysis and synthesis of data and information, using the necessary technologies

- Adaptation to new situations
- Teamwork
- Autonomous work
- Respect for diversity and multiculturalism
- Promotion of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

- Introductory part: Definition of thought. Thought and intelligence. The study of thought.
- Meditation: Definition. Insightful learning. Cognitive style. Induction. Production.
- Representation: Concept formation. Shapes. Scripts. Cognitive maps. The development of representation. Modes of representation. Representation and repetition strategies. The development of shapes.
- Problem Solving: Definition. Learning through trial and error. Tendency to learn. Lateral thinking. Brainstorm. Theories of problem solving. Problem solving and artificial intelligence: The role of strategies. Analogical thinking.
- Creativity: Definition. Study methods. Creative thinking. The creative person. Cultivating creativity. Cultivating creativity at school. The development of creative thinking.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face to face Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc. **USE OF INFORMATION AND** Use of ICT in Teaching, in Laboratory Education, in **COMMUNICATIONS** Communication with students: • Use of power-point **TECHNOLOGY** for teaching. • Use of the e-course to provide Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory educational material to students. education, communication with students **TEACHING METHODS** Semester workload Activity The manner and methods of Lectures 26 teaching are described in detail. Laboratory exercises 13 Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and Hours of study for the 30 analysis of bibliography, tutorials, preparation of placements, clinical practice, art laboratory exercises workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay Hours of unguided study 31 writing, artistic creativity, etc. Course total 100 The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the **ECTS** STUDENT PERFORMANCE **EVALUATION** Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods IV. Written final exam (70%) which of evaluation, summative or includes: - Multiple choice questions conclusive, multiple choice V. Oral presentation of individual work questionnaires, short-answer (15%)questions, open-ended questions, VI. Oral presentation of group work (15%) problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:
- Costaridou-Euklidis, A. (2011). Psychology of Thought. Athens: Pedio.

- Sternberg, R. J. (2012). (Ed. G. Xanthakou & M. Kaila). Cognitive psychology. Athens: Diadrasi
- Related academic journals:
 - Cognitive Psychology
 - Consciousness & Cognition
 - Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning, Memory & Cognition
 - Memory & Cognition

Psychology of Individual Differences

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES			
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate			
COURSE CODE	ΨYE033 SEMESTER 4th			
COURSE TITLE	PSYCHOLO	GY OF INDIVID	UAL DIFFERENCE	ES .
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITI	ES		
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compon	ents of the	WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	kercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the			HOURS	
teaching hours and th	e total credit	ts		
		Lectures	3	5
Add rows if necessary. The organis				
teaching methods used are describ		` '		
COURSE TYPE	Specialised	general knowle	edge	
general background,				
special background, specialised				
general knowledge, skills				
development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUACE OF INSTRUCTION	Curali			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek			
	VEC			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course aims to describe and interpret individual differences on the basis of characteristics, such as personality, intelligence, special abilities, school performance, professional skills etc. The study of individual differences covers three fields: differences between

Individuals (interpersonal), differences between groups (intergroup) and differences

between characteristics of the individual (intra-personal). Students become familiar with the theories and research findings of the psychology of individual differences, as they have great theoretical and practical importance in many fields and especially in education, vocational guidance and clinical practice.

After the successful completion of the course the students will:

- have the appropriate knowledge in order to understand individual differences between people and their specific types (Levels 1 & 2: Knowledge & Understanding)
- know the basic theories for the development, organization, and taxonomy of personality (Levels 1 & 2: Knowledge & Understanding)
- know the basic tests/scales for the assessment of intelligence and personality, as well as of different types of behavior (Levels 1, 2, 3 & 5: Knowledge & Understanding, Application, Composition)
- recognize the theoretical and practical value of individual differences in many fields of human life, especially, in education, vocational guidance and clinical practice (Levels 1, 2, 3 & 5: Knowledge & Understanding, Application, Composition)

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the

necessary technology Adapting to new situations

Decision-making

Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary

environment
Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Respect for the natural environment

Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

..... Others...

.....

- Application of knowledge in practice
- > Search, analysis and synthesis of data and information, using the necessary technologies
- Autonomous work
- Teamwork
- Production of innovative research ideas
- Respect for diversity and multiculturalism
- > Demonstration of social, professional, and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative, and inductive thinking.

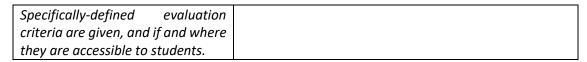
(3) SYLLABUS

The course presents the historical development and the basic concepts of the Psychology of Individual Differences. There follows a detailed description of the three types of individual differences: Interpersonal, intra-personal and inter-group differences. The course also presents many theories of intelligence (Guilford Theory, Vernon Theory, Piaget Theory), as well as methods for the assessment of the intelligence and its correlation with the educational and financial level of people and their school performance.

Emphasis is placed on a) the description of the personality based on individual differences, b) the types of personalities and c) the assessment of personality (projection tests, questionnaires, etc.). The course also discusses methodological and theoretical issues regarding the taxonomy of personality, as well as issues about differences in specific abilities and intra-individual differences, as well as their evaluation. In addition, there is an extensive presentation of differences between groups (e.g., based on gender and age) both in terms of mental and individual abilities as well as in terms of personality. Finally, references are made to the individuals with major deviations (mental retardation, giftedness) and their special educational needs.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Class-Face to face			
Face-to-face, Distance learning,				
etc.				
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of power point, videos			
COMMUNICATIONS	Use of ICT in teaching- e-cla	SS		
TECHNOLOGY				
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory				
education, communication with				
students				
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39		
teaching are described in detail.	Individual work/essays	20		
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Study/exams	41		
practice, fieldwork, study and	Preparation for exams	22		
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	Exams	3		
placements, clinical practice, art				
workshop, interactive teaching,				
educational visits, project, essay				
writing, artistic creativity, etc.				
The student's study hours for each	Course total	125		
learning activity are given as well				
as the hours of non-directed study				
according to the principles of the				
ECTS				
STUDENT PERFORMANCE				
EVALUATION	Written Exa	ıms with short-answer		
Description of the evaluation	questions and Mult	iple-choice questions (80%)		
procedure	Written Ess	ay/report (20%) (criteria		
	accessible to studer	nts: Pass, Merit, Distinction)		
Language of evaluation, methods				
of evaluation, summative or				
conclusive, multiple choice				
questionnaires, short-answer				
questions, open-ended questions,				
problem solving, written work,				
essay/report, oral examination,				
public presentation, laboratory				
work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other				
patient, art interpretation, other				



(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

Suggested Reference:

- 1. Chamorro-PremuzicTomas: Προσωπικότητα Και Ατομικές Διαφορές (Επιμέλεια Μπεζεβέγκης Η.), Εκδόσεις Gutenberg, 2013
- **2.** Maltby J. , DayL., Macaskil A.: Personality, Individual Differences and Intelligence, Pearson; 3 edition, 2013
- **3.** Cooper C.:Individual Differences and Personality, Routledge; 3 edition, 2010.
- **4.** PervinA. Lawrence, CervoneDaniel: Θεωρίες Προσωπικότητας: Έρευνα ΚαιΕφαρμογές (Επμέλεια ΜπρούζοςΑ., ΓουναροπούλουΑ.), Εκδ. Gutenberg, 2013.
- **5.** Chamorro-Premuzic Tomas: Personality and Individual Differences. BPS Blackwell; 3 edition, 2016
- **6.** Asendorpf, J. B., Borkenau, P., Ostendorf, F. & Van Aken, M. A. G. (2001). Carving personality description at its joints: confirmation of three replicable personality prototypes for both children and adults. European Journal of Personality, 15(3), 169–198.
- **7.** Gerlach, M., Farb, B., Revelle, W., &Amaral, L. A. N. (2018). A robust data-driven approach identifies four personality types across four large data sets. Nature Human Behaviour, 1.

Suggested Journals:

1. Personality and Individual Differences

https://www.journals.elsevier.com/personality-and-individual-differences

2. Journal of Individual Differences

https://us.hogrefe.com/products/journals/journal-of-individual-differences

3. Individual Differences Research

https://www.scimagojr.com/journalsearch.php?q=11700154395&tip=sid

4. Learning and Individual Differences

https://www.journals.elsevier.com/learning-and-individual-difference

Theory and Applications of School Psychology

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

ΣΧΟΛΗ	ΚΟΙΝΩΝΙΚΩ	ΚΟΙΝΩΝΙΚΩΝ ΕΠΙΣΤΗΜΩΝ		
TMHMA	ΨΥΧΟΛΟΓΙΑΣ			
ΕΠΙΠΕΔΟ ΣΠΟΥΔΩΝ	ПРОПТУХІАКО			
ΚΩΔΙΚΟΣ ΜΑΘΗΜΑΤΟΣ	ΨΥΕ003	EEAMH	ΙΝΟ ΣΠΟΥΔΩΝ	Į th
ΤΙΤΛΟΣ ΜΑΘΗΜΑΤΟΣ	THEORY AN	ND APPLICATION	ONS OF SCHOOL P	SYCHOLOGY
ΑΥΤΟΤΕΛΕΙΣ ΔΙΔΑΚΤΙΚΕΣ Α	ΔΡΑΣΤΗΡΙΟΤ	ΗΤΕΣ		
σε περίπτωση που οι πιστωτικές	•	•		
διακριτά μέρη του μαθήμα	• • •	•	ΕΒΔΟΜΑΔΙΑΙΕΣ	ΠΙΣΤΩΤΙΚΕΣ
Εργαστηριακές Ασκήσεις κ.λπ. Α		• •	ΩΡΕΣ	ΜΟΝΑΔΕΣ
απονέμονται ενιαία για το σύ	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ΔΙΔΑΣΚΑΛΙΑΣ	WOWABLE
αναγράψτε τις εβδομαδιαίες ώ	•	-		
σύνολο των πιστωτικ	ών μονάδων			
	ΔΙΑΛΕΞΕΙΣ	ΚΑΙ ΕΡΓΑΣΙΕΣ	3	5
Προσθέστε σειρές αν χρειαστεί. Η		•		
και οι διδακτικές μέθοδοι που χρη	σιμοποιούντ	αι		
περιγράφονται αναλυτικά στο (δ).	.			
ΤΥΠΟΣ ΜΑΘΗΜΑΤΟΣ	ΕΙΔΙΚΟΥ ΥΠ	OBAOPOY		
γενικού υποβάθρου,				
ειδικού υποβάθρου, ειδίκευσης				
γενικών γνώσεων, ανάπτυξης				
δεξιοτήτων				
ПРОАПАІТОУМЕНА				
МАӨНМАТА:				
	- 1			
ΓΛΩΣΣΑ ΔΙΔΑΣΚΑΛΙΑΣ και				
ΕΞΕΤΑΣΕΩΝ:	′0			
ΤΟ ΜΑΘΗΜΑ ΠΡΟΣΦΕΡΕΤΑΙ ΣΕ	Όχι			
ΦΟΙΤΗΤΕΣ ERASMUS	1.11. 11.		/ :	2000
ΗΛΕΚΤΡΟΝΙΚΗ ΣΕΛΙΔΑ	nttp://ecou	ırse.uoı.gr/cou	ırse/view.php?id=	2000
MAΘΗΜΑΤΟΣ (URL)				

(2) ΜΑΘΗΣΙΑΚΑ ΑΠΟΤΕΛΕΣΜΑΤΑ

Μαθησιακά Αποτελέσματα

Περιγράφονται τα μαθησιακά αποτελέσματα του μαθήματος οι συγκεκριμένες γνώσεις, δεξιότητες και ικανότητες καταλλήλου επιπέδου που θα αποκτήσουν οι φοιτητές μετά την επιτυχή ολοκλήρωση του μαθήματος.

Συμβουλευτείτε το Παράρτημα Α

- Περιγραφή του Επιπέδου των Μαθησιακών Αποτελεσμάτων για κάθε ένα κύκλο σπουδών σύμφωνα με το Πλαίσιο Προσόντων του Ευρωπαϊκού Χώρου Ανώτατης Εκπαίδευσης
- Περιγραφικοί Δείκτες Επιπέδων 6, 7 & 8 του Ευρωπαϊκού Πλαισίου Προσόντων Διά Βίου Μάθησης και το Παράρτημα Β

• Περιληπτικός Οδηγός συγγραφής Μαθησιακών Αποτελεσμάτων

Upon successful completion and attendance of the course, students are expected to:

- understand the content of the field of school psychology and the role of the school psychologist.
- refer to system-wide intervention programs, in order to deal with crises and promote students' mental health.
- be able to discuss the importance of social and emotional education programs at school.

Γενικές Ικανότητες

Λαμβάνοντας υπόψη τις γενικές ικανότητες που πρέπει να έχει αποκτήσει ο πτυχιούχος (όπως αυτές αναγράφονται στο Παράρτημα Διπλώματος και παρατίθενται ακολούθως) σε ποια / ποιες από αυτές αποσκοπεί το μάθημα;.

Αναζήτηση, ανάλυση και σύνθεση δεδομένων και πληροφοριών, με τη χρήση και των απαραίτητων τεχνολογιών Προσαρμογή σε νέες καταστάσεις Λήψη αποφάσεων Αυτόνομη εργασία Ομαδική εργασία

Εργασία σε διεθνές περιβάλλον Εργασία σε διεπιστημονικό περιβάλλον Παράγωγή νέων ερευνητικών ιδεών Σχεδιασμός και διαχείριση έργων Σεβασμός στη διαφορετικότητα και στην πολυπολιτισμικότητα

Σεβασμός στο φυσικό περιβάλλον Επίδειξη κοινωνικής, επαγγελματικής και ηθικής υπευθυνότητας και ευαισθησίας σε

θέματα φύλου

Άσκηση κριτικής και αυτοκριτικής

Προαγωγή της ελεύθερης, δημιουργικής και

επαγωγικής σκέψης

..... Άλλες...

.....

- Individual work.
- Teamwork (students discuss in groups during the 3-hour course).
- Exercising criticism and self-criticism (in the context of discussion and related thematic issues related to students' prior knowledge and experience).
- Decision-making (in situations presented as examples in any theoretical approach. Decision-making and presentation of intervention or behavior related to the role of the school psychologist)

(3) ΠΕΡΙΕΧΟΜΕΝΟ ΜΑΘΗΜΑΤΟΣ

The main themes of the course include:

- The field of school psychology and the specialization of school psychologist.
- The role of the school psychologist.
 - School intervention programs: design, structure, implementation and evaluation.
- System level intervention programs.
- Crisis intervention programs.
- Intervention programs to promote students' mental health.

•Social and emotional education in school (communication skills; recognition, expression and management of emotions; self-perception; anxiety management; social competence-social skills; conflict resolution process; acceptance of diversity).

(4) ΔΙΔΑΚΤΙΚΕΣ και ΜΑΘΗΣΙΑΚΕΣ ΜΕΘΟΔΟΙ - ΑΞΙΟΛΟΓΗΣΗ

φοιτητές

ΤΡΟΠΟΣ ΠΑΡΑΔΟΣΗΣ Πρόσωπο με πρόσωπο, Εξ αποστάσεως εκπαίδευση κ.λπ. **PΗΣΗ ΤΕΧΝΟΛΟΓΙΩΝ ΠΛΗΡΟΦΟΡΙΑΣ ΚΑΙ ΕΠΙΚΟΙΝΩΝΙΩΝ Χρήση Τ.Π.Ε. στη Διδασκαλία, στην Εργαστηριακή Εκπαίδευση, Πρόσωπο με πρόσωπο διδασκαλία • IT in teaching (educational platform ecourse, power point presentations, visua;-acoustic material). • IT in student communication (e-mail).

ΟΡΓΑΝΩΣΗ ΔΙΔΑΣΚΑΛΙΑΣ

στην Επικοινωνία με τους

Περιγράφονται αναλυτικά τρόπος και μέθοδοι διδασκαλίας. Διαλέξεις, Σεμινάρια, Εργαστηριακή Άσκηση, Άσκηση Πεδίου, Μελέτη & ανάλυση βιβλιογραφίας, Φροντιστήριο, Πρακτική (Τοποθέτηση), Κλινική Άσκηση, Καλλιτεχνικό Εργαστήριο, Διαδραστική διδασκαλία, Εκπαιδευτικές επισκέψεις, Εκπόνηση μελέτης (project), Συγγραφή εργασίας / εργασιών, Καλλιτεχνική δημιουργία, κ.λπ.

Αναγράφονται οι ώρες μελέτης του φοιτητή για κάθε μαθησιακή δραστηριότητα καθώς και οι ώρες μη καθοδηγούμενης μελέτης σύμφωνα με τις αρχές του ΕCTS

Δραστηριότητα	Φόρτος Εργασίας Εξαμήνου
Διαλέξεις	39
Μελέτη και ανάλυση της βιβλιογραφίας	30
Ομαδική εργασία στην τάξη	13
Αυτοτελής μελέτη	40
Εξετάσεις	3
Σύνολο Μαθήματος	125

ΑΞΙΟΛΟΓΗΣΗ ΦΟΙΤΗΤΩΝ

Περιγραφή της διαδικασίας αξιολόγησης

Γλώσσα Αξιολόγησης, Μέθοδοι αξιολόγησης, Διαμορφωτική ή Συμπερασματική, Δοκιμασία Πολλαπλής Επιλογής, Ερωτήσεις Σύντομης Απάντησης, Ερωτήσεις Ανάπτυξης Δοκιμίων, Επίλυση Προβλημάτων, Γραπτή Εργασία, Έκθεση / Αναφορά, Προφορική Εξέταση, Δημόσια Παρουσίαση, Εργαστηριακή Εργασία, Κλινική

- 1. Final exam (80%-100% of total score): Student evaluation via multiple choice questions.
- 2. Optional essay (up to 20%): Essay can be individual or team work (up to three students). The work will focus on the study and presentation of a subject from the contemporary international literature, following the course objectives. The scientific articles and book chapters The scientific text will be chosen by the student based on his / her interests and his / her subject will follow the subject of his / her course.

Εξέταση Ασθενούς, Καλλιτεχνική Ερμηνεία, Άλλη / Άλλες Αναφέρονται ρητά προσδιορισμένα κριτήρια αξιολόγησης και εάν και που είναι

προσβάσιμα από τους φοιτητές. (5) ΣΥΝΙΣΤΩΜΕΝΗ-ΒΙΒΛΙΟΓΡΑΦΙΑ

-Suggested Bibliography:

Hatzichristou, C. (Ed. and Coauthor) (2011b). Social and emotional learning in school:

Program for the promotion of mental health and learning in the school community

(Educational material for teachers and students of Grades K-2: Conceptual framework and classroom activities). Athens, Greece: Typothito (in Greek).

Hatzichristou, C. (Ed. and Coauthor) (2011c). Social and emotional learning in school:

Program for the promotion of mental health and learning in the school community

(Educational material for teachers and students of Grades 3-6: Conceptual framework and classroom activities). Athens, Greece: Typothito (in Greek).

Hatzichristou, C. (Ed. and Coauthor) (2011d). Social and emotional learning in school: Program for the promotion of mental health and learning in the school community (Educational material for teachers and students of secondary education: Conceptual framework and classroom activities). Athens, Greece: Typothito (in Greek).

-Relevant Scientific Journals:

- Journal of School Psychology
- Journal of Applied School Psychology
- School Psychology International
- School Psychology
- School Psychology Review
- Hellenic Journal of Psychology [Psychologia]

First and Second Language Acquisition

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES		
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE		
COURSE CODE	ΨYE059 SEMESTER 4 th		
COURSE TITLE	FIRST AND SECOND LANGUAGE ACQUISITION		SITION
if credits are awarded for separ course, e.g. lectures, laboratory es are awarded for the whole of the teaching hours and th	rate components of the exercises, etc. If the credits execurse, give the weekly	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	
Lectures		3	5
Add rows if necessary. The organis teaching methods used are describ	, ,		
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	General		
PREREQUISITE COURSES:			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek		
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (in Greek)		
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://philology.uoi.gr/en/studies/undergraduate- studies/		lergraduate-

5th Semester

Theories of Personality

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCII	ENCE			
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRA	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΥ004		SEMESTER	5 th	
COURSE TITLE	THEORIES (OF PERSONALIT	Υ		
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITI	ES			
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	kercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	ì	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	_		HOURS		
teaching hours and th	e total credit	S			
LECT	TURES AND A	SSIGNMENTS	3		5
Add rows if necessary. The organize	nization of teaching and the				
teaching methods used are describ	ibed in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE	GENERAL K	NOWLEDGE			
general background,					
special background, specialized					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	GREEK				
and EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					
,					

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competencies of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course, are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course, students are expected to:

- Understand personality through the prism of the main theories in psychology.
- Recognize the role of genetic, social and cultural factors in the formation and development of personality.
- Interpret individual differences in thought, emotion, motivation and behaviour.

To know the applications of personality theories in personality assessment and clinical practice.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis data and information with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations Decision-making

Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary

environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment

Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

Others...

Search, analysis and synthesis of data and information using the necessary technologies, autonomous work, group work, promotion of free, creative and inductive thinking, the practice of critical thinking and self-criticism, respect for diversity and multiculturalism, demonstration of social, professional and moral responsibility and gender sensitivity.

(3) SYLLABUS

The course aims to introduce the study of personality. In particular, the classical and modern theories for the formation and development of personality are presented, which interpret the individual differences in thought, emotion, motivation and behaviour. In addition, the applications of the main theories in personality assessment and clinical practice are examined. The main topics of the course include:

- Introduction to the study of personality: Theoretical concepts and historical context.
- Personality theories: Psychoanalytic and psychodynamic, phenomenological, characteristic theories, behavioural, cognitive and sociocognitive approaches.
- Research methodology and evaluation tools for the study of personality.
- Genetic, social and cultural factors in the formation and development of personality.
- Personality, physical and mental health

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	IN-PERSON
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	
etc.	
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use power-point for teaching.
COMMUNICATIONS	Use the video for teaching.
TECHNOLOGY	Use of the Ecourse to provide educational material to
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory	students

education, communication with students **TEACHING METHODS** Activity Semester workload The manner and methods of Attendance of lectures 39 teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory Study and analysis of 26 practice, fieldwork, study and books and articles analysis of bibliography, tutorials, Writing and Presenting 20 placements, clinical practice, art an assignment workshop, interactive teaching, **Personal Study** 40 educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. 125 Course total The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the **ECTS** STUDENT PERFORMANCE **EVALUATION Evaluation Methods:** Description of the evaluation 1. Final Written exam (70%) (Multiple choice test, short procedure development questions using examples of application of concepts and theories) 2. Preparation and Oral Presentation of Optional Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or Assignment (30%) conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

Specifically-defined

Bibliography

Pervin A. L., Cervone D. (2013). Θεωρίες προσωπικότητας, Έρευνα και Εφαρμογές. Αθήνα: Gutenberg.

2. Chamorro-Premuzic, Τ. (2013). Προσωπικότητα και ατομικές διαφορές. Αθήνα: Gutenberg.

Journals

Personality and Individual Differences

2. Journal of Personality and Social Psychology

evaluation

- 3. Individual Differences
- 4. Journal of Personality Assessment

Psychological-Neuropsychological Assessment

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES		
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE		
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ009	SEMESTER !	5TH
COURSE TITLE	PSYCHOLOGICAL-NEUROPSYCHOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT		L
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITIES		
if credits are awarded for separ	ate components of the	WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex		TEACHING	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	,	HOURS	
teaching hours and th	e total credits		
	Lectures	2	
	Laboratory exercises 1		
Add rows if necessary. The organis			
teaching methods used are describ			
COURSE TYPE	Special background		
general background,			
special background, specialised			
general knowledge, skills			
development			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	None		
LANGUA OF OF INSTRUCTION	CDEEK		
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	GREEK		
and EXAMINATIONS:	VEC		
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES		
ERASMUS STUDENTS			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)			

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course, students will have acquired knowledge of basic principles and practices for the use of psychometric and neuropsychological procedures for a psychological/neuropsychological diagnostic evaluation. More specifically, it is expected that students

- will be familiar with the principles of the psychometric theory
- will know the characteristics, appropriateness criteria and limitations that apply

for the use of psychometric procedures and tests and relevant ethical issues

- will be familiar with the most widely used scales and tests for the assessment of intellectual ability, personality and psychopathology
- comprehend the administration and evaluation process of psychological and neuropsychological tests
- will be trained to administer psychological and neuropsychological procedures and interpret relevant data
- will comprehend conceptual issues related to psychological/neuropsychological assessment and interpretation

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations Decision-making

Working independently

Team work
Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary

environment
Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

..... Others...

- Working independently
- Team work
- Adapting to new situations
- Decision-making
- Working in an interdisciplinary environment
- Production of new research ideas
- Respect for difference and multiculturalism
- Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

This course aims to introduce students to the principles and practice of psychological/neuropsychological assessment.

- Concept and nature of psychological diagnosis
- Basic principles of psychometry. Utility and limitations of psychological tests.
- Ethical issues and implications of psychological and neuropsychological assessment
- Assessment of intelligence (practice, administration, interpretation)
- Assessment of personality and psychopathology (practice, administration, interpretation)
- Goals and methods of neuropsychological assessment
- Widely used neuropsychological tests (practice, administration, interpretation)
- Interpretation of psychological and neuropsychological data
- Integration and report of psychological and neuropsychological findings

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face- to-face Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc. The course includes lectures that will be displayed through **USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS** PowerPoint, case studies, and video use. **TECHNOLOGY** Study material will be provided through e-course. Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students **TEACHING METHODS** The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and

The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS

analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.

Activity	Semester workload
Lectures	26
laboratory practice	13
Study for the laboratory	30
exercises	
Study and analysis of	43
bibliography	
Non-directed study	10
Exams	3
Course total	125

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

patient, art interpretation, other

Language of evaluation: Greek (Erasmus students will be evaluated in Eglish)

Methods of evaluation:

Students will be evaluated through a written exam at the end of the semester. The written exam will include multiple choice questions, fill-in the gaps sentences and short-answer open questions.

Additionally there will be a group work assignment on the administration of psychometric procedures. The assignment (consisting of 2 or 3 people) is optional and will receive up to 2 grades which will be added to the final grade of the written exam.

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

Suggested Bibliography:

- Kosmidis, M. (2008). Clinical Neuropsychological Assessment. Athens: Parisianou (Greek)
- Lezak, M. (2012). Neuropsychological Assessment. Athens: Gotsis
- Mellon, R. (2010). Clinical Psychometrics. Athens: Pedio. (Greek)

- Wright, A. J. (2020). Conducting psychological assessment: A guide for practitioners. John Wiley & Sons.
- Hodges J. (2017). Cognitive Assessment for Clinicians (3 ed.) Oxford: University Press

Psychology of Communication and Mass Media

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRA	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	ΨYE005 SEMESTER 5 th				
COURSE TITLE	PSYCHOLOG	GY OF COMMU	NICATION AN	ID M	IASS MEDIA
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITIE	S			
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	kercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	ì	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	. •	•	HOURS		
teaching hours and th	e total credit.	S			
		Lectures	3		5
Add rows if necessary. The organis	nisation of teaching and the				
teaching methods used are describ	bed in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE	Special Background				
general background,					
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANCHACE OF INSTRUCTION	Crook				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
	Voc				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course offers to the students a comprehensive overview of Psychology of Communication and Mass Media. Upon completion, the students:

- Shall have comprehended and be in a position to reflect and discuss basic approaches to the Psychology of communication and mass media.

- Shall be in a position to juxtapose critically these different perspectives
- Shall be in a position to articulate, using such theories, tentative frames of theoretical explanations of contemporary and common events pertaining to communication phenomena and mass media.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making

Working independently

Team work
Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary

environment
Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

Others...

.....

- Working independently
- Respect for difference and multiculturalism
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

- This course offers to the students an introductory orientation in the discipline of the Psychology of Communication with an emphasis on mass media. It provides a context, this discipline is defined in conjunction with relevant sub-disciplines of psychology, sociology, systemic theory, linguistics as well as cultural studies. Nodal themes of theoretical and empirical advances are discussed. The lectures present and discuss critically the following topics:
- Relevant psychological theories.
- Psychological processes involved and used to explain the influence exerted by mass media to their audiences.
- Contemporary research in these fields.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	At the amphitheatre
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	
etc.	
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of power-point
COMMUNICATIONS	Use of e-course
TECHNOLOGY	
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory	

education, communication with		
students		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39
teaching are described in detail.	Practical Exercises	16
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Study of bibliography	36
practice, fieldwork, study and	Independent study	34
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,		
placements, clinical practice, art		
workshop, interactive teaching,		
educational visits, project, essay		
writing, artistic creativity, etc.		
	Course total	125
The student's study hours for each		
learning activity are given as well		
as the hours of non-directed study		
according to the principles of the		
ECTS		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE		
EVALUATION		
Description of the evaluation	Written examination. Short	questions and essay type
procedure	of questions.	
Lancas and a state of a state of		
Language of evaluation, methods		
of evaluation, summative or		
conclusive, multiple choice		
questionnaires, short-answer		
questions, open-ended questions,		
problem solving, written work,		
essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory		
work, clinical examination of		
patient, art interpretation, other		
patient, art interpretation, other		
Specifically-defined evaluation		
Specifically-defined evaluation		

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

- Suggested bibliography:
 - Χρηστάκης, Ν. (2016). *Ψυχοκοινωνιολογία των Μαζικών Επικοινωνιών*. Αθήνα: Gutenberg.
 - Marchand, P. κ.α. (2009). *Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία των Μ.Μ.Ε*. Αθήνα: Πεδίο.
- Related academic journals:
 - Discourse, Context and Media
 - International Journal of Communication
 - Journal of Media Psychology
 - Media Psychology

Intercultural Communication

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ΨYE052 SEMESTER 5 th				
COURSE TITLE	INTERCULTURAL COMMUNICATION				
if credits are awarded for separ course, e.g. lectures, laboratory es are awarded for the whole of the teaching hours and th	rate compone xercises, etc. e course, give	ents of the If the credits the weekly	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	G CREDITS	•
		Lectures	3	5	
Add rows if necessary. The organisthe teaching methods used are de COURSE TYPE general background,	•	tail at (d).	Optional Compulsory	,	
special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	No				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	ecourse				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

• Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area

- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The aim of the course is that students should be able to understand that contemporary societies include different cultures and social groups which coexist sharing cultural differences and elements of diversity that affect the communication process; on the other hand, students should manage to develop the necessary attitudes, skills and knowledge that contribute to intercultural competence in everyday professional practice. Upon completion of the course students will be able to:

- a) understand the fundamental concepts and principles of communication between people of different social and cultural backgrounds,
- b) distinguish social, cultural and historical characteristics of cultures and cultural subgroups around the world,
- c) analyze and compare the communicative behavior (verbal and non-verbal) of different cultural groups
- d) identify cultural values and sociocultural diversity of structures and of identities as tools to improve intercultural communication
- e) cultivate strategies to break down stereotypes and invest in cultural diversity.
- f) Interact in a professional and social environment building intercultural understanding of the traditions, customs, behaviors, laws and practices, beliefs that designate each culture in order to adapt across cultures
- develop intercultural skills in order to manage challenges and conflicts while communicating with people from other cultures (migrants, immigrants, refugees) and to practice self-criticism in the way they see themselves and others
- h) apply knowledge and skills for a responsible, effective and ethical communication adapted to diverse cultural backgrounds

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data

and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations

Decision-making

Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary

environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

Others...

Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Adapting to new situations

Respect for difference and multiculturalism

Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

- 1) Communicating in a culturally diverse society. Definition of terms and concepts related to interculturalism, intercultural competence, intercultural understanding and intercultural communication. Multiculturalism, Globalization, mass migration.
- 2) The multifaceted nature of communication. Components and characteristics of communication. Communication models.
- 3) The multilevel nature of culture. Definitions and components of culture and subcultures. Social categorization and identities.
- 4) Cultural and value orientations. Stereotypes, prejudice, racism.
- 5) Verbal communication and culture.
- 6) Non-verbal communication and culture.
- 7) Migration, cultural diversity and intercultural adaptation.
- 8) Translation and interpretating. Questions of interlinguistic and intercultural mediation between foreigners.
- 9) Intercultural relations. Mental health and mental vulnerability in culturally diverse communities.
- 10) Management of intercultural contradictions and conflicts.
- 11) Digital age, information and cultural change.
- 12) Strategies for developing intercultural competence.
- 13) Case studies.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	In Classroom		
Face-to-face, Distance learning,			
etc.			
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of slides, audiovisual ma	aterial.	
COMMUNICATIONS	Support of the learning prod	cess through electronic e-	
TECHNOLOGY	class platform		
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory	Email		
education, communication with	Course Website		
students			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	Lectures	39	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	Team/Individual assignments	37	
placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching,	Study and analysis of bibliography	20	
educational visits, project, essay			
writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Personal Study	26	
The student's study hours for each	Exams	3	
learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study	Course total	125	

according to the principles of the ECTS

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

- I. Final Examination(60%) consisting of:
- Multiple choice questions
- Short-answer questions
- Open-ended questions
- Essay / problem solving questions
- II. Presentation of Group / Personal project (40%) Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and they are accessible to students in ecourse

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:
- (1) American Psychological Association (2003). Guidelines on multicultural education, training, research, practice and organizational change for psychologists. American Psychologist, 58, 377–402.
- (2) Angelelli, C.V. (2004). Medical Interpreting and Cross-cultural Communication. London: Cambridge University Press.
- (3) Cobley, P. & Schulz, P. J. (Eds) (2013). *Theories and Models of Communication*, Berlin/Boston, MA: Walter de Gruyter.
- (4) Deardorff, D. K. (2009). The Sage handbook of intercultural competence. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.
- (5) Landis, D. & Bhawuk, D. P. S. (Eds) (2020). The Cambridge Handbook of Intercultural Training (4th edn) Cambridge University Press.
- (6) Lieberman, D. A. & Gamst, G. (2015). "Intercultural communication competence revisited: Linking the intercultural and multicultural fields", International Journal of Intercultural Relations, 48,17–19.
- (7) Liu, Sh., Volĉiĉ, Z. & Gallois, C. (2018). Εισαγωγή στη διαπολιτισμική επικοινωνία. Αθήνα: Gutenberg.
- (8) Lustig, M. W. & Koester, J. (2013). *Intercultural Competence: Interpersonal Communication across Cultures* (7th edn). Boston, MA: Pearson.
- (9) Paniagua, F. A. & Yamada, A-M. (Eds.) (2013). Handbook of Multicultural Mental Health. Assessment and Treatment of Diverse Populations, Academic Press.
- (10) Paulston, C.-B., Kiesling, S.-F. & Rangel, E.- S. (Eds) (2012). The Handbook of Intercultural Discourse and Communication, Blackwell Publishing Ltd.
- Related academic journals:

International Journal of Intercultural Relations

Journal of Intercultural Communication Research

Issues in Educational Psychology II

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Social Sciences				
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Psychology				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate				
COURSE CODE	ΨYE014 SEMESTER 5 th				
COURSE TITLE	Issues in Educational Psychology II				
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITIE	S			
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	xercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	ì	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the		•	HOURS		
teaching hours and th	e total credit.	S			
	LECT	URES, ESSAYS	3		4
	ws if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the				
teaching methods used are describ					
COURSE TYPE					
general background,	Special background				
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek				
and EXAMINATIONS:	Sieck.				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	No				
ERASMUS STUDENTS		1			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://ecourse.uoi.gr				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The purpose of the course is to familiarize students with specific subjects of psychology that are of greater practical value for the school context. Initially the course introduces the student to the concept of anger, which is one of the most common emotions and is considered inextricably intertwined with human nature. Subsequently the course focuses with the concept of aggression, the understanding of which has become an ever-growing field of

interest. The term aggression and its dimensions, forms, types and functions are described, as well as its interpretations, based on current theoretical models. What follows is the phenomenon of school bullying. Current research and coping policies in EU member states are discussed, and up-to-date research data on both bullying in Greek schools and cyberbullying are presented. Subsequent to the course, topics related to classroom management, including response to behavioral and disciplinary problems, as well as preventive planning for acceptable social behavior of students are presented. The course also addresses issues of diversity at school, in terms of culture, class, gender, and discusses their impact on student behavior and performance.

Upon completion of the course the students will be able to:

- Be aware of existing theoretical approaches of anger, aggression and bullying in the school context, the consequences of these behaviors, and practices to deal with them effectively.
- Analyze how pupils 'differences due to social class, gender and / or cultural background can influence pupils' behavior and performance.
- Evaluate relationships within the classroom based on cultural context, social class, and gender.
- Recognize methods that contribute to productive classroom control and management, as well as to social interaction and teacher-student and student-student relationships.

General Capabilities

Taking into account the general competencies that the graduate must have acquired (as listed in the Diploma Supplement and listed below) in which of them is the course intended?

Search, analyze and synthesize data and Project design and management

information, using the necessary Respect for diversity and multiculturalism technologies Respect for the natural environment

Adapt to new situations Demonstration of social, professional and moral

Decision making responsibility and gender sensitivity
Autonomous work Exercise of criticism and self-criticism

Teamwork Promote free, creative and inductive thinking

Work in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary Other ...

environment

Producing new research ideas

Autonomous work, team work (students in groups undertake to study and discuss on scientific texts from the fields of the course), criticism (students critically approach groups of scientific articles from all fields of the course), promoting free, creative and inductive thinking.

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(3) SYLLABUS

The main themes of the course include:

- Anger, aggression, school bullying
- Classroom management developing an effective learning environment.
- Diversity in learning, individual needs of students.

(4) TEACHING AND LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY METHOD	Face-to-face teaching

Face to face, Distance Learning,			
etc.			
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of ICT in teaching (e-course)		
COMMUNICATION	educational platform, power po		
TECHNOLOGIES	presentations, audiovisual material).		
Use of ICT Teaching, Laboratory	• Use	e of ICT in Student	
Education, Communication with	Communication (e-mail).		
Students			
TEACHING ORGANIZATION	Activity	Semester Workload	
Describe in detail the way and	Lectures	39	
methods of teaching.	Study and analysis of	15	
Lectures, Seminars, Laboratory	bibliography		
Exercise, Field Exercise, Study &	Writing and presenting	10	
Analysis of Bibliography, Tutorial,	individual or group work		
Practice (Placement), Clinical	Self-study	33	
Exercise, Art Workshop, Interactive	Examination	3	
Teaching, Educational Visits,			
Project Work, It; / RTI & gt;			
The student's study hours for each			
learning activity and the hours of			
non-guided study according to the			
,	Total Course	100	
ECTS principles	Total Course	100	
EVALUATION OF STUDENTS		100	
EVALUATION OF STUDENTS Description of the evaluation	Evaluation methods:		
EVALUATION OF STUDENTS	Evaluation methods: 1. Final Written Examination	n (80%-100%): At the end of	
EVALUATION OF STUDENTS Description of the evaluation process	Evaluation methods: 1. Final Written Examination the course, examinations were supported by the course of the cou	n (80%-100%): At the end of will be given on the whole	
EVALUATION OF STUDENTS Description of the evaluation process Assessment Language,	Evaluation methods: 1. Final Written Examination the course, examinations was subject of the lesson (M	n (80%-100%): At the end of will be given on the whole ultiple Choice Test, Short	
EVALUATION OF STUDENTS Description of the evaluation process Assessment Language, Assessment Methods,	Evaluation methods: 1. Final Written Examination the course, examinations was subject of the lesson (M Growth Questions Using Example 1997).	n (80%-100%): At the end of will be given on the whole	
EVALUATION OF STUDENTS Description of the evaluation process Assessment Language, Assessment Methods, Formulation or Conclusion,	Evaluation methods: 1. Final Written Examination the course, examinations value of the lesson (M Growth Questions Using E Theories)	n (80%-100%): At the end of will be given on the whole ultiple Choice Test, Short Examples of Concepts and	
EVALUATION OF STUDENTS Description of the evaluation process Assessment Language, Assessment Methods, Formulation or Conclusion, Multiple Choice Test, Short	Evaluation methods: 1. Final Written Examination the course, examinations was subject of the lesson (M Growth Questions Using E Theories) 2. Preparation and Oral Pre	n (80%-100%): At the end of will be given on the whole ultiple Choice Test, Short Examples of Concepts and sentation of Optional Work	
EVALUATION OF STUDENTS Description of the evaluation process Assessment Language, Assessment Methods, Formulation or Conclusion, Multiple Choice Test, Short Response Questions, Test	Evaluation methods: 1. Final Written Examination the course, examinations was subject of the lesson (Magrowth Questions Using Each Theories) 2. Preparation and Oral Pre (20%): The work can be independent.	n (80%-100%): At the end of will be given on the whole ultiple Choice Test, Short Examples of Concepts and	
EVALUATION OF STUDENTS Description of the evaluation process Assessment Language, Assessment Methods, Formulation or Conclusion, Multiple Choice Test, Short Response Questions, Test Questions, Problem Solving,	Evaluation methods: 1. Final Written Examination the course, examinations was subject of the lesson (Magnowth Questions Using Each Theories) 2. Preparation and Oral Pre (20%): The work can be independently. The work will	n (80%-100%): At the end of will be given on the whole ultiple Choice Test, Short Examples of Concepts and sentation of Optional Work lividual or group (up to two concern the study and	
EVALUATION OF STUDENTS Description of the evaluation process Assessment Language, Assessment Methods, Formulation or Conclusion, Multiple Choice Test, Short Response Questions, Test	Evaluation methods: 1. Final Written Examination the course, examinations was subject of the lesson (Magnowth Questions Using Each Theories) 2. Preparation and Oral Pre (20%): The work can be independently. The work will	n (80%-100%): At the end of will be given on the whole ultiple Choice Test, Short Examples of Concepts and sentation of Optional Work lividual or group (up to two concern the study and nguage article, which will be	
EVALUATION OF STUDENTS Description of the evaluation process Assessment Language, Assessment Methods, Formulation or Conclusion, Multiple Choice Test, Short Response Questions, Test Questions, Problem Solving, Written Work, Reporting /	Evaluation methods: 1. Final Written Examination the course, examinations was subject of the lesson (M Growth Questions Using E Theories) 2. Preparation and Oral Pre (20%): The work can be ind students). The work will presentation of a foreign large.	n (80%-100%): At the end of will be given on the whole ultiple Choice Test, Short examples of Concepts and sentation of Optional Work lividual or group (up to two concern the study and nguage article, which will be ed on his / her interests and	
EVALUATION OF STUDENTS Description of the evaluation process Assessment Language, Assessment Methods, Formulation or Conclusion, Multiple Choice Test, Short Response Questions, Test Questions, Problem Solving, Written Work, Reporting / Reporting, Oral Examination,	Evaluation methods: 1. Final Written Examination the course, examinations was subject of the lesson (Magrowth Questions Using Eartheories) 2. Preparation and Oral Pre (20%): The work can be independently. The work will presentation of a foreign land chosen by the student, base	n (80%-100%): At the end of will be given on the whole ultiple Choice Test, Short examples of Concepts and sentation of Optional Work lividual or group (up to two concern the study and nguage article, which will be ed on his / her interests and	
EVALUATION OF STUDENTS Description of the evaluation process Assessment Language, Assessment Methods, Formulation or Conclusion, Multiple Choice Test, Short Response Questions, Test Questions, Problem Solving, Written Work, Reporting / Reporting, Oral Examination, Public Presentation, Laboratory	Evaluation methods: 1. Final Written Examination the course, examinations was subject of the lesson (Magrowth Questions Using Eartheories) 2. Preparation and Oral Pre (20%): The work can be independently. The work will presentation of a foreign land chosen by the student, base	n (80%-100%): At the end of will be given on the whole ultiple Choice Test, Short examples of Concepts and sentation of Optional Work lividual or group (up to two concern the study and nguage article, which will be ed on his / her interests and	
EVALUATION OF STUDENTS Description of the evaluation process Assessment Language, Assessment Methods, Formulation or Conclusion, Multiple Choice Test, Short Response Questions, Test Questions, Problem Solving, Written Work, Reporting / Reporting, Oral Examination, Public Presentation, Laboratory Work, Clinical Patient	Evaluation methods: 1. Final Written Examination the course, examinations was subject of the lesson (Magrowth Questions Using Eartheories) 2. Preparation and Oral Pre (20%): The work can be independently. The work will presentation of a foreign land chosen by the student, base	n (80%-100%): At the end of will be given on the whole ultiple Choice Test, Short examples of Concepts and sentation of Optional Work lividual or group (up to two concern the study and nguage article, which will be ed on his / her interests and	
EVALUATION OF STUDENTS Description of the evaluation process Assessment Language, Assessment Methods, Formulation or Conclusion, Multiple Choice Test, Short Response Questions, Test Questions, Problem Solving, Written Work, Reporting / Reporting, Oral Examination, Public Presentation, Laboratory Work, Clinical Patient Examination, Artistic Interpretation, Other	Evaluation methods: 1. Final Written Examination the course, examinations was subject of the lesson (Magrowth Questions Using Eartheories) 2. Preparation and Oral Pre (20%): The work can be independently. The work will presentation of a foreign land chosen by the student, base	n (80%-100%): At the end of will be given on the whole ultiple Choice Test, Short examples of Concepts and sentation of Optional Work lividual or group (up to two concern the study and nguage article, which will be ed on his / her interests and	
EVALUATION OF STUDENTS Description of the evaluation process Assessment Language, Assessment Methods, Formulation or Conclusion, Multiple Choice Test, Short Response Questions, Test Questions, Problem Solving, Written Work, Reporting / Reporting, Oral Examination, Public Presentation, Laboratory Work, Clinical Patient Examination, Artistic	Evaluation methods: 1. Final Written Examination the course, examinations was subject of the lesson (Magrowth Questions Using Eartheories) 2. Preparation and Oral Pre (20%): The work can be independently. The work will presentation of a foreign land chosen by the student, base	n (80%-100%): At the end of will be given on the whole ultiple Choice Test, Short examples of Concepts and sentation of Optional Work lividual or group (up to two concern the study and nguage article, which will be ed on his / her interests and	

(4) SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

where they are accessible by the

students.

- Suggested Bibliography:
- Μακρή-Μπότσαρη, Ε. (2010). *Θυμός, επιθετικότητα, εκφοβισμός: Θεωρητικές προσεγγίσεις και πρακτικές διαχείρισης*. Εκδόσεις Παπαζήση.
- Fontana, D. (1996). Ψυχολογία για Εκπαιδευτικούς. Εκδόσεις Σαββάλας.
- Ψάλτη, Α., Κασάπη, Στ., & Δεληγιάννη-Κουϊμτζή, Β. (2012). Ο εκφοβισμός στα ελληνικά σχολεία: ερευνητικά δεδομένα και προτάσεις για παρεμβάσεις. Εκδόσεις Gutenberg.

- Αρτινοπούλου, Β. (2001). *Βία στο σχολείο: έρευνες και πολιτικές στην Ευρώπη*. Εκδόσεις Μεταίχμιο.
- Woolfolk, A. (2007). Εκπαιδευτική Ψυχολογία. Εκδόσεις Έλλην.
- Elliot, S., Kratochwill, T, Cook, J. & Travers, J. (2008). Εκπαιδευτική Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα: Gutenberg.

-Relevantr scientific journals:

- Educational Psychology
- School Psychology review
- British Journal of Educational Psychology
- Journal of Adolescence
- Επετηρίδα της Ψυχολογικής Εταιρείας Βορείου Ελλάδος
- Ψυχολογία (Το περιοδικό της Ελληνικής Ψυχολογικής Εταιρείας)

Health Psychology

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCI	ENCES			
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ΨYE017 SEMESTER 5 th				
COURSE TITLE	HEALTH PSYCHOLOGY				
if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	G CREE	DITS	
	LECTURE	S AND ESSAYS	3	5	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).					
COURSE TYPE		ACKGROUND			
general background,	GENERAL B	ACKGROUND			
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	GREEK				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://eco	urse.uoi.gr			

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Following the successful completion of the course, students are expected:

- To determine the relationship between biological, psychological and social factors in health and illness.
- To comprehend the psychological processes and social factors involved in health as well as in the manifestation and course of illness.

- To recognize salient psychosocial needs of patients with chronic and/or terminal disease as well as forms of psychological interventions.
- To obtain basic knowledge on topics of special interest, including the relationship among patient, family and health professionals, caregiving emotional burden, mourning, grief and loss, promotion of health and health-related quality of life, research in the field of health psychology.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently

Team work
Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas Project planning and management
Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Respect for the natural environment
Showing social, professional and ethical
responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

Others...

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology, working independently, team work, working in an interdisciplinary environment, respect for difference and multiculturalism, criticism and self-criticism, production of free, creative and inductive thinking.

(3) SYLLABUS

The course aims to introduce students to the field of health psychology $\kappa\alpha\iota$ get them familiar with the interconnection of biological, psychological and social factors in health and illness. Emphasis is given on health prevention and promotion as well as on issues concerning chronic and terminal illness, communication and relationship among patient, family and health professionals. Clinical cases are discussed to enhance understanding of theory applications in practice. The main topics covered include:

- Health and illness: Cartesian dualism and the biopsychosocial model of health.
- Health psychology: Objectives and applications.
- Social-cognitive models of health: Health beliefs and behaviours.
- Personality, emotions and health: emotion regulation, coping strategies και defense mechanisms, social support, main issues of psychoneuroimmunology.
- Psychological issues in chronic and terminal illness and care.
- The role of the Health Psychologist: Prevention and promotion of health, assessment, counseling and support, research prospects.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face (in class)
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	
etc.	

USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY

Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students

Use of ICT in teaching (e-course, power point presentations, audiovisual material) and communication with students.

TEACHING METHODS

The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.

The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS

Activity	Semester workload
Lectures	39
Study & analysis of	26
bibliography	
Essay writing &	20
presenting	
Study independently	40
Course total	125

EVALUATION OF STUDENTS

Description of the evaluation process

Assessment Language, Assessment Methods, Formulation or Conclusion, Multiple Choice Test, Short Response Questions, Test Questions, Problem Solving, Written Work, Reporting Examination, Reporting, Oral Public Presentation, Laboratory Clinical Work, **Patient** Examination, Artistic Interpretation, Other

Certainly identified evaluation criteria are stated and if and where they are accessible by the students.

Evaluation methods:

- 1. Final written examination (70%) (multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions)
- 2. Written Assignment (optional) and Oral Presentation (30%)

Assessment language: Greek

Evaluation criteria are stated at the first lecture. They are also available at the course website.

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:
 - 1. DiMatteo M.R. & Martin L.E. (2011). *Introduction to Health Psychology.* Publisher: PEDIO A.E.
 - 2. Karademas E.Ch. (2005). *Health Psychology*. Publisher: G. DARDANOS K. DARDANOS O.E.
 - 3. Ogden J. (2016). Health Psychology. Publisher: PARISIANOU.
- Related academic journals:
 - 1. International Journal of Clinical and Health Psychology

- 2. Health Psychology
- 3. Health Psychology Bulletin
- 4. Behavioral Neuroscience
- 5. Health Psychology and Behavioral Medicine

Advanced Methods of Quantitative Data Analysis

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Social Sciences				
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Psychology				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Bachelor				
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ006		SEMESTER	5 th	
COURSE TITLE	Advanced Methods of Quantitative Data Analysis			alysis	
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	ING ACTIVITIES				
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	kercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	ì	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	course, give	the weekly	HOURS		
teaching hours and th	e total credit	S			
		Lectures	2		5
	Labora	tory practices	1		
	3				
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the					
teaching methods used are describ	cribed in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE	Specialised	general knowle	edge		
general background,					
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek				
and EXAMINATIONS:	GIEEK				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO					
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					
COORDE TIEBOTTE (ONE)					

(1) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

In this course students are expected to become familiar with the use of statistical methods and packages, that are useful in psychometrics and in the analysis of data that are derived from the field of social sciences.

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

• Use statistical software such as SPSS and R

 Perform statistical analysis using regression analysis methods (multiple linear regression), analysis of variance (one-way, two-way), decision trees, generalized linear models and survival analysis.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data

and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations **Decision-making**

Working independently Team work

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary

environment Production of new research ideas Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical

responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

..... Others...

- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- **Decision-making**
- Working independently
- Team work

(2) SYLLABUS

- Introduction to the use of statistical software (e.g., SPSS, R)
- Regression analysis (Multiple Linear Regression)
- One-way Analysis Of Variance (one-way ANOVA)
- Two-way Analysis Of Variance (two-way ANOVA)
- **Decision trees**
- **Generalized Linear Models**
- Survival Analysis

(3) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face	
Face-to-face, Distance learning,		
etc.		
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of .ppt slides and PC	
COMMUNICATIONS		
TECHNOLOGY		
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory		
education, communication with		
students		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39
teaching are described in detail.	Laboratory practices	26
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Study of bibliography	39
practice, fieldwork, study and		

analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	Independent study	21
placements, clinical practice, art	Course total	125
workshop, interactive teaching,		
educational visits, project, essay		
writing, artistic creativity, etc.		
The student's study hours for each		
learning activity are given as well		
as the hours of non-directed study		
according to the principles of the		
ECTS		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE		
EVALUATION		
Description of the evaluation		
procedure	Written work	
	Essay/Report	
Language of evaluation, methods	Public Presentation	
of evaluation, summative or		
conclusive, multiple choice		
questionnaires, short-answer		
questions, open-ended questions,		
problem solving, written work,		
essay/report, oral examination,		
public presentation, laboratory		
work, clinical examination of		
patient, art interpretation, other		
Specifically-defined evaluation		
criteria are given, and if and where		
they are accessible to students.		

(4) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

Clinical Ethics

COURSE OUTLINE

(5) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ012		SEMESTER	5 th	
COURSE TITLE	Clinical Ethics				
if credits are awarded for separ course, e.g. lectures, laboratory e. are awarded for the whole of the teaching hours and th	rate compone xercises, etc. I c course, give	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS	
Lectures			3		5
Add rows if necessary. The organis teaching methods used are describ COURSE TYPE general background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	ribed in detail at (d). E General Background d, d ds				
PREREQUISITE COURSES: LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION					
and EXAMINATIONS:				ammation	
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://eco	urse.uoi.gr/eni	rol/index.php	?id=2	2437

Positive Psychology

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES			
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ040		SEMESTER	5 th
COURSE TITLE	POSITIVE P	SYCHOLOGY		
if credits are awarded for separ course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex are awarded for the whole of the teaching hours and th	rate compon xercises, etc. course, give	ents of the If the credits If the weekly	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	G CREDITS
		LECTURES	3	4
Add rows if necessary. The organism teaching methods used are describe COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised	Special Background			
general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	NO			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS: IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://ecourse.uoi.gr/course/view.php?id=3450			?id=3450

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Positive Psychology is one of the newest fields of Psychology. The aim of the course is to introduce students to the basic principles, theory and methods of the field. The course deals with concepts related to positive thinking, positive emotions, resilience, happiness, hope, and optimism. The goal is for students to familiarize themselves with the growing body of research data on creating, maintaining and developing positive individuals, relationships, organizations and communities. Interventions and applications of positive psychology in the

real world with a focus on work and education will also be discussed. The course contains a significant number of experiential exercises aimed at the personal development and reflection of students.

After successful completion of the course students will be able to:

- 1. understand and evaluate the fundamental concepts of the field of Positive Psychology,
- 2. understand and evaluate the scientific approach adopted by the field of Positive Psychology and compare it with intuitive methods,
- 3. discuss the role of positive emotions, thoughts, attitudes and behaviors in daily life;
- 4. understand the role and importance of positive psychological interventions,
- 5. discuss the application of theoretical knowledge and findings of Positive Psychology to work and education;
- 6. reflect on the application of theoretical knowledge and findings of Positive Psychology in their personal and professional lives.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work

Working in an international environment
Working in an interdisciplinary
environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management
Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Respect for the natural environment
Showing social, professional and ethical
responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking
.....
Others...

- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Working independently
- Team work
- Working in an international environment
- Project planning and management
- Respect for difference and multiculturalism
- Respect for the natural environment
- Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
- Criticism and self-criticism

(3) SYLLABUS

The main themes of the course include:

- 1. History of Positive Psychology
- 2. Positive emotions
- 3. Happiness, eudemonic and subjective well-being, flourish
- 4. Optimism, attribution styles, hope and curiosity
- 5. Resilience, posttraumatic growth, positive ageing
- 6. Love and friendship
- 7. Gratitude, forgiveness and acceptance
- 8. Empathy, compassion, altruism and heroism
- 9. Transcendence and spirituality Mindfulness
- 10. Flow, pleasure
- 11. Humor

- 12. Positive Psychology interventions
- 13. Positive Psychology interventions at work

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

D.E.I.W. (EDV.			
DELIVERY	Face-to-face teaching		
Face-to-face, Distance learning,			
etc.	-		
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of ICT in teaching		
COMMUNICATIONS	Use of ICT in communication		
TECHNOLOGY	Support using e-course elec	tronic platform	
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory			
education, communication with			
students			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39	
teaching are described in detail.	Study and analysis of	20	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	bibliography		
practice, fieldwork, study and	Practical exercises	5	
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	Essay writing	15	
placements, clinical practice, art	Studying for exams	18	
workshop, interactive teaching,	Exams	3	
educational visits, project, essay	Course total		
writing, artistic creativity, etc.	(25 hours of work equal	100	
	one ECTS)		
The student's study hours for each			
learning activity are given as well			
as the hours of non-directed study			
according to the principles of the			
ECTS			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE		_	
EVALUATION	I. Final Exam (60%) consistir	ng of:	
Description of the evaluation	- Multiple choice questions		
procedure	- Short-answer questions		
	- Open-ended questions		
Language of evaluation, methods	- Problem solving questions		
of evaluation, summative or	H C M	. \ (400()	
conclusive, multiple choice	II. Group Written Work (Ess.	ay) (40%)	
questionnaires, short-answer			
questions, open-ended questions,			
problem solving, written work,			
essay/report, oral examination,			
public presentation, laboratory			
work, clinical examination of			
patient, art interpretation, other			
Specifically-defined evaluation			
criteria are given, and if and where			
they are accessible to students.			

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

Hefferon, K. & Boniwell, I. (2019). *Positive psychology: Theory, research and applications*. Gutenberg. (In Greek - translated edition of Positive psychology: Theory, research and applications)

Stalikas, A., & Mytskidou, P. (Eds.). (2011). *Introduction to positive psychology*. Topos. (In Greek)

Proctor, C. (Ed.) (2017). Positive psychology interventions in practice. Springer.

Furlong, M. J., Gilman, R., & Huebner, E. S. (Eds.). (2021). *Positive psychology in schools*. Papazisis. (In Greek – translated edition of Handbook of positive psychology in schools)

Parks, A. C., & Schueller, S. M. (Eds.) (2014). *The Wiley Blackwell handbook of positive psychological interventions.* Wiley.

Dickerson, D. (2012). *Social psychology: traditional and critical perspectives*. Kritiki. (In Greek - translated edition of Social psychology: traditional and critical perspectives)

Hewstone, M. & Stroebe, W. (2007). *Introduction to social psychology*. Papazisis. (In Greek-translated edition of Introduction to social psychology)

Hogg, M. A. & Vaughan, G. M. (2010). *Social psychology*. Gutenberg. (In Greek - translated edition of Social Psychology)

- Related academic journals:

HUMOR: International Journal of Humor Research International Journal of Applied Positive Psychology Mindfulness

Journal of Happiness Studies

Journal of Positive Psychology

Journal of Well-Being Assessment

School Community: Counselling and Consultation

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Social Sciences			
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Psychology			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Bachelor			
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ010		SEMESTER	5 th
COURSE TITLE	School Com	nmunity: Couns	selling and Co	onsultation
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITII	ES		
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	kercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	. •	•	HOURS	
teaching hours and th	e total credit	S		
		Lectures	2	5
	Labora	tory practices	1	
			3	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the				
	eaching methods used are described in detail at (d).			
COURSE TYPE	Specialised	general knowle	edge	
general background,				
special background, specialised				
general knowledge, skills				
development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek			
and EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO				
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				
,				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

After successfully attending and completing the course, students are expected to:

- Understand the importance of counseling in the school community and the role of the school psychologist.
- Identify counseling methods and levels of counseling intervention.
- Discuss models of counseling interventions in the school community

- Implement psychological interventions and group counseling with children and adolescents.
- Refer to the types of crises in the school community and apply general principles of counseling and intervention.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Working independently Criticism and self-criticism

Team work Production of free, creative and inductive

Working in an international environment thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary
environment Others...
Production of new research ideas

- Autonomous work.

- Group work (students discuss weekly readings in groups).
- Criticism and self-criticism (discussion of lecture-related thematic issues in relation to previous knowledge and experience of the students but also in the context of the scientific texts they have studied).
- Decision-making (in the context of situations presented as examples in each theoretical approach. Decision-making and presentation in the group regarding the intervention or the role of the school psychologist)

(3) SYLLABUS

The main thematic axes of the course include:

- Current trends in School Psychology and counseling in the school community: the role of the school psychologist.
- Counseling methods. Levels of counseling intervention: Individual, group, system.
- Counseling process: Stages, skills, implementation.
- Definition and conceptual approaches of consultation in the school community.
- Theoretical approaches and models of consultation in the context of schools.
- Consultation: Dimensions, characteristics, and stages
- Training of professional consultants.
- Group counseling with children and adolescents
- The role of counseling in crisis management: Objectives, general principles and intervention in crisis situations. The role of the school psychologist.
- The Greek experience from the implementation of mental health consultation services in school.

DELIVERY	Face-to-face
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	
etc.	

USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY

Use of .ppt slides and PC

Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students

TFΔ	CHI	NG	ME1	HO	DS

The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.

Activity	Semester workload
Lectures	39
Laboratory practices	26
Study of bibliography	39
Independent study	21
Course total	125

The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

Students will be assessed as described below:

- Final written exam, 80%-100% of the total score. The course material for the final exam consists of the lectures and the given readings. A combined assessment form will be used consisting of multiple-choice questions and one open-ended question for written consideration.
- Optional assignment (up to 20%): The assignment can be individual or group (up to three students). The assignment will focus on the study and presentation of a scientific article or book chapter from the recent international literature. The scientific text will be chosen by the student, based on his/her interests and the thematic sections of the course.

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

Brouzos, A. (2009). The teacher as a counseling operator: A humanistic approach. Dardanos Publishing

Hatzichristou, C. (2011). School Psychology. Typothito.

Hatzichristou, C. (2014). Counseling in the School Community. Typothito.

Kougioumtzis, G. (2019). Teacher Mentoring and Dimensions of Applied School Psychology and Counseling. Grigori Publishing.

Kourkoutas, E. (2017). School Counseling and interventions for children with disorders. Pedio.

- Related academic journals:
Journal of School Psychology
Journal of Applied School Psychology
School Psychology International
School Psychology
School Psychology Review
Contemporary School Psychology
Journal of School and Educational Psychology

Laboratory of Qualitative Research and Data Analysis

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ049		SEMESTER	5 th	
COURSE TITLE	LABORATORY OF QUALITATIVE RESEARCH AND DATA ANALYSIS			CH AND DATA	
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITII	ES			
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory es are awarded for the whole of the teaching hours and the	exercises, etc. If the credits the course, give the weekly HOURS			CREDITS	
		Lectures	3	5	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the					
teaching methods used are describ	, ,				
COURSE TYPE	OURSE TYPE Specialized general knowl				
general background,	Skills devel	opment			
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek				
and EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO					
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					
,					

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This laboratory course offers the students the opportunity of furthering knowledge and practical exercising in qualitative methods of research and analysis in psychology. At a broader level, it aims at: (a) familiarising the students with the distinctive epistemological assumptions underlying qualitative research in social sciences, in general, and in psychology in particular; (b) acquiring skills in producing qualitative data, such as in conducting

interviews, focus groups and eliciting narratives; (c) familiarising the students, at a practical level, with the different methods of analysing qualitative data in psychological research; (d) practical training of the students in the skills of writing a qualitative research report in psychology.

By the time that the course shall be completed, the students:

- Shall have an operational understanding of the epistemological positions informing the qualitative research methods in psychology.
- Shall have exposed to adequate training in formulating relevant research questions.
- Shall have been trained in designing a qualitative research in psychology.
- Shall have acquired practical skills in producing qualitative research data (interviews, narratives, visual material).
- Shall have acquired practical skills in analysing qualitative data through the use of different analytic approaches deployed in research in psychology.
- Shall have acquired skills in writing a scientific report of a qualitative research in psychology.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making

Working independently Team work

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

..... Others...

- Working independently
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Production of new research ideas
- Adapting to new situations
- Decision-making
- Teamwork
- Project planning and management

(3) SYLLABUS

This laboratory course aims at developing the students' skills in using, in theorising, in producing and analysing qualitative data in psychology. Specifically, during the course, the students shall form working groups, comprising 4-7 persons, and shall conduct a small-scale qualitative research through interviews.

LECTURE AND WORKSHOP TOPICS

- xix. Introduction to the aims, the demands and the content of the course.
- xx. Methods of producing qualitative data:
 - Introduction to the production of qualitative data.
 - Interviews as a tool of producing qualitative data in psychology.
 - Focus groups as a tool in producing research data in psychology.
- xxi. Thematic Analysis
 - Introduction to the method of thematic analysis
 - Epistemology, theory and applications
- xxii. Interpretative Phenomenological Analysis
 - Introduction of Phenomenology / Hermeneutics
 - Theory and key scholars
- xxiii. Biographical and Narrative Analysis: Main themes
 - Introduction to these methods
 - Theoretical and epistemological differences
 - Interview methods
 - Contributions to psychology
- xxiv. Grounded Theory
 - Introduction and theoretical background
 - Method of analysis
 - A step-by-step guide to the analysis
- xxv. Ethnographic Research Participatory Action Research
 - Introduction theoretical issues
 - Data collection
 - Data presentation
- xxvi. Multimodal methods of research: Key issues
 - Introduction to the concept of multimodal research and of integrating approaches to data production
 - Theoretical and epistemological differences
 - Novel methods in producing data
 - Applications to psychological research
- xxvii. Workshop exercises
- xxviii. Unfolding analyses
- xxix. Closing: Discussing research projects

DELIVERY	At the classroom / laboratory
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	
etc.	

USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY

Use of power-point Use of PC Use of e-course

Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students

TEA	CHI	NG	ME ^T	ГНС	DS

The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.

The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS

Activity	Semester workload
Lectures	39
Workshops	20
Practical exercises	13
Project	26
Study of bibliography	24
and course material	
EXAMS	3
Course total	125

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

- Group project (60% of the total mark): conducting a qualitative research, deploying methods presented in the course
- Written examination (40% of the total mark)

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:
- Flick, U. (2017). Εισαγωγή στην Ποιοτική Έρευνα. Αθήνα: Προπομπός.
- Τσιώλης, Γ. (2014). *Μέθοδοι και Τεχνικές Ανάλυσης στην Ποιοτική Έρευνα*. Αθήνα: Κριτική.
- Willig, C. (2015). Ποιοτικές Μέθοδοι Έρευνας στην Ψυχολογία: Εισαγωγή. Αθήνα: Gutenberg.
- Ίσαρη, Φ. & Μαλικιώση-Λοϊζου, Μ. (2018). Ποιοτική Έρευνα στη Συμβουλευτική. Αθήνα: Gutenberg.

- Ίσαρη, Φ. & Πουρκός, Μ.Α. (2016). Ποιοτική Μεθοδολογία Έρευνας. Εφαρμογές στην Ψυχολογία και στην Εκπαίδευση. Αθήνα: Ελληνικά Ακαδημαϊκά Ηλεκτρονικά Συγγράμματα & Βοηθήματα.
- Πουρκός, Μ. & Δαφέρμος, Μ. (Επιμ.) (2010). Ποιοτική Έρευνα στις Κοινωνικές Επιστήμες. Επιστημολογικά, Μεθοδολογικά και Ηθικά Ζητήματα. Αθήνα: Τόπος.
- Harper, D. & Thompson, A.R. (2012). Qualitative Research Methods in Mental Health & Psychotherapy. A Guide for Students and Practitioners. Oxford: Wiley-Blackwell.
- Smith, J.A. (ed.) (2007). Qualitative Psychology: A Practical Guide to Research Methods. London: Sage.

- Related academic journals:

- Qualitative Research in Psychology
- Qualitative Psychology
- International Journal of Qualitative Methods
- Forum Qualitative Social Research
- The Qualitative Report

6th Semester

Political Psychology

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCI	ENCES		
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRA	ADUATE		
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΥ005		SEMESTER	6 th
COURSE TITLE	POLITICAL	PSYCHOLOGY		
if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS	
		Lectures	3	5
, ,	Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the			
teaching methods used are describ		. ,		
COURSE TYPE	General ba	ckground		
general background,				
special background, specialised				
general knowledge, skills				
development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek			
and EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course offers a general introduction to the discipline of political psychology. It aims at (a) familiarising the students with landmark developments in the history of political psychology; (b) familiarising the students with the way in which political psychology defines its main and particular topics of research interests; (c) leading students to understand the more general logic that binds together these research topics as components of the same discipline; (d) leading students to understand the ways in which political psychologists,

traditionally, frame their research questions; (e) leading students to understand the methodological options available to political psychologists for answering these questions; and (f) familiarise the students, at an introductory level, with contemporary critical treatments of the topical and methodological choices that comprise the mainstream in the discipline of political psychology.

By the time that the course shall be completed, the students:

- Shall have an introductory knowledge of the historical roots of the discipline of political psychology.
- Shall be able to identify the main research topics in the discipline of political psychology.
- Shall comprehend the main developments in these research topics;
- Shall be able to recognise the political psychology way of thinking as a discrete disciplinary perspective, clearly distinctive to (generic) psychology and political science.
- Shall comprehend the more general social importance of main political psychology findings.
- Shall be familiarised, at an introductory level, with critical, reflexive positions advanced by contemporary political psychologists regarding theoretical and methodological issues in political psychology.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
Adapting to new situations

Decision-making
Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

..... Others...

- Working independently
- Respect for difference and multiculturalism
- Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

The present course offers a general introduction to the discipline of political psychology. In its context, political psychology is defined vis-à-vis related sub-disciplines of psychology and disciplines beyond psychology and are discussed nodal points of theory and research.

LECTURE TOPICS

xxx. The foundations of political psychology

xxxi. The history of political psychology

xxxii. Situational explanations of political action / behaviour and decision making in groups

xxxiii. Individualistic explanations of political action / behaviour: personality,

beliefs, cognitive processes

xxxiv. Emotion, affect, politics and biopolitics

xxxv. Electoral behaviour xxxvi. Collective movements

xxxvii. The psychology of political communication, mass media and political

rhetoric

xxxviii. Political psychology, nation-state, nationalism

DELIVERY	At the amphitheatre	
Face-to-face, Distance learning,		
etc.		
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of power-point	
COMMUNICATIONS	Use of e-course	
TECHNOLOGY		
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory		
education, communication with		
students		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39
teaching are described in detail.	Practical Exercises	16
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Study of bibliography	36
practice, fieldwork, study and	Independent study	34
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	,	-
placements, clinical practice, art		
workshop, interactive teaching,		
educational visits, project, essay		
writing, artistic creativity, etc.		
	Course total	125
The student's study hours for each	course total	123
learning activity are given as well		
as the hours of non-directed study		
according to the principles of the		
ECTS		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE		
EVALUATION		
Description of the evaluation	Written examination. Short	questions and essay type
procedure	of questions.	
Language of evaluation, methods		
of evaluation, summative or		
conclusive, multiple choice		
questionnaires, short-answer		
questions, open-ended questions,		
problem solving, written work,		
essay/report, oral examination,		

public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

- Χρυσοχόου, Ξ. & Ιατρίδης, Τ. (Επιμ.) (2013). Όψεις της Ηγεμονίας στις Φιλελεύθερες
 Κοινωνίες. Αθήνα: Πεδίο.
- Deconchy, J.P. & Dru, V. (2011). Ο Αυταρχισμός. Αθήνα: Πεδίο.
- Moser, H. (1999). Εισαγωγή στην Πολιτική Ψυχολογία: Σύγχρονες τάσεις στη διεθνή έρευνα. Αθήνα: Παπαζήσης.
- Cottam, M.L. (2015). Introduction to Political Psychology. London: Routledge.
- Houghton, D.P. (2015). Political Psychology: Situations, Individuals and Cases.
 London: Routledge.
- Tileaga, C. (2013). *Political Psychology: Critical Perspectives*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

- Related academic journals:

- Journal of Social and Political Psychology
- Political Psychology

Schools of Psychotherapy

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES					
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY					
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRA	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΥ018 SEMESTER 6 th					
COURSE TITLE	Schools of Psychotherapy					
if credits are awarded for separ course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex are awarded for the whole of the teaching hours and th	rate compone xercises, etc. e course, give	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS		
Lectures			3		5	
Add rows if necessary. The organis teaching methods used are describe COURSE TYPE general background, special background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	•	_				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS: IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	Greek					

Social Psychology of Intergroup Relations: Prejudice, Racism

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIE	NCES		
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRA	DUATE		
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ020		SEMESTER	6 th
COURSE TITLE	SOCIAL PSYC PREJUDICE,		NTERGROUP RE	ELATIONS:
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITIE	S		
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory es are awarded for the whole of the teaching hours and th	course, give	the weekly	TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
teadining nodio and th	e total eleant	Lectures	3	5
Add rows if necessary. The organis	ation of teach	hing and the		
teaching methods used are describ	•	•		
COURSE TYPE	Specialised	general knowl	edge	•
general background,	3			
special background, specialised				
general knowledge, skills				
development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek			
and EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://ecou	rse.uoi.gr/enro	ol/index.php?id	l=793

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course offers to the students a comprehensive overview of the social psychological approaches to intergroup relations, focusing, specifically, on prejudice and racism. Its aim is twofold: (a) to offer relevant to these perspectives knowledge on their theoretical and empirical dimensions; (b) to train the students in critical scientific thinking through the

comparative presentation of these perspectives and through the examination of the social and political context within which they were articulated. By the time that the course shall be completed, the students:

- Shall have a conceptual understanding of these different social psychological perspectives.
- Shall be able to compare and reflect on the advantages and disadvantages of these perspectives.
- Shall be able to locate these perspectives in their wider, political and social context.
- Shall be able to formulate tentative interpretations of relevant, contemporary events, aligning them with these theoretical frames of reference.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
Adapting to new situations

Adapting to new situations
Decision-making

Working independently

Team work
Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary

environment
Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

..... Others...

- Working independently
- Respect for difference and multiculturalism
- Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

- Introduction: "Race" and psychology. The doctrine of scientific racism. Psychological perspectives in 19th and early 20th C. and scientific racism. "Race" psychology.
- Psychodynamic perspectives or itineraries in the 'psychological depths' of prejudice: Freud. Le Bon. Heirs to Freud: Reich, Fromm. The concept of 'authoritarian personality' (Adorno et al.) The concept of 'unconscious pleasure' (Melanie Klein). Critical appraisal of the psychodynamic approaches to prejudice and racism.
- Gordon Allport's classic approach to the "Nature of Prejudice". The 'contact hypothesis'.
- Social cognition: Categorisation, stereotypes and prejudice.
- Social Identity Theory.
- Self-categorisation Theory.
- The rhetorical / ideological approach to prejudice.
- Discourse analytic perspectives on prejudice and racism.

DELIVERY	At the amphitheatre				
Face-to-face, Distance learning,					
etc.					
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of power-point				
COMMUNICATIONS	Use of e-course				
TECHNOLOGY					
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory					
education, communication with					
students					
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload			
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39			
teaching are described in detail.	Practical Exercises	16			
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Study of bibliography	36			
practice, fieldwork, study and	Independent study	34			
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,					
placements, clinical practice, art					
workshop, interactive teaching,					
educational visits, project, essay					
writing, artistic creativity, etc.					
The student's study become for each	Course total	125			
The student's study hours for each					
learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study					
according to the principles of the					
ECTS					
STUDENT PERFORMANCE					
EVALUATION					
Description of the evaluation	Written examination. Short	questions and essay type			
procedure	of questions.	. , , ,			
	·				
Language of evaluation, methods					
of evaluation, summative or					
conclusive, multiple choice					
questionnaires, short-answer					
questions, open-ended questions,					
problem solving, written work,					
essay/report, oral examination,					
public presentation, laboratory					
work, clinical examination of					
patient, art interpretation, other					
Specifically-defined evaluation					
criteria are given, and if and where					

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

they are accessible to students.

- Suggested bibliography:
 - Billig, M. (1976) Social Psychology and Intergroup Relations. London: Academic Press.
 - Billig, M., Condor, S., Edwards, D., Gane, M., Middleton, D. & Radley, A. (1988).
 Προκατάληψη και Ανεκτικότητα. Στο Ideological Dilemmas: a Social Psychology of Everyday Thinking. Λονδίνο: Sage.

- Brown, R. (2007) Σχέσεις μεταξύ των ομάδων. Στο M. Hewstone & W. Stroebe
 Εισαγωγή στην Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα: Παπαζήση.
- Brown, R. (2010). Prejudice: Its social psychology. London: Wiley-Blackwell.
- Campbell, D.T. (1990) Στερεότυπα και αντίληψη των διαφορών μεταξύ των ομάδων. Στο Σ. Παπαστάμου (Επιμ.) Διομαδικές Σχέσεις. Αθήνα: Οδυσσέας.
- Hogg, M.A. & Vaughan, G.M (2010) Προκατάληψη και διακρίσεις (Κεφ. 10) και Διομαδική συμπεριφορά (Κεφ. 11). Στο M.A. Hogg & G.M. Vaughan Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα: Gutenberg.
- Hopkins, N. & Reicher, S. (2011) Μια κοινωνική ψυχολογία της κατασκευής κατηγοριών. Στο Ν. Μποζατζής & Θ.Δραγώνα (Επιμ.) Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία: Η στροφή στον λόγο. Αθήνα: Μεταίχμιο.
- Milner, D. (1990) Φυλετική προκατάληψη. Στο Σ. Παπαστάμου (Επιμ.) Διομαδικές
 Σχέσεις. Αθήνα: Οδυσσέας.
- Potter, J. & Wetherell, M. (2009). Λόγος και Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα: Μεταίχμιο.
- Reicher, S. (2016) Η ψυχολογία της δυναμικής του πλήθους. Στο M. Hogg & S. Tindale
 (Επιμ.) Εγχειρίδιο Κοινωνικής Ψυχολογίας: Διεργασίες ομάδας. Αθήνα: Gutenberg
- Richards, G. (2012) "Race", Racism and Psychology: Towards a Reflexive Theory. London: Routledge.
- Wetherell, Μ. (2005) Ομαδική σύγκρουση και η κοινωνική ψυχολογία του ρατσισμού. Στο Μ. Wetherell (Επιμ.) Ταυτότητες, Ομάδες και Κοινωνικά Ζητήματα. Αθήνα: Μεταίχμιο.
- Χρυσοχόου, Ξ. (2011) Η Πολυπολιτισμική Πραγματικότητα: Οι κοινωνιοψυχολογικοί προσδιορισμοί της πολιτισμικής πολλαπλότητας. Αθήνα: Πεδίο
- Smith, P.B. & Bond, M.H. (2011) Διαπολιτισμική Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα: Gutenberg

- Related academic journals:

- British Journal of Social Psychology
- Group Processes and Intergroup Relations
- Journal of Community and Applied Social Psychology

Developing Brain and Neurodevelopmental Disorders

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

COLLOGI	COCIAL COL		FC		
SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIE	SOCIAL SCIENCES			
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOG	ŝΥ			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	6 th				
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ042		SEMESTER	6 th	
COLUBERTITIE	DEVELOPIN	G B	RAIN AND NEURODEVELO	OPN	1ENTAL
COURSE TITLE	DISORDERS				
INDEDENDENT TEACHING A	OT!\		WEEKLY TEACHING		CDEDITC
INDEPENDENT TEACHING A	ACTIVITIES HOURS CREDIT			CREDITS	
	Lectur	es	3		5
COURSE TYPE	Special Bacl	cgro	ound		
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	NONE				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek/English				
and EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	www.uoi.gr	(ur	nder construction)		

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

This course introduces students to the field of brain development and its relation with typical and atypical behaviour.

Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to:

- Comprehend the neural development (developmental changes in the brain's structure and function) as the basis of psychological and cognitive development
- Be familiar with the effects of brain insult in early childhood
- Understand the pathophysiological mechanisms involved in neurodevelopmental disorders and the environmental effects on brain development and behavior and specific neurodevelopmental syndromes and their neuropsychological profile
- Know the neurodevelopmental disorders and their neuropsychological profiles.

General Competences

Ability to work autonomously and in teams, in an interdisciplinary team, ability to generate new research ideas, to design and manage projects and to appreciate diversity and multiculturality

(3) SYLLABUS

- 1. Neural characteristics of development. Development of functions. Environmental effects on brain development. Development of functional asymmetry.
- 2. Vulnerability and Plasticity of the Developing Brain. Effects of brain insult/trauma in early childhood
- 3. Neurodevelopmental disorders (categories, characteristics, diagnosis -DSM-V)
- 4. Neuropsychology of selected developmental disorders

DELIVERY	Face-to Face mode of delive	ery		
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	Use of ICT in Course Teaching and in Communication with Students			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
	Lectures	100		
	Written assignments 20			
	Exams 5			
	Course Total (25 hours of workload 125 per credit unit)			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	through written exams, that grade on the course. A presentation in class duri	students will be evaluated will contribute 100% of the written assignment and ng the semester may be 1 point to the final grade of		

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Κωνσταντίνου, Μ., & Κοσμίδου, Μ. (2011). Νευροψυχολογία των μαθησιακών διαταραχών. Αθήνα: Εκδόσεις Παρισιάνου Α. Ε.
- 2. Λάζαρος Τριάρχου. (2006). Αναπτυξιακά σύνδρομα στην ειδική αγωγή. Εκδόσεις Πανεπιστημίου Μακεδονίας (Κωδικός Βιβλίου στον Εύδοξο: 4549)
- 3. American Psychiatric Association (2022). The Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fifth Edition, Text Revision (DSM-5-TR). VA, United States

Psychodynamic Approaches to Health and Illness

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ026		SEMESTER	6 th	
COURSE TITLE	PSYCHODYNAM	MIC APPROA	ACHES TO HEA	ALTH A	ND
COORSE TITLE	ILLNESS				
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITIES				
if credits are awarded for separ	ate components	of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	•		TEACHING	ì	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	. •	e weekly	HOURS		
teaching hours and th					
	LECTURES AN	ND ESSAYS	3		4
Add rows if necessary. The organis					
teaching methods used are describ		•			
	SPECIAL BACK	GROUND			
general background,					
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	GREEK				
and EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	NO				
ERASMUS STUDENTS	1				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://ecours	e.uoi.gr			

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Following the successful completion of the course, students are expected:

• To be familiar with the main concepts and processes in psycho-emotional development and psychosomatics as described by major psychoanalytic schools/theories.

- To understand the connection of psycho-emotional development and early relations with psychosomatic health and illness.
- To recognize the intrapsychic processes involved in symptom (somatic) formation and to interpret health-related behaviours.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data
and information, with the use of the
necessary technology
Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Respect for the natural environment
Showing social, professional and ethical
responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Working independently Criticism and self-criticism

Team work Production of free, creative and inductive

Working in an international environment thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary

environment Others...

Production of new research ideas

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology, working independently, team work, working in an interdisciplinary environment, respect for difference and multiculturalism, criticism and self-criticism, production of free, creative and inductive thinking.

(3) SYLLABUS

The course aims to introduce students to the major psychoanalytic theories with regard to health psychology and physical illness. It focuses on the psychodynamic factors involved in health-related behaviours, the somatic symptom formation and its symbolic representations. Clinical cases are discussed to enhance understanding of theory applications in practice. The main topics covered include:

- The origins of psychoanalysis in the work of Sigmund Freud, the study of conversion phenomena and actual neuroses.
- Psycho-emotional development, symbolic function and the psychosomatic problematic: Object-relations in the theory of Melanie Klein, mother-infant relationship in the work of Donald Winnicott and Wilfred Bion.
- Paris Psychosomatic School and contemporary psychodynamic aspects of health.
- Topics of special interest, research prospects and clinical applications to health psychology.

DELIVERY	Face-to-face (in class)
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	
etc.	
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of ICT in teaching (e-course, power point
COMMUNICATIONS	presentations, audiovisual material) and
TECHNOLOGY	communication with students.
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory	

education, communication with students **TEACHING METHODS** Semester workload **Activity** The manner and methods of Lectures 39 teaching are described in detail. Study & analysis of 20 Lectures, seminars, laboratory bibliography practice, fieldwork, study and Essay writing & 16 analysis of bibliography, tutorials, presenting placements, clinical practice, art Study independently 25 workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well Course total 100 as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the **ECTS EVALUATION OF STUDENTS** Evaluation methods: Description of the evaluation 3. Final written examination (70%)process (multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions) Assessment Language, Written Assignment (optional) and Oral Assessment Methods, Formulation Presentation (30%) or Conclusion, Multiple Choice Assessment language: Greek Test, Short Response Questions, Test Questions, Problem Solving, Evaluation criteria are stated at the first lecture. They Written Work, Reporting are also available at the course website. Reporting, Oral Examination, Public Presentation, Laboratory Work. Clinical **Patient** Artistic Examination, Interpretation, Other

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

criteria are stated and if and where they are accessible by the

- Suggested bibliography:

Certainly identified

students.

evaluation

- 1. Graeme T.J. (2001). *Psychosomatic medicine and contemporary psychoanalysis*. Publisher: Kastaniotis, Greece.
 - 2. Dumet N. (2011). *Clinical study of psychosomatic disorders (Clinique des troubles psychosomatiques*). Publisher: Gutenberg, Greece.
 - 3. Kreisler L. (2001). *Contemporary psychoanalysis of infant and child (Le nouvel enfant du desordre psychosomatique)*. Publisher: Kastaniotis, Greece.
 - 4. Duberstein P.R. & Masling J.M. (2007). *Psychodynamic perspectives on sickness and health*. Publisher: Tipothito/Dardanos, Greece.
- Related academic journals:

- 1. Psychosomatic Medicine
- 2. Psychosomatics
- 3. Journal of Psychosomatic Research
- 4. International Journal of Psychoanalysis

Statistical Methods with Applications in Psychometrics

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of School	ocial Sciences			
ACADEMIC UNIT	Departmen	Department of Psychology			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Bachelor				
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ007		SEMESTER	6 th	
COURSE TITLE	Statistical N	Nethods with A	pplications in	Psy	chometrics
if credits are awarded for separ course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex are awarded for the whole of the teaching hours and th	ate compone kercises, etc. course, give	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS	
		Lectures	2		5
	Labora	tory practices	1		
		3			
Add rows if necessary. The organise	•				
teaching methods used are describ		. ,			
COURSE TYPE	Specialised general knowledge				
general background,					
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://eco	https://ecourse.uoi.gr/course/view.php?id=2088			2088

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

In this course students are expected to become familiar with the use of statistical methods and packages, that are useful in psychometrics and in the analysis of data that are derived from the field of social sciences.

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

• Use statistical software such as SPSS and R

• Use questionnaire relevance and reliability indices (e.g., Cronbach's a), Factor Analysis, Correspondence Analysis, Cluster Analysis, Principal Component Analysis, Structural Equation Models (eg Path Analysis), Item Response Theory.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data

and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations Decision-making

Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary

environment
Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical

responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

..... Others...

 Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

- Decision-making
- Working independently
- Team work

(3) SYLLABUS

- Introduction to the use of statistical software (e.g., SPSS, R)
- Correlation coefficients
- Reliability of Questionnaires (reliability indices e.g., Cronbach's α)
- Factor Analysis
- Correspondence Analysis
- Cluster Analysis
- Principal Component Analysis
- Structural Equation Models, e.g., Path Analysis
- Item Response Theory

DELIVERY	Face-to-face	
Face-to-face, Distance learning,		
etc.		
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of .ppt slides and PC	
COMMUNICATIONS		
TECHNOLOGY		
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory		
education, communication with		
students		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39
teaching are described in detail.	Laboratory practices	26
	Assignments	21

Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Independent study	39
practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the	Course total	125
STUDENT PERFORMANCE		
EVALUATION		
Description of the evaluation		
procedure	Written work	
	Essay/Report	
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	Public Presentation	
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where		

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

they are accessible to students.

- Andy Field Jeremy Miles Zoe Field, Ανακαλύπτοντας την Στατιστική με τη Χρήση της R. (μετάφραση επιμέλεια Ι Ντζούφρας). Εκδόσεις Προπομπός, 2019 Περιστέρι. Κωδ. Ευδόξου 86195862
- Ρούσσος, Π. Λ., & Τσαούσης, Γ. (2020). Στατιστική στις Επιστήμες της Συμπεριφοράς με τη χρήση του SPSS και του R . Αθήνα: Gutenberg .
- Ντζούφρας Ι & Καρλής Δ (2015), ΕΙΣΑΓΩΓΗ ΣΤΟΝ ΠΡΟΓΡΑΜΜΑΤΙΣΜΟ ΚΑΙ ΣΤΗ ΣΤΑΤΙΣΤΙΚΗ ΑΝΑΛΥΣΗ ΜΕ R (e-book)

Occupational Health Psychology

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES			
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	ΨYE055 SEMESTER 6 th			
COURSE TITLE	OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH PSYCHOLOGY			
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES				
if credits are awarded for separate components of the			WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits			TEACHING	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	HOURS			
teaching hours and the total credits				
LECTURES			3	5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the			Optional	
teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).			Compulsory	
COURSE TYPE	Special Background			
general background,				
special background, specialised				
general knowledge, skills				
development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	NO			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek (English is used for instruction and examination			
and EXAMINATIONS:	for Erasmus students)			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://ecourse.uoi.gr/course/view.php?id=3572			
COULT TEBOTE (ONE)				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Occupational Health Psychology is a rapidly growing field in psychology. It focuses on the application of psychology to protect and promote the safety, health and well-being of employees. Occupational Health Psychology is mainly concerned with improving the quality of working life and preventing occupational stress, illness and injury at work. This course is an introduction to Occupational Health Psychology and offers the relevant theoretical

background, as well as a range of research and practical skills related to research and interventions in the field of work, safety and health in order to familiarize students with the concepts of employee exposure to risks while working and promoting health at work. Issues such as occupational stress, occupational safety, fatigue, workplace violence, and strategies for preventing and managing health and safety in contemporary workplaces will be addressed. Particular emphasis will be placed on studying interventions.

After successful completion of the course students will be able to:

- 1. understand and evaluate the fundamental concepts of the field of Occupational Health Psychology and the broader field of Occupational Health and Safety;
- 2. discuss the interdisciplinary nature of prevention and management of occupational health issues;
- 3. critically evaluate psychological research on interventions in the field of Occupational Health Psychology;
- 4. explain how the study of Occupational Health Psychology relates to the problems of daily life and their own experiences;
- 5. understand and evaluate how Occupational Health Psychology can improve the psychological and physical well-being of people at work, with an emphasis on prevention; 6. produce effective and ethical research designs.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data
and information, with the use of the
necessary technology
Respect for the natural environment
Adapting to new situations
Decision-making
Working independently
Project planning and management
Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Respect for the natural environment
Showing social, professional and ethical
responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Criticism and self-criticism

Team work Production of free, creative and inductive

Working in an international environment thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary
environment Others...
Production of new research ideas

- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Working independently
- Team work
- Working in an international environment
- Working in an interdisciplinary environment
- Project planning and management
- Respect for difference and multiculturalism
- Respect for the natural environment
- Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
- Criticism

(3) SYLLABUS

The main themes of the course include:

- 14. The field of Occupational Health Psychology in Greece and the world historical development, research methods, synergies with institutions and other professions
- 15. Theoretical models
- 16. Work related interventions Planning, implementation and evaluation
- 17. Psychosocial risks

- 18. Violence and aggression at work
- 19. Work stress, burnout, depression and anxiety
- 20. Physical health at work
- 21. Work-life balance
- 22. Dangerous and demanding work Dangerous occupations
- 23. Health and safety at work
- 24. Social and organizational support Safety climate and the role of leadership
- 25. Stress coping strategies, wellness programs and wellbeing

	T				
DELIVERY	Face-to-face teaching				
Face-to-face, Distance learning,					
etc.					
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of ICT in teaching				
COMMUNICATIONS	Use of ICT in communication				
TECHNOLOGY	Support using e-course elec	tronic platform			
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory					
education, communication with					
students					
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload			
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39			
teaching are described in detail.	Study and analysis of	38			
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	bibliography				
practice, fieldwork, study and	Practical exercises	5			
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	Essay writing	20			
placements, clinical practice, art	Studying for exams	20			
workshop, interactive teaching,	Exams	3			
educational visits, project, essay	Course total				
writing, artistic creativity, etc.	(25 hours of work equal	125			
	one ECTS)				
The student's study hours for each					
learning activity are given as well					
as the hours of non-directed study					
according to the principles of the					
ECTS					
STUDENT PERFORMANCE		_			
EVALUATION	I. Final Exam (50%) consistin	ig of:			
Description of the evaluation	- Open-ended questions				
procedure	- Problem solving questions				
		1) (400()			
Language of evaluation, methods	II. Group Written Work (Pro	posal) (40%)			
of evaluation, summative or		- (D /4.00/)			
conclusive, multiple choice	III. Oral Group Presentation	ot Proposal (10%)			
questionnaires, short-answer					
questions, open-ended questions,					
problem solving, written work,					
essay/report, oral examination,					
public presentation, laboratory					
work, clinical examination of					
patient, art interpretation, other					

Specifically-defined	evaluation
criteria are given, and	if and where
they are accessible to	students.

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

Vakola, M., & Nikolaou, I. (2019). *Organizational psychology and behavior*. Rossili. (In Greek) Robbins, S. P., & Judge, T. A. (2018). *Organizationl behavior*. Kritiki. (In Greek - translated edition of Organizational Behavior)

Greenberg, J., & Baron, R. A. (2013). *Organizationl psychology and behavior*. Gutenberg. (In Greek - translated edition of Behavior in organizations)

Clarke, S., Probst, T. M., Guldenmund, F., & Passmore, J. (Eds.). (2015). *The Wiley Blackwell handbook of the psychology of occupational safety and workplace health*. Wiley.

Christensen, M., Saksvik, P. O., & Karanika-Murray, M. (Eds.). (2017). *The positive side of occupational health psychology*. Springer.

Houdmont, J., & Leka, S. (Eds.). (2010). *Contemporary occupational health psychology: Global perspectives on research and practice, volume 1.* Wiley.

Houdmont, J., Leka, S., & Sinclair, R. R. (Eds.). (2012). *Contemporary occupational health psychology: Global perspectives on research and practice, volume 2.* Wiley.

Leka, S., & Sinclair, R. R. (Eds.). (2014). *Contemporary occupational health psychology: Global perspectives on research and practice, volume 3.* Wiley.

Hughes, P. & Ferrett, E. (2022). *Introduction to health and safety at work: For the NEBOSH National General Certificate in Occupational Health and Safety*. Πασχαλίδης.

- Related academic journals:

Journal of Applied Psychology Journal of Occupational Health Psychology Occupational Health Science Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment & Health

Cognitive Behavioural Approaches

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCI	ENCE			
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOG	PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRA	DUATE			
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ008		SEMESTER	6 th	
COURSE TITLE	COGNITIVE BEHAVIOURAL APPROACHES				
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITII	ES			
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	kercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	ì	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	course, give	the weekly	HOURS		
teaching hours and th	e total credit	S			
		LECTURES	3		5
Add rows if necessary. The organiz	ows if necessary. The organization of teaching and the				
teaching methods used are describ	ed are described in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE	SPECIALIZATION: GENERA		L KNOWLEDG	E	
general background,					
special background, specialized					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	GREEK				
and EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competencies of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course, are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course enables students to develop the following skills:

- To delve into issues related to the behavioural and cognitive approach, to their historical development and the present
- To prepare literature reviews in the field of Cognitive-Behavioral Psychology
- To get acquainted with the methodological approaches of behaviourism and the cognitive view of normal and pathological behaviour

 To use theoretical principles of the cognitive-behavioural approach of psychology for the understanding and interpretation of pathological behaviours and to understand the appropriate methods of dealing with them with this approach

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Respect for the natural environment Adapting to new situations Showing social, professional and ethical **Decision-making** responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Working independently Criticism and self-criticism

Team work Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment

..... Others... Production of new research ideas

- 1. Application of theoretical knowledge in practice
- 2. Search, analysis and synthesis of data and information, using the necessary technologies
- 3. Autonomous work
- 4. Teamwork
- 5. Respect for diversity and multiculturalism
- 6. Demonstration of social, professional and moral responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
- 7. Exercise of critical thinking and self-criticism
- 8. Promotion of free, creative and inductive thinking
- 9.

(3) SYLLABUS

In this module, students will become familiar with the study of behaviour through models developed by precursors (Ivan Pavlov) and proponents of the behavioural approach (Watson, Skinner) and mental disorders' therapeutic approaches.

The cognitive approaches of mental disorders and modifying dysfunctional cognitive patterns will also be developed. The convergence of behaviourism with cognitive researchers-therapists that led to modern cognitive-behavioural approaches to health and mental disorders will also be covered.

At the same time, students will become acquainted with key concepts of the currents covered in the course, such as factor learning, desensitization, reinforcement, social learning, learned helplessness and the stages of Piaget's cognitive development.

DELIVERY	IN PERSON	
Face-to-face, Distance learning,		
etc.		
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use power-point for teaching.	
COMMUNICATIONS	Use video for teaching.	

TECHNOLOGY	Use of the Ecourse to provi	de educational material to			
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory	students				
education, communication with					
students					
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload			
The manner and methods of	Attendance of lectures	39			
teaching are described in detail.	Study and analysis of	31			
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	books and articles				
practice, fieldwork, study and	Design – assignment	52			
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	preparation (research				
placements, clinical practice, art	project)				
workshop, interactive teaching,	Examination	3			
educational visits, project, essay					
writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Course total	125			
The student's study hours for each					
learning activity are given as well					
as the hours of non-directed study					
according to the principles of the					
ECTS					
STUDENT PERFORMANCE					
EVALUATION	1. Written final examination	n which includes:			
Description of the evaluation	Development que				
procedure	•Multiple choice qu				
	 Critical evaluation 	•			
Language of evaluation, methods	_	and preparation (research			
of evaluation, summative or	project)				
conclusive, multiple-choice					
questionnaires, short-answer					
questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work,					
essay/report, oral examination,					
public presentation, laboratory					
work, clinical examination of					
patient, art interpretation, other					
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
Specifically-defined evaluation					

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

McGuire J., Building W.(2000) Cognitive-Behavioural approaches. An introduction to theory and research Liverpool, M. Jane Furniss HMIP.

Psychophysiology 1

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLO	PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRA	ADUATE			
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ035		SEMESTER	6 th	
COURSE TITLE	PSYCHOPH	YSIOLOGY 1			
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITI	ES			
if credits are awarded for separ	•	-	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	kercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	ì	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	. •	•	HOURS		
teaching hours and th	e total credit	ts			
LECT	TURES AND A	ASSIGNMENTS	3		4
	Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the				
teaching methods used are describ		• •			
	SPECIAL BACKGROUND				
general background,					
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	GREEK				
and EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					
,					

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

With the successful completion of the course should acknowledge and understand:

- 1. The History of human brain study and the evolutionary process
- 2. the basic function and anatomy of human nervous system
- 3. the basic research and clinical methods for studying brain function.
- 4. regional and functional anatomy of the brain
- 5. the effects (and mechanisms of action) of hormones and psychoactive substances on

the brain

- 6. the neurobiology and anatomy of sensory systems
- 7. the neurobiology of basic function for organism sustainability and the association of the brain with other systems of the human body.

Finally, students should be able to understand the basic research findings published in the scientific journal which referred to the section (5) of the current

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data

and information, with the use of the

necessary technology Adapting to new situations

Decision-making

Working independently

Team work

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

..... Others...

.....

Application of critical and self-critical thinking skills

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

Promotion of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

The goal of the current course is on the introduction of basic principles, theoretical approaches and practices of the field of psychophysiology. The lectures have the following content

- 1. Learning Objectives Historical review of the study of brain function
- 2. Evolution of human brain. Human brain and other species brains
- 3. Neurons Synapse Neurotransmitters-
- 4. From Neurotransmitters to integrated brain function. Physiology of basic neurotransmitting circuits/systems of the brain
- 5. regional and functional anatomy of the brain (Brain stem Midbrain))
- 6. regional and functional anatomy of the brain (Mesolimbic system Cortex)
- 7. Functional categorization of Nervous System The autonomic nervous system "Flight or Fight" response
- 8. Brain Imaging and function Imaging in clinical practice
- 9. Basic neurophysiology of Movement and Sensory systems
- 10. Sensory systems
- 11. Brain and basic body function (Circadian rhythm, sleep, hunger, sexual behavior, temperature regulation)
- 12. Effects on the brain and mechanisms of actions of hormones and psychotropic drugs and medications
- 13. The association of CNS with other systems of the body (endocrine, reproductive, immune system, gastro-intestinal, cardiovascular etc).

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face teaching				
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	race to face teaching				
etc.					
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of power-point in teaching				
COMMUNICATIONS	Use of "e-course" for supply	•			
TECHNOLOGY	students	ing educational material to			
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory	Stating				
education, communication with					
students					
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload			
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39			
teaching are described in detail.	Study and analysis of	61			
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	literature	01			
practice, fieldwork, study and	necraedic				
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	Course total	100			
placements, clinical practice, art	Course total	100			
workshop, interactive teaching,					
educational visits, project, essay					
writing, artistic creativity, etc.					
,					
The student's study hours for each					
learning activity are given as well					
as the hours of non-directed study					
according to the principles of the					
ECTS					
STUDENT PERFORMANCE					
EVALUATION	Final written exam that incl	udes:			
Description of the evaluation					
procedure	Questions of written elabor	ation			
	Questions of comparison				
Language of evaluation, methods	Questions of critical assessn	nent			
of evaluation, summative or					
conclusive, multiple choice					
questionnaires, short-answer					
questions, open-ended questions,					
problem solving, written work,					
essay/report, oral examination,					
public presentation, laboratory					
work, clinical examination of					
patient, art interpretation, other					
Specifically-defined evaluation					
criteria are given, and if and where					
they are accessible to students.					

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested Bibliography:
- Fundamentals of Human Neuropsychology Kolb B. & Whishaw I
- Biological Psychology, Aleixo Paul, Baillon Murray,
- Psychophysiology, G. Papadatos

- Biological Psychology, James W. Kalat
- Brain and Behavior, Garrett B- Hough G.

Journals:

- -Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews
- -Neuropsychology Review
- -Biological Psychology
- -Neuropsychology
- -Biological Psychiatry
- -Translational Psychiatry
- -Psychophysiology
- -Behavioral and Brain Sciences

Systemic Family Theory

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIE	SOCIAL SCIENCES			
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ041		SEMESTER	6 th	
COURSE TITLE		SYSTEMIC FAMILY THEORY (SYSTEMIC APPLIATE FAMILY)			ACH OF
if credits are awarded for separ course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex are awarded for the whole of the teaching hours and th	rate components of the exercises, etc. If the credits e course, give the weekly		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS
		Lectures	2		4
		Tutorials	1		
Add rows if necessary. The organise teaching methods used are describ					
COURSE TYPE	General Background				
general background,					
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek				
and EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://ecedu.uoi.gr/wp-				
	content/uploads/2020/11/ptn-os-2020-21-				
	perigrammata-mathimaton-en.pdf				
	l				

7th Semester

Discourse-Analytic Social Psychology

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCI	SOCIAL SCIENCES			
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLO(PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRA	DUATE			
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ018		SEMESTER	7th	1
COURSE TITLE	DISCOURSE	-ANALYTIC SOC	CIAL PSYCHOL	.OGY	
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITII	ES			
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	kercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	ì	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the		•	HOURS		
teaching hours and th	e total credit	S			
		Lectures	3		5
	Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the				
teaching methods used are describ					
COURSE TYPE	Specialised general knowle		edge		
general background,					
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Crook				
and EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes				
ERASMUS STUDENTS	163				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://ecourse.uoi.gr/enrol/index.php?id=512				
COOLUL WEBSITE (ONE)			, mack.pmp:	.u-J	

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course aims at familiarising students with important theoretical and empirical perspectives that have developed within social psychology and which are often referred to as 'the discursive turn in social psychology'. The familiarisation of the students with these perspectives, by default, encourages students to think critically about the traditional theories of social psychology and psychology in general. By the time the course shall be

completed, the students:

- Shall have grasped the theoretical dimensions of the taught approaches.
- Shall have comprehended the theoretical and analytic differences between these approaches.
- Shall be in a position to form tentative social psychological research question articulated within the frame of reference of these theoretical / methodological approaches.
- Shall have acquired some initial, basic skills in discourse analysis through different perspectives.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data Project and information, with the use of the Respect necessary technology Respec

Adapting to new situations
Decision-making

Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary

environment
Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

Others...

.....

- Working independently
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Production of new research ideas

(3) SYLLABUS

In this course the following theoretical approaches are presented and discussed in detail:

- Speech Act Theory
- Ethnomethodology and Membership Categorisation Analysis
- Conversation Analysis
- Discourse Analysis in Social Psychology (the Potter and Wetherell approach)
- Discursive psychology
- Rhetorical psychology and Ideological Dilemmas
- Critical Discursive Social Psychology

DELIVERY	At a classroom
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	
etc.	
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of power-point
COMMUNICATIONS	Use of e-course
TECHNOLOGY	
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory	

education, communication with		
students		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39
teaching are described in detail.	Study of bibliography	20
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Practical exercises	13
practice, fieldwork, study and	Independent study	26
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	Essay writing	24
placements, clinical practice, art	Exams	3
workshop, interactive teaching,		
educational visits, project, essay	Course total	125
writing, artistic creativity, etc.		
The student's study hours for each		
learning activity are given as well		
as the hours of non-directed study		
according to the principles of the		
ECTS		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE		
EVALUATION Description of the evaluation	Writton o	vamination. Chart quartions
Description of the evaluation procedure		kamination: Short questions, stions, empirical analysis
procedure	questions. (60% of	
Language of evaluation, methods		port (40% of the total mark)
of evaluation, summative or	- L33ay / Ne	port (40% of the total mark)
conclusive, multiple choice		
questionnaires, short-answer		
questions, open-ended questions,		
problem solving, written work,		
essay/report, oral examination,		
public presentation, laboratory		
work, clinical examination of		
patient, art interpretation, other		
parasis, are medipiedadion, outlet		
Specifically-defined evaluation		
11.		

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

- Suggested bibliography:

- Ωστιν, Τζ.Λ. (2003) «Διάλεξη Πρώτη: Επιτελεστικές και Διαπιστωτικές Εκφορές». Στο «Πώς Να Κάνουμε Πράγματα Με Τις Λέξεις».
- Οι λέξεις ως πράξεις: η θεωρία των γλωσσικών πράξεων. Στο Potter, J. & Wetherell, Μ.: «Λόγος και Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία» (σελ. 34-39).
- Harold Garfinkel: Τι είναι η εθνομεθοδολογία; Στο Κ.Θ. Καλφόπουλος (Επιμ.) «Η Ποιοτική παράδοση στις κοινωνικές επιστήμες»
- «Πράττοντας» ομιλία: εθνομεθοδολογία. Στο Potter, J. & Wetherell, M.: «Λόγος και Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία» (σελ. 39-46).
- Felix Diaz: Κατηγορικά σύνολα και κατηγορικά συνδεδεμένες δραστηριότητες: Η ταυτότητα από τη σκοπιά των συμμετεχόντων. Στο Μποζατζής, Ν. & Δραγώνα, Θ. «Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία: Η στροφή στο λόγο». (95-112)

- «Κίνητρα και κατηγορίες υπαγωγής». Στο Potter, J. & Wetherell, M.: «Λόγος και Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία» (σελ. 178-186).
- «Ανάλυση συνομιλίας και λογοδοτήσεις». Στο Potter, J. & Wetherell, M.: «Λόγος και Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία» (σελ. 120-135).
- «Οι στάσεις, οι αξιολογήσεις και η συνομιλία», στο Wetherell, Μ. «Ταυτότητες, Ομάδες και Κοινωνικά Ζητήματα» (σελ. 224-232)
- Charles Antaki: «Η ανάλυση συνομιλίας και η στροφή στον λόγο στην κοινωνική ψυχολογία». Στο Μποζατζής, Ν. & Δραγώνα, Θ. (Επιμ.) «Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία: Η στροφή στο λόγο».
- «Ξεδιπλώνοντας την ανάλυση λόγου» (Κεφ. 2). Στο Στο Potter, J. & Wetherell, M.: «Λόγος και Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία» (σελ. 57-86).
- «Από τις αναπαραστάσεις στα ρεπερτόρια» (Κεφ. 7) Στο Στο Potter, J. & Wetherell, Μ.: «Λόγος και Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία» (σελ. 193-217).
- «Αναπαραστάσεις εν δράσει». Στο Wetherell, Μ. «Ταυτότητες, Ομάδες και Κοινωνικά Ζητήματα» (σελ. 235-244)
- Derek Edwards & Jonathan Potter: «Λογοψυχολογία και ψυχικές καταστάσεις». Στο Μποζατζής, Ν. & Δραγώνα, Θ. (Επιμ.) «Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία: Η στροφή στο λόγο».
- «Λογοψυχολογία». Στο Louise Phillips & Marianne Jorgensen: «Ανάλυση Λόγου: Θεωρία και μέθοδος»
- Michael Billig «Η διαδικασία της σκέψης ως επιχειρηματολογική διαδικασία»
- Νίκος Μποζατζής «Αναδεικνύοντας διεργασίες ιδεολογικής αναπαραγωγής: Ψευδής συνείδηση και ιδεολογικά διλήμματα»
- Nigel Edley: «Η κριτική λογοψυχολογία και η μελέτη του ανδρισμού». Στο Μποζατζής, Ν. & Δραγώνα, Θ. (Επιμ.) «Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία: Η στροφή στο λόγο»
- Νίκος Μποζατζής: «Η στροφή στον λόγο στην κοινωνική ψυχολογία: Τέσσερις κομβικές διαμάχες. Στο Μποζατζής, Ν. & Δραγώνα, Θ. (Επιμ.) «Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία: Η στροφή στο λόγο».
- Μποζατζής, Ν. & Δραγώνα, Θ. (Επιμ.) (2011) *Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία: Η στροφή στο λόγο*. Αθήνα: Μεταίχμιο
- Σαββάκης, Μ. (2013). Μικροκοινωνιολογία και Ποιοτική Έρευνα: Θεωρητικά παραδείγματα και εμπειρικές εφαρμογές. Αθήνα: Κριτική.
- Potter, J. & Wetherell, M. (2009) Λόγος και Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα: Μεταίχμιο
- Related academic journals:
- Critical Discourse Studies
- Discourse and Society
- Qualitative Research in Psychology
- Research on Language and Social Interaction

Neuropsychology of Aging

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIE	SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOG	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES						
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ056		SEMESTER	7 th		
COURSE TITLE	NEUROPSYC	NEUROPSYCHOLOGY OF AGING				
INDEPENDENT TEACHING A	ACTIVITIES WEEKLY TEACHING CREDIT			INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES		CREDITS
	Lecture	es	3		5	
COURSE TYPE	Special Back	gro	ound	•		
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	NONE					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek/English					
and EXAMINATIONS:						
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes					
ERASMUS STUDENTS						
	www.uoi.gr (under construction)					

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

This course is designed to introduce students to the neuropsychological processes in normal and pathological aging and their biological substrates. Students will acquire knowledge and abilities to contribute to successful aging but also to diagnosis, management and treatment of age-associated neurocognitive disorders.

Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to:

- Understand the impact of healthy and pathological ageing on cognitive and psychological functioning.
- Administer appropriate neuropsychological procedures and methods for the evaluation of cognitive and psychological processes in clinical practice and research with elderly persons.
- Identify the neuropsychological profiles of common age-associated neurocognitive disorders.
- Understand the psychosocial and lifestyle factors that are associated with cognitive changes
- Design and apply interventions that promote healthy aging and contribute to the neuropsychological rehabilitation of age-associated cognitive disorders.

General Competences

Ability to work autonomously and in teams, in an interdisciplinary team, ability to generate new research ideas, to design and manage projects and to appreciate diversity and multiculturality

(3) SYLLABUS

This course offers a detailed overview of the neuropsychological approaches and theories in the field of aging. A detailed description of the cognitive and psychological changes in normal and pathological aging will be provided. An emphasis is placed on the application of appropriate neuropsychological procedures for the early detection of pathological aging and

for repeated neuropsychological assessments (longitudinally). Students will learn to identify the neuropsychological profiles of the most common age-associated neurocognitive and neurodegenerative disorders, such as those due to Alzheimer 's and Parkinson's disease. The course will end with a focus on non-pharmacological interventions that promote healthy/successful cognitive aging and neuropsychological rehabilitation approaches in dementia syndromes.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to Face mode of delive	ery			
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of ICT in Course Teaching	ng and in Communication			
COMMUNICATIONS	with Students				
TECHNOLOGY					
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload			
	Lectures	100			
	Studying	20			
	Exams 5				
	Course Total				
	(25 hours of workload 125				
	per credit unit)				
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	At the end of the semester	students will be evaluated			
EVALUATION	through written exams (i	multiple-choice and open-			
	ended questions), that will contribute 100% of the				
	grade on the course. A written assignment and				
	presentation in class during the semester may be				
	optional and may add up to 1 point to the final grade of				
	the exams.				

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

Course Bibliography (Eudoxus):

- 1. Book [77111679]: Βασικές αρχές νευροψυχολογίας του ανθρώπου, Kolb B. & Whishaw I (επιμ. Γιακουμάκη Σ, Καστελλάκης Α) Εκδόσεις Gutenberg
- 2. Book [59363839]: Νευροψυχολογία. Εγκέφαλος και Συμπεριφορά, Martin Neil G. Εκδόσεις ΙΩΝ

Other suggested bibliography:

- 3. Bush, S. S. Yochim, B. P. (2022). A Handbook of Geriatric Neuropsychology: Practice Essentials, Studies on Neuropsychology, Neurology, and Cognition. New York: Routledge.
- 4. McPherson, S., & Koltai, D. (2018). A practical guide to geriatric neuropsychology. Oxford University Press.

Psychodynamic Approaches to Counselling and Psychotherapy

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIE	NCES		
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ034		SEMESTER	7 th
COURSE TITLE	PSYCHODYNAMIC APPROACHES TO COUNSELLING AND PSYCHOTHERAPY			
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITIE	ES		
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory e.g. are awarded for the whole of the teaching hours and th	exercises, etc. If the credits te course, give the weekly HOURS			G CREDITS
teaching hours and th		S AND ESSAYS	3	5
	LECTURES	S AND ESSATS	3	3
Add rows if necessary. The organis	ation of teac	hing and the		
teaching methods used are describ	•	•		
	SPECIAL BACKGROUND			
general background,	or EcirkE bri	CKGKGGI		
special background, specialised				
general knowledge, skills				
development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	GREEK			
and EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	NO			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://eco	urse.uoi.gr		

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Following the successful completion of the course, students are expected:

- To be familiar with the main principles and procedures of psychodynamic psychotherapy.
- To understand main concepts of psychoanalytic theory in clinical practice.

- To recognize the factors involved in symptom (neurotic) formation and therapeutic change.
- To be able to create a psychodynamic case formulation.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the

necessary technology Adapting to new situations

Decision-making

Working independently

Team work
Working in an international environment

Working in an international environme

environment
Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical

responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

Others...

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology, working independently, team work, working in an interdisciplinary environment,

creative and inductive thinking.

(3) SYLLABUS

The course aims to introduce students to theoretical concepts and applications of psychodynamic psychotherapy. Therapeutic procedures are described, main therapeutic techniques are presented and the factors involved in psychic change are examined. Emphasis is given on the therapeutic relationship, the psychodynamic understanding of personality and the psychological processes involved in the neurotic symptom formation. Clinical cases are discussed to enhance understanding of theory applications in practice. The main topics covered include:

respect for difference and multiculturalism, criticism and self-criticism, production of free,

- Counselling, psychotherapy and psychoanalysis.
- Psychoanalysis as a personality theory: Development, structure and functions of the psychic apparatus.
- Psychoanalysis as an intervention: Basic principles and clinical findings of outcome studies.
- Therapeutic context and relationship, empathy, transference and countertransference.
- Diagnostic interview, psychodynamic understanding and case formulation.
- Therapy stages, psychological processing and therapeutic techniques.
- Topics of special interest, research prospects and applications.

DELIVERY	Face-to-face (in class)
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	
etc.	

USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY

Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students

Use of ICT in teaching (e-course, power point presentations, audiovisual material) and communication with students.

TEACHING METHODS

The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.

The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS

Activity	Semester workload
Lectures	39
Study & analysis of	26
bibliography	
Essay writing &	20
presenting	
Study independently	40
Course total	125

EVALUATION OF STUDENTS

Description of the evaluation process

Assessment Language, Assessment Methods, Formulation or Conclusion, Multiple Choice Test, Short Response Questions, Test Questions, Problem Solving, Written Work, Reporting Reporting, Oral Examination, Public Presentation, Laboratory Work, Clinical **Patient** Examination, Artistic Interpretation, Other

Certainly identified evaluation criteria are stated and if and where they are accessible by the students.

Evaluation methods:

- 5. Final written examination (70%) (multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions)
- 6. Written Assignment (optional) and Oral Presentation (30%)

Assessment language: Greek

Evaluation criteria are stated at the first lecture. They are also available at the course website.

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:
 - 5. Gabbard G.O. (2010). Long-term Psychodynamic Psychotherapy. MOTIBO PUBLISHING A.E.
 - 6. Bateman A., Holmes, J. (2007). *Introduction to Psychoanalysis*. Publisher: KASTANIOTIS.
- Related academic journals:
 - 5. Psychoanalytic Psychotherapy

- 6. International Journal of Psychoanalysis
- 7. Journal of the American Psychoanalytic Association
- 8. Psychodynamic Practice

Sport and Exercise Psychology

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of School	School of Social Sciences			
ACADEMIC UNIT	Departmen	t of Psychology	/		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergradi	Undergraduate			
COURSE CODE	ΨYE011 SEMESTER 7 th				
COURSE TITLE	Sport and E	xercise Psycho	logy		
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITII	ES			
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	xercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	ì	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	course, give	the weekly	HOURS		
teaching hours and th	e total credit	S			
	LECT	URES, ESSAYS	3		5
Add rows if necessary. The organis	-	_			
teaching methods used are describ	ed in detail a	ıt (d).			
COURSE TYPE					
general background,	Special bac	kground			
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek				
and EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	No				
ERASMUS STUDENTS	1 //				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://ecou	ırse.uoı.gr			

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Sport and Exercise Psychology focuses on the study of people and their behaviors in the context of sport and exercise, as well as on the practical application of this knowledge. The course content aims to introduce students to the basic topics of Sport and Exercise Psychology and to understand the basic theoretical approaches and concepts of this field of psychology.

Initially the course presents an introduction to the field of sports psychology, history, directions, future orientation as well as the role of the sports psychologist. Basic theories about personality and sport, motivation within sport as well as stress and coping in sports are presented. Psychological theories - socio-cognitive theory, stages of change model, health belief model, the role of attitudes, self-determination theory are also presented, together with theoretical concepts that contribute to the choice of individuals to engage in exercise and physical activity, to control athletic behavior, and to maximize athletic effort.

Upon completion of the course the students will be able to:

- Describe the basic concepts of Sport and Exercise Psychology.
- Know how psychological factors affect peoples' performance in sports and exercise.
- Discuss how sport and exercise participation affects one's psychological health and well-being.
- Referring to basic theoretical approaches, theoretical models as well as psychological factors / mechanisms that influence peoples' choice for engaging in exercise and physical activity.
- Can apply psychological techniques to enhance athletic performance.

General Capabilities

Taking into account the general competencies that the graduate must have acquired (as listed in the Diploma Supplement and listed below) in which of them is the course intended?

Search, analyze and synthesize data and Project design and management

information, using the necessary Respect for diversity and multiculturalism

technologies Respect for the natural environment

Adapt to new situations Demonstration of social, professional and moral

Decision making responsibility and gender sensitivity
Autonomous work Exercise of criticism and self-criticism

Teamwork Promote free, creative and inductive thinking

Work in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary Other ...
environment

Producing new research ideas

Autonomous work, teamwork (students in groups undertake to study and discuss on scientific texts from the field of sport and exercise psychology), criticism (students critically approach groups of scientific articles from the field of sport and exercise psychology), promoting free, creative and inductive thinking.

(3) SYLLABUS

The main themes of the course include:

- Sport psychology history, future directions the role of the sport psychologist.
- Personality and sport
- Applying the theory of motivation to sport.
- Sports and exercise-stress and anxiety
- Introduction of psychological skills stimulation regulation, mental imagination, selfconfidence, purposefulness, concentration.
- Exercise and psychological well-being.
- Exercise, self-esteem and body image (self-esteem, body image, body image and social influences, body image and mental health).
- Children and sports psychology.
- Aggression in sport.

(4) TEACHING AND LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELINIEN A SERVICE	Face to feet to 12			
DELIVERY METHOD	Face-to-face teaching			
Face to face, Distance Learning,				
etc.				
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of ICT in teaching (e-course			
COMMUNICATION		l platform, power point		
TECHNOLOGIES	presentations, audiovisual material).			
Use of ICT Teaching, Laboratory	 Use of ICT in Studen 			
Education, Communication with	Communication (e-mail).			
Students				
TEACHING ORGANIZATION	Activity	Semester Workload		
Describe in detail the way and	Lectures	39		
methods of teaching.	Study and analysis of	20		
Lectures, Seminars, Laboratory	bibliography			
Exercise, Field Exercise, Study &	Writing and presenting	20		
Analysis of Bibliography, Tutorial,	individual or group work			
Practice (Placement), Clinical	Self-study	40		
Exercise, Art Workshop, Interactive	Examination	3		
Teaching, Educational Visits,				
Project Work, It; / RTI & gt;				
The student's study hours for each				
learning activity and the hours of				
non-guided study according to the	Total Course	425		
ECTS principles	Total Course	125		
EVALUATION OF STUDENTS				
Description of the evaluation	Evaluation methods:			
process	1. Final Written Examination	n (80%-100%): At the end of		
	the course, examinations v	will be given on the whole		
Assessment Language,	subject of the lesson (M	ultiple Choice Test, Short		
Assessment Methods,	Growth Questions Using I	Examples of Concepts and		
Formulation or Conclusion,	Theories)			
Multiple Choice Test, Short	2. Preparation and Oral Pre	sentation of Optional Work		
Response Questions, Test	(20%): The work can be ind	lividual or group (up to two		
Questions, Problem Solving,	students). The work will	concern the study and		
Written Work, Reporting /	presentation of a foreign la	nguage article, which will be		
Reporting, Oral Examination,	chosen by the student, base	ed on his / her interests and		
Public Presentation, Laboratory	according to the themes pro	esented during the course.		
Work, Clinical Patient		_		
Examination, Artistic				
Interpretation, Other				
Certainly identified evaluation				
criteria are stated and if and				
where they are accessible by the				
students.				
Sincents.				

(5) SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested Bibliography:
 - Weinberg, R., & Gould, D. (2018). Ψυχολογία του αθλητισμού και της άσκησης. Εκδόσεις Broken Hill Πασχαλίδης, Κύπρος.
 - Cox, R. (2018). Αθλητική Ψυχολογία: Έννοιες και εφαρμογές. Εκδόσεις Παρισιάνου, Αθήνα.

- Δογάνης, Γ. (2016). Αθλητική Ψυχολογία: επιστημονική τεκμηρίωση και εφαρμογές. Εκδόσεις Κυριακίδη, Θεσσαλονίκη.
- Θεοδωράκης, Ι., Γούδας, Μ., & Παπαϊωάννου, Α. (2016). Ψυχολογική υπεροχή στον αθλητισμό. Εκδόσεις Κυριακίδη, Θεσσαλονίκη

-Relevantr scientific journals:

- Journal of Sport and Exercise Psychology
- Sport Psychologist
- Journal of Applied Sport Psychology
- International Journal of Sport and Exercise Psychology

Applications of Work and Organizational Psychology

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIE	NCES			
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ057		SEMESTER	7 th	
COURSE TITLE	APPLICATIONS OF WORK AND ORGANIZATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY				ONAL
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITIE	S			
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory es		-	TEACHING	ì	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	_		HOURS		
teaching hours and th	e total creats	LECTURES	3		5
	LECTURES 3 5			3	
Add yours if a consequent The expensionation of topology and the Continued					
teaching methods used are describ	s if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the		Optional Compulsory		
COURSE TYPE	Special Background				
general background,	эресіаі васі	Kground			
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	NO				
·					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek (Engl	ish is used for i	instruction an	d ex	amination
and EXAMINATIONS:	for Erasmus students)				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://eco	urse.uoi.gr/coι	urse/view.php	?id=	3573

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

In this course we will study the application of the findings of Work and Organizational Psychology in solving practical problems of modern organizations at the individual, group and organizational levels. The aim is to analyze applications of research aiming at developing teams, leaders and organizations. Practical issues will be studied such as designing procedures for selecting the most suitable employees, identifying training and

development needs, the optimization of the quality of the daily work environment, the management of conflicts and reducing turnover rates. Students will be trained in how they can advise employers and policy makers on their priorities and how they can help employees achieve a better quality of working life using the scientific method. The aim of the course is to both deepen the understanding of concepts related to Work and Organizational Psychology and enhance skills related to evaluation of the results of the practical applications of its methods.

After successful completion of the course students will be able to:

- 1. summarize recent developments in research and theory in Work and Organizational Psychology;
- 2. critically evaluate the contribution of the theories and findings of Work and Organizational Psychology to addressing work and organizational problems;
- 3. understand and critically evaluate methods used in research studies;
- 4. apply theoretical knowledge to suggest solutions to work and organizational problems,
- 5. apply theoretical knowledge to propose policy and guidelines;
- 6. study and evaluate the work, organizational and professional context and use this knowledge to solve problems and produce policy and guideline proposals.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the

necessary technology Adapting to new situations

Decision-making
Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary

environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Respect for the natural environment
Showing social, professional and ethical

responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

Others...

- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Adapting to new situations
- Working independently
- Team work
- Working in an international environment
- Production of new research ideas
- Project planning and management
- Respect for difference and multiculturalism
- Respect for the natural environment
- Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
- Criticism

(3) SYLLABUS

The main themes of the course include:

- 26. Work analysis and design
- 27. Practical insights into personnel selection
- 28. Employee training and development Talent management
- 29. Organisational development Developing leaders and leadership

- 30. Effective teams
- 31. Telework
- 32. Creating inclusive organisations
- 33. Preventing unethical behaviour Promoting green behaviours
- 34. Feedback, Coaching and Mentoring
- 35. Psychosocial risks assessment
- 36. Reducing turnover
- 37. Conflict management
- 38. Organisational interventions

DELIVERY	Face-to-face teaching			
Face-to-face, Distance learning,				
etc.				
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of ICT in teaching			
COMMUNICATIONS	Use of ICT in communication with students			
TECHNOLOGY	Support using e-course electronic platform			
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory				
education, communication with				
students				
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39		
teaching are described in detail.	Study and analysis of	30		
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	bibliography			
practice, fieldwork, study and	Practical exercises	13		
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	Essay writing	15		
placements, clinical practice, art	Studying for exams	25		
workshop, interactive teaching,	Exams	3		
educational visits, project, essay	Course total			
writing, artistic creativity, etc.	(25 hours of work equal	125		
	one ECTS)			
The student's study hours for each				
learning activity are given as well				
as the hours of non-directed study				
according to the principles of the				
ECTS				
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	L Final Evam (60%) consistin	og of		
EVALUATION Description of the avaluation	I. Final Exam (60%) consistin	ig or:		
Description of the evaluation	- Multiple choice questions			
procedure	Short-answer questionsOpen-ended questions			
Language of evaluation, methods	- Problem solving questions			
of evaluation, summative or	- Froniem solving questions			
conclusive, multiple choice	II. Group Written Work (Pro	nosal) (40%)		
questionnaires, short-answer	ii. Group written work (170	posar) (40%)		
questions, open-ended questions,				
problem solving, written work,				
essay/report, oral examination,				
public presentation, laboratory				
work, clinical examination of				
patient, art interpretation, other				
, 1 - 2 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3				
	<u>l</u>			

Specifically-defined evaluation	
criteria are given, and if and where	
they are accessible to students.	

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

Vakola, M., & Nikolaou, I. (2019). *Organizational psychology and behavior*. Rossili. (In Greek) Robbins, S. P., & Judge, T. A. (2018). *Organizationl behavior*. Kritiki. (In Greek - translated edition of Organizational Behavior)

Greenberg, J., & Baron, R. A. (2013). *Organizationl psychology and behavior*. Gutenberg. (In Greek - translated edition of Behavior in organizations)

Leonard, H. S., Lewis, R., Freedman, A. M., & Passmore, J. (Eds.). (2013). *The Wiley-Blackwell handbook of the psychology of leadership, change, and organizational development*. Wiley. Karananika-Murray, M., & Biron, C. (Eds.) (2015). *Derailed organizational interventions for stress and well-being*. Springer.

Salas, E., Rico, R., & Passmore, J. (Eds.). (2020). The Wiley Blackwell handbook of the psychology of team working and collaborative processes. Wiley.

Goldstein, H. W., Pulakos, E. D., Passmore, J., & Semedo, C. (Eds.). (2017). *The Wiley Blackwell handbook of the psychology of recruitment, selection and employee retention.* Wiley.

- Related academic journals:

Academy of Management Review

European Journal of Work and Organizational Psychology

Group and Organization Management

International Journal of Selection and Assessment

International Review of I/O Psychology

Journal of Applied Psychology

Journal of Leadership and Organizational

Journal of Occupational and Organizational Psychology

Journal of Organizational Behavior

Organizational Psychology Review

The Leadership Quarterly

Psychology of Middle and Third Age

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCI	SOCIAL SCIENCES			
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ050		SEMESTER	7 th	
COURSE TITLE	PSYCHOLO:	GY OF MIDDLE	AND THIRD A	GE	
if credits are awarded for separ course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex are awarded for the whole of the teaching hours and th	separate components of the ory exercises, etc. If the credits of the course, give the weekly		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	G CREDITS	
Lectures	1		3	4	
A 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
Add rows if necessary. The organis	_	_			
teaching methods used are describ					
general background,	general bad	ckground			
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	-				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek				
and EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	-				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	-				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The main objective of the course is the in-depth literature research and the study of issues concerning the typical development of individuals in middle and late adulthood with an emphasis on bio-physical, cognitive, social-emotional development and personality development. Specifically, the purpose of the course is to acquire specialized knowledge in

order for students to delve into the psychology of middle-aged and elderly people in the light of theories that focus on the interaction of endogenous and exogenous factors in each age period under study. In particular, after completing the course, students are expected to:

- Understand traditional and contemporary theories of aging,
- Recognize the relevant myths and prejudices regarding the mid-life crisis and the marginalization of the elderly,
- Deepen their knowledge in relation to social policy and modern good practices for the provision of psychosocial care for the elderly,
- Examine in depth particular situations in late adult life that are related to changes in the psychological functions of individuals, such as depression, dementia, chronic diseases as well as existential issues such as death anxiety, the meaning of life, etc.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the

necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making

Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary

environment
Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

Others...

- Respect for the diversity and multiculturalism of psychological development issues
- Acquiring abilities and skills for searching, analyzing and synthesizing knowledge and information
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

- 1. Introduction to the Cognitive Object of the Course
- 2. Classic and Modern Theories of Lifelong Development with an emphasis on Middle Age
- 3. Classical and Modern Theories of Lifelong Development with an Emphasis on Late Adulthood
- 4. Stress, Mental Pressure and Chronic Diseases
- 5. Biosomatic changes
- 6. Approaches to Cognitive Development in Middle Adulthood
- 7. Elderly personality (theories of personality development, dynamism, disengagement, self-emotion, self-acceptance)
- 8. Elderly personality types and disorders
- 9. Parenthood and Family Life Dynamics
- 10. Attrition or Development in Late Adulthood?
- 11. Normal Cognitive Decline and Neurocognitive Disorders in Late Adulthood
- 12. Psychopathology of old age (depression, senile dementia)
- 13. Treatment and prevention of psychopathology

DELIVERY	Face-to-face				
Face-to-face, Distance learning,					
etc.					
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of powerpoint and video for the course				
COMMUNICATIONS	presentations. Learning pro	cess support through the e-			
TECHNOLOGY	class electronic platform				
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory	Communicating with students electronically				
education, communication with					
students					
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload			
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39			
teaching are described in detail.	Literature study	19			
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Independent study	22			
practice, fieldwork, study and	Writing and presenting	20			
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	work				
placements, clinical practice, art					
workshop, interactive teaching,					
educational visits, project, essay	Course total	100			
writing, artistic creativity, etc.					
The student's study hours for each					
The student's study hours for each					
learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study					
according to the principles of the					
ECTS					
STUDENT PERFORMANCE					
EVALUATION	The evaluation of the stude	nts is done in the Greek			
Description of the evaluation	language and includes the f				
procedure	language and mendade and i	o			
,	1. Final written exam (80%)	which will include a			
Language of evaluation, methods	combination of short develo	opment questions, case			
of evaluation, summative or					
conclusive, multiple choice					
questionnaires, short-answer	2. Oral presentation of wor	k in the classroom based			
questions, open-ended questions,	on a scientific article (20%)				
problem solving, written work,					
essay/report, oral examination,					
public presentation, laboratory					
work, clinical examination of					
patient, art interpretation, other					
Specifically-defined evaluation					

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

- Suggested bibliography:
- Feldman, R.S (2010). Developmental Psychology: Lifelong Development (Ed. Ilias G. Bezevegis). Athens: Gutenberg [Eudoxus code: 86057171]
- Pagoropoulou, A. (2019). Psychology of old age. Athens: Gutenberg [Eudoxus code: 86192917]

-Indicative bibliography for studying the topics that will be presented Annele, U., Satu, K. J., & Timo, E. S. (2019). Definitions of successful ageing: a brief review of a multidimensional concept. *Acta Bio Medica: Atenei Parmensis*, 90(2), 359.

Amarya, S., Singh, K., & Sabharwal, M. (2018). Ageing process and physiological changes. In *Gerontology*. IntechOpen.

Strikwerda-Brown, C., Grilli, M. D., Andrews-Hanna, J., & Irish, M. (2019). "All is not lost"—Rethinking the nature of memory and the self in dementia. *Ageing research reviews*, *54*, 100932.

Community Clinical Psychology

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ΨYE047 SEMESTER 7 th				
COURSE TITLE	COMMUNI	TY CLINICAL PS	YCHOLOGY		
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITI	ES			
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY		
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	kercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	ì	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	. •	•	HOURS		
teaching hours and th	e total credit	S			
LECT	TURES AND A	SSIGNMENTS	3		5
Add rows if necessary. The organis	-	_			
teaching methods used are describ		• •			
COURSE TYPE	SPECIAL BA	CKGROUND			
general background,					
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	GREEK				
and EXAMINATIONS:	ONLEN.				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					
,					

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

With the successful completion of the course:

- 1. Students will acknowledge the history of community clinical psychology
- 2. The basic theoretical and methodological approaches of community clinical psychology
- 3. Students will acquire a critical understanding of the "community" and its' role in mental health wellbeing and in the treatment of psychological and social problems.

4. Students will understand the basic principles and practices of community work and of the design, organization and assessment of community mental health prevention services.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data Pro and information, with the use of the Res

necessary technology Adapting to new situations

Decision-making

Working independently

Team work
Working in an international environment

Working in an international enviro

Working in an interdisciplinary

environment
Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment

Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

..... Others...

Independent Assignment

Application of critical and self-critical thinking skills Respecting cultural differences and multiculturalism Promotion of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

The goal of the current course is on the introduction of basic principles and practices of the field of community clinical psychology, acquainting students with the basic theoretical and methodological approaches of community clinical psychology and in the critical application of community clinical psychology in managing social issues, mental-health matters and in the improvement of the quality of life of persons and communities:

- History, theories and methods of community clinical psychology
- An understanding of the "community" and its' role in the quality of life and mental health
- An understanding of power social relations, social relations of suppression and marginalization
- Understanding the role of the Psychologist as a professional and the approach of participatory action research
- Basic principles and practices of community work and design, of the organization and assessment of community work and of the organization and assessment of community services and treatment of mental health matters

DELIVERY	Face-to-face teaching
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	
etc.	
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of power-point in teaching
COMMUNICATIONS	Use of "e-course" for supplying educational material to
TECHNOLOGY	students

Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students

TEACHING METHODS

The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.

The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS

Activity	Semester workload
Lectures	39
Study and analysis of	20
literature	
Practical exercises	15
Study and write-up of	11
assignment	
Preparation of exams	40
EXAMS	
Course total	125

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

Final written exam that includes:

Questions of written elaboration Questions of comparison Questions of critical assessment

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested Bibliography:

Levine, M., Perkins, D. D., & Perkins, D. V. (2005). Principles of community psychology: Perspectives and applications (3rd ed.). New York: Oxford University Press.

Μεντίνης, Μ. (2013). Επανορίζοντας το κοινωνικό. Αθήνα: Επίκεντρο.

Moritsugu, J. (2009). Community Psychology (4th ed.). Allyn & Bacon, Inc.

Scott, V.C., & Wolfe, S.M. (2015). Community psychology: Foundations for practice. Los Angeles: Sage.

Nelson, G.B., & Prilleltensky, I. (2010). Community psychology: in pursuit of liberation and well-being. Basingstoke, UK: Palgrave Macmillan.

Rappaport, J., & Seidman, E. (2000). Handbook of community psychology. New York: Kluwer Academic/Plenum.

Στυλιανίδης, Σ. (2014). Σύγχρονα θέματα κοινωνικής και κοινοτικής ψυχιατρικής. Αθήνα: Τόπος

Τσαμπαρλή, Α., & Κουνενού, Κ.Ε. (2013). Θέματα κοινοτικής κλινικής ψυχολογίας. Αθήνα: Παπαζήσης.

-Journals:

American Journal of Community Psychology Australian Community Psychologist

Adult Psychopathology

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	Social Scien	Social Sciences					
ACADEMIC UNIT	Psychology						
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergradu	Undergraduate					
COURSE CODE	ΨYE037 SEMESTER 7th						
COURSE TITLE	Adult Psych	Adult Psychopathology					
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITII	ES					
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY				
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	kercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	CREDITS	S		
are awarded for the whole of the	course, give	the weekly	HOURS				
teaching hours and th							
LECTURES AND LABORATORY E	•		3	4			
	C	ASE STUDIES)					
Add rows if necessary. The organis	•	•					
teaching methods used are describ	ı						
COURSE TYPE	General ba	скgrouna					
general background,							
special background, specialised							
general knowledge, skills development							
PREREQUISITE COURSES:							
PREREQUISITE COURSES.	-						
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek						
and EXAMINATIONS:							
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (study o	of relevant liter	ature and arti	cle write-up in	า		
ERASMUS STUDENTS	English)						
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)							

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course offers an introduction to the basic concepts and practices concerning the understanding and diagnosis of mental disorders in adults. In particular, the prevailing definitions of mental disorder and deviant behaviour and the criteria for distinguishing between normal and abnormal behaviour are analysed.

Procedures for diagnosis and assessment are described and a critical evaluation of the diagnosis as

institutional practice along with the ethical issues involved are discussed. The classification systems for mental disorders are presented and the main diagnostic categories according to the DSM-V are analysed. It also presents the main psychological approaches (cognitive, behavioural, psychodynamic, family-systemic, socio-cultural) which contribute to the understanding and treatment of mental disorders.

By the end of the course, students are expected to:

- have an understanding of contemporary psychological approaches and the basic systems of diagnosis and classification of adult mental disorders
- be familiar with the ethical issues and basic ethical principles governing the management of adult mental disorders
- have acquired a basic knowledge of adult mental disorders and their aetiological mechanisms
- be able to distinguish between typical and deviant behaviour
- have acquired a comprehensive knowledge of the available therapeutic approaches for the intervention and treatment of mental disorders

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
Adapting to new situations
Decision-making
Working independently

Team work
Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

Others...

- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, using the necessary technologies
- Working independently
- Team work
- Working in an international environment
- Project planning and management
- Respect for diversity and multiculturalism
- Critical thinking
- Demonstrating social, professional, ethical responsibility, and sensitivity to gender issues

(3) SYLLABUS

Key topics:

- 1. Introduction to Deviant Behaviour-Psychopathology
- 2. Contemporary theoretical approaches to psychopathology
- 3. Ethical Practice in Clinical Psychopathology
- 4. The DSM-5 system of classification of mental disorders
- 5. Anxiety disorders
- 6. Disorders associated with traumatic and stressful situations
- 7. Mood disorders

- 8. Schizophrenia and other psychotic personality disorders
- 9. Personality disorders
- 10. Somatoform disorders
- 11. Eating disorders
- 12. Sexual disorders
- 13. Substance use disorders
- 14. Neurological disorders

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face to face Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc. **USE OF INFORMATION AND** Use of ICT in teaching **COMMUNICATIONS** Use of ICT in communication with students **TECHNOLOGY** Support of the learning process through the e-course Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory platform (posting of course material: notes, lecture education, communication with slides, activities, etc.) students **TEACHING METHODS** Activity Semester workload The manner and methods of Attendance of lectures 39 teaching are described in detail. Study & analysis of the 25 Lectures, seminars, laboratory literature practice, fieldwork, study and 25 Write-up and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, presentation of placements, clinical practice, art individual or group workshop, interactive teaching, assignment educational visits, project, essay Independent study 11 writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the Course total 100 **ECTS**

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

A written final examination including: Short answer questions. Essays.

Comparison questions.



(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:
- Bennett, P. (2010). Κλινική Ψυχολογία και Ψυχοπαθολογία (Επιμέλεια: Α. Καλαντζή-Αζίζι, Γ. Ευσταθίου). Αθήνα: Πεδίο.
- Getzfeld, Α. (2009). Βασικά Στοιχεία Ψυχοπαθολογίας (Επιμέλεια: Λ. Μεσσήνης). Πάτρα: Gotsis.
- Kring, A.M., Davison, G.C., Neale, J.M., & Johnson, S.L. (2010). Ψυχοπαθολογία (Επιμέλεια:
 Ε. Αυδή, Π. Ρούσση). Αθήνα:

Gutenberg.

- Ουλής, Π. (2010). Εγχειρίδιο Κλινικής Ψυχοπαθολογίας. Αθήνα: Βήτα Ιατρικές Εκδόσεις.
- Schacter, D.L., Gilbert, D.T., & Wegner, D.M. (2012). Ψυχολογία (Επιμέλεια: Σ. Βοσνιάδου).
 Αθήνα: Gutenberg.
- Χριστοπούλου, Α. (2008). Εισαγωγή στην Ψυχοπαθολογία του Ενήλικα. Αθήνα: Τόπος.
- Related academic journals:

Journal of Abnormal Psychology,

Journal of Consulting and Clinical Psychology,

Clinical Psychology Review,

Annual Review of Clinical Psychology,

Journal of Clinical Psychology,

Psychological Medicine, etc.

Practicum Placement

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	Social Scier	Social Sciences					
ACADEMIC UNIT	Psychology	Psychology					
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergrad	uate					
COURSE CODE	ПРА001		SEMESTER	7 th	or 8 th		
COURSE TITLE	Practicum Placement						
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITI	ES					
if credits are awarded for separ	•	•	WEEKLY				
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex		•	TEACHING	ì	CREDITS		
are awarded for the whole of the		•	HOURS				
teaching hours and th							
SUPERVISED PRACTICUM IN OR			200 HOURS		8		
		PSYCHOLOGY	TOTAL WITH				
			2 MONTHS				
SEMINAR IN PREPARATION FOR	THE PRACTIO	CAL TRAINING	10 HOURS		_		
			ТОТ		4		
COMPILATION OF AN ACTIVITY RE	PORT (PRAC	TICUM	90 HOURS IN				
BOOK)			ТОТ	AL			
Add rows if necessary. The organis		_					
teaching methods used are describ							
COURSE TYPE	SKILLS DEV	ELOPMENT					
general background,							
special background, specialised							
general knowledge, skills							
development	CONADUU CO	NEW COLLECTS (S	205076\				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:		ORY COURSES (9	•	CO:	IDCEC		
		COMPULSORY	PSYCHOLOGY	COL	JRSES		
	(80ECTS)						
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	GREEK						
and EXAMINATIONS:	GNEEK						
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	NO						
ERASMUS STUDENTS	100						
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://psy	chology.uoi.gr/	,				
COOKSE WEBSITE (OKE)	11ccp3.//p3y	chology.doi.gi/					

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of the practicum, students are expected to be able to:

- understand the scientific and professional dimensions of the science of psychology and demonstrate an understanding of the association between theoretical knowledge and practice
- determine the role of the psychologist within professional contexts in relation to and in comparison with other professionals in the field
- understand the importance of collaboration between professionals
- acquire a deep understanding of the professional and ethical principles in clinical practice such as issues of confidentiality etc.
- use their theoretical knowledge, training, and education in the practical applications of psychology

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations

Decision-making

Working independently

Team work
Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary

environment
Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

..... Others...

- Practical application of knowledge
- Adaptation to new situations
- Decision-making
- Working independently
- Teamwork
- Showing social, professional, and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
- Production of free, creative, and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

The purpose of the practicum is to familiarize students with the areas of professional activity of psychologists within real contexts and working conditions prior to obtaining their degree. It includes three teaching activities:

- attendance of a 10-hour Preparation Seminar,
- supervised practicum in an organisation of applied psychology of at least 200 hours over a period of two months, and
- preparation of a report on the work undertaken (Practicum Book).

The supervised training will be carried out in any public or private sector setting providing services related to applied areas of psychology (with the exception of private psychologists' offices and students' workplaces), such as psychiatric clinics, medicoeducational centres, mental health centres, centres for the treatment of psychiatric conditions, prevention centres, special education centres, school settings, etc., provided that supervision will be offered by a qualified psychologist within the setting.

The students will have the opportunity to observe and be involved in activities which fall within the duties and responsibilities of practitioner psychologists (e.g., history taking, psychological assessment, counselling sessions, multidisciplinary team meetings, etc.). The practicum is carried out under the supervision of a psychologist employed by the organisation and an academic supervisor who is a faculty member within the department of psychology (DEP/EDIP). It may be paid under co-funded programmes or unpaid. The selection of students for paid practicums will be made upon application and in accordance with defined academic criteria. The practicum will be evaluated by the academic supervisor with a qualitative rating of 'successful' or 'unsuccessful' which is not taken into account in the overall degree grade but is a prerequisite for obtaining the degree and is recorded in the Diploma Supplement.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face to face					
Face-to-face, Distance learning,						
etc.						
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of ICT in communication with students					
COMMUNICATIONS						
TECHNOLOGY						
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory						
education, communication with						
students						
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload				
The manner and methods of	Seminar	10				
teaching are described in detail.	Practicum	200				
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Assignment writing	90				
practice, fieldwork, study and	Course Total	300				
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,						
practicums, clinical practice, art						
workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay						
writing, artistic creativity, etc.						
writing, artistic creativity, etc.						
The student's study hours for each						
learning activity are given as well						
as the hours of non-directed study						
according to the principles of the						
ECTS						
STUDENT PERFORMANCE						
EVALUATION	The assessment of students	is carried out based on the				
Description of the evaluation	following deliverables:					
procedure	- Practicum Book					
	- Digital Assessment of the I	practicum book by the				
Language of evaluation, methods	student					
of evaluation, summative or		student by the supervisor of				
conclusive, multiple choice	_					
questionnaires, short-answer	,					
questions, open-ended questions,	supervisor					
problem solving, written work,						
essay/report, oral examination,	Accordment Mathad: Writte	on Accianment (Formative				
public presentation, laboratory	Assessment Method: Writte	en Assignment (Formative,				
	Conclusive)					

work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

Language of Assessment: Greek.

The assessment criteria are communicated to the students during the introductory seminar and are available online on the Psychology Department's website.

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:
- Related academic journals:

8th Semester

Experimental Investigation of Cognitive Processes

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIE	NCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY					
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRAD	DUATE				
COURSE CODE	ΨYE021		SEMESTER	8tł	1	
COURSE TITLE	EXPERIMEN ⁻	TAL INVESTIGA	TION OF COGNI	ITIVI	E PROCESSES	
INDEPENDENT TEACH	HING ACTIVITIES					
if credits are awarded for separate	components	of the course,	WEEKLY			
e.g. lectures, laboratory exercis			TEACHING		CREDITS	
awarded for the whole of the d			HOURS			
teaching hours and th						
Lectures and oral presentat			3		5	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of t						
teaching methods used are describ						
COURSE TYPE	Skills Develo	pment				
general background,						
special background, specialised						
general knowledge, skills						
development						
PREREQUISITE COURSES:						
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Crook (Englis	ch is used for in	octruction and		aination for	
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	, 9					
and EXAMINATIONS:	Erasmus students)					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes					
ERASMUS STUDENTS	1.11		/:			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	nttps://ecou	ırse.uoı.gr/coui	rse/index.php?	cate	goryid=10/	

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course aims at familiarizing students with the experimental investigation of basic cognitive processes, such as perception, attention learning and memory, through the presentation and designing of classical experiments, as well as the study and critical review of original scientific publications.

Upon successful completion of the specific course, students will have acquired:

- basic knowledge of conducting experiments in the field of Cognitive Psychology
- basic knowledge of understanding and critical evaluation of empirical and

theoretical data from the field of Cognitive Psychology, as well as basic skills of conducting experimental work in the above field

- the ability of cooperating with their fellow-students to present an experimental research design
- the ability to carry out international literature review in scientific journals and on topics relevant to the experimental investigation of cognitive processes
- basic research skills
- the ability to work independently or in groups
- the ability to communicate their work to an audience
- knowledge acquisition skills required for continuing their studies with a great degree of autonomy

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data Project planning and management

and information, with the use of the Respect for difference and multiculturalism

necessary technology Respect for the natural environment

Adapting to new situations Showing social, professional and ethical

Decision-making responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Working independently Criticism and self-criticism

Team work Production of free, creative and inductive

Working in an international environment thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary
environment Others...

environment Others

Production of new research ideas

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary

technology Decision-making Working independently

Teamwork

Production of new research ideas

Production of free, creative, and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

This course aims at familiarizing students with the experimental investigation of basic cognitive processes, such as perception, attention learning and memory, through the presentation and designing of classical experiments that have enriched our knowledge on cognitive processes. More specifically, students will become familiar with the collection, description, and explanation of experimental data from the field of Cognitive Psychology, as well as with the writing of relevant scientific papers. Furthermore, students will develop a deep understanding of the experimental procedure by experiencing the role of the experimental participant. Finally, the course will have students read, present, and comment on relevant original scientific publications, with the aim to familiarize them with the experimental investigation of cognitive processes as well as with the evaluation and critique of the specific publications.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

5.5111.5531						
DELIVERY	Face-to face (or distance learning under pandemic					
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	conditions)					
etc.						
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Support of the learning prod	cess through the electronic				
COMMUNICATIONS	platform e-course					
TECHNOLOGY	Power point presentation					
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory	Use of software for running	experiments				
education, communication with	Communication with studer	nts via email				
students						
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload				
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39				
teaching are described in detail.	Study and analysis of	26				
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	bibliography					
practice, fieldwork, study and	Writing and presentation	30				
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	of individual or group					
placements, clinical practice, art	project					
workshop, interactive teaching,	Individual study time	30				
educational visits, project, essay	Course total (25	30				
writing, artistic creativity, etc.	·	125				
writing, artistic creativity, etc.	workload hours per	125				
The student's study hours for each	credit)					
learning activity are given as well						
as the hours of non-directed study						
according to the principles of the ECTS						
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	I Washing and	ooreh oosey (500/) aval				
EVALUATION		earch essay (50%), oral				
Description of the evaluation	presentation/ex	ramination of the essay				
procedure	(10%)					
I amount of and all all and all all all all all all all all all al						
Language of evaluation, methods	II. Final Oral Ex	xams (40%)				
of evaluation, summative or						
conclusive, multiple choice						
questionnaires, short-answer						
questions, open-ended questions,						
problem solving, written work,						
essay/report, oral examination,						
public presentation, laboratory						
work, clinical examination of						
patient, art interpretation, other						
Specifically-defined evaluation						
criteria are given, and if and where						
=						
they are accessible to students.						

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:
 - Christensen, L. B. (2007). Η πειραματική μέθοδος στην επιστημονική έρευνα. Παπαζήσης.
 - Goldstein, B.E. (2018). (Ν. Μακρής, Επιμ.). Γνωστική Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα, Gutenberg.
 - Matlin, M.W. & Farmer, T.A. (2019). Γνωστική Ψυχολογία. Εκδόσεις Τζιόλα.

- Sarris, V., & Reiss, V. (2009). Μεθοδολογία Έρευνας & Πειραματική Ψυχολογία. Σύγχρονη Εκδοτική.
- Shaughnessy, J., Zechmeister, E. & Zechmeister, J. (2018). E. Ζιώρη (Επιμ.). Ερευνητικές Μέθοδοι στην Ψυχολογία. Αθήνα, Gutenberg.
- Sternberg, R.J. (2011). Γνωστική Ψυχολογία. Διάδραση.

- Related academic journals:

- Cognitive Psychology
- Trends In Cognitive Sciences
- Memory & Cognition
- Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning, Memory & Cognition
- Consciousness & Cognition
- Quarterly Journal of Experimental Psychology

Stress and Coping Strategies: Stress at School

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of S	School of Social Sciences				
ACADEMIC UNIT	Departmen	Department of Psychology				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergradi	Undergraduate				
COURSE CODE	ΨYE025 SEMESTER 8 th					
COURSE TITLE	Stress and	Coping Strategi	es: Stress at S	cho	ol	
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITI	ES				
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY			
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	xercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	ì	CREDITS	
are awarded for the whole of the	course, give	the weekly	HOURS			
teaching hours and th	e total credit	S				
	LECT	URES, ESSAYS	3		4	
Add rows if necessary. The organis	-	_				
teaching methods used are describ	ed in detail d	ıt (d).				
COURSE TYPE						
general background,	Special background					
special background, specialised						
general knowledge, skills						
development						
PREREQUISITE COURSES:						
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek					
and EXAMINATIONS:	Gleek					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO						
ERASMUS STUDENTS						
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://ecou	ırse.uoi.gr				
		_				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The purpose of the course is to familiarize students with the existing theoretical approaches of the concept of stress and coping. Initially, the term stress is conceptualized and is distinguished from the term anxiety. Initial theoretical approaches are presented: "general adaptation syndrome", "fight or flight reaction", "inverted U theory", "eu-stress and distress". Subsequently, modern theoretical approaches for stress and coping are presented, such as the "model of mechanistic approach", "the transactional model of stress and coping",

"primary and secondary appraisal". Factors affecting how to deal with a stressful situation and issues related to stress and coping in childhood and adolescence are also presented. The course content also covers the issues of test anxiety, psychological hardiness and academic hardiness. Finally, issues related to burnout and teacher stress are presented.

Upon completion of the course the students will be able to:

- Recognize the conceptual meaning of the terms stress, coping strategies and stressors.
- Discuss the role of specific factors that influence how to deal with stressful situations.
- Have proven knowledge and understanding of stress and coping related issues.
- Discuss stress in transition phases, test anxiety, work stress and teacher burnout.
- Refer to the concept of psychological and academic hardiness as a protective factor that can help a person to deal successfully with stressful situations.
- They are aware for the basic psychometric tools/questionnaires used to assess stress and coping.

General Capabilities

Taking into account the general competencies that the graduate must have acquired (as listed in the Diploma Supplement and listed below) in which of them is the course intended?

Search, analyze and synthesize data and Project design and management

information, using the necessary Respect for diversity and multiculturalism technologies Respect for the natural environment

Adapt to new situations Demonstration of social, professional and moral

Decision making responsibility and gender sensitivity

Autonomous work Exercise of criticism and self-criticism

Teamwork Promote free, creative and inductive thinking

Work in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary Other ...
environment

Producing new research ideas

Autonomous work, teamwork (students in groups undertake to study and discuss on scientific texts from the field of stress and coping), criticism (students critically approach groups of scientific articles from the field of stress, coping, test anxiety, psychological hardiness, academic hardiness, burnout), promoting free, creative and inductive thinking.

(3) SYLLABUS

The main themes of the course include:

- Theoretical approaches for stress and coping Stress and cognitive appraisal process.
- Stress and coping: the role of personal characteristics, the role of family, age and gender differences, the role of social support, characteristics of stressor.
- Stress management process (primary and secondary appraisal, problem-focused and emotion-focused strategies, personal and social resources for effective stress management).
- Stress and coping in childhood and adolescent.
- Stress at school: ways of coping at the individual level and ways of coping with the school context and the classroom.
- Transition stress (in preschool, from elementary school to high school)

- Test anxiety (definition, effects on learning and performance).
- Psychological hardiness and academic hardiness
- Teachers' stress, coping strategies and burnout

(4) TEACHING AND LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY METUOR	Too to fore too ships				
DELIVERY METHOD	Face-to-face teaching				
Face to face, Distance Learning,					
etc.					
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of ICT in teaching (e-course				
COMMUNICATION	educational platform, power point				
TECHNOLOGIES	presentations, audiovisual material).				
Use of ICT Teaching, Laboratory	Use of ICT in Student				
Education, Communication with	Communication (e-mail).				
Students					
TEACHING ORGANIZATION	Activity	Semester Workload			
Describe in detail the way and	Lectures	39			
methods of teaching.	Study and analysis of	15			
Lectures, Seminars, Laboratory	bibliography				
Exercise, Field Exercise, Study &	Writing and presenting	10			
Analysis of Bibliography, Tutorial, Practice (Placement), Clinical	individual or group work				
Exercise, Art Workshop, Interactive	Self-study	33			
Teaching, Educational Visits,	Examination	3			
Project Work, It; / RTI & gt;					
The student's study hours for each					
learning activity and the hours of					
non-guided study according to the					
ECTS principles	Total Course	100			
EVALUATION OF STUDENTS					
Description of the evaluation	Evaluation methods:				
process		n (80%-100%): At the end of			
		will be given on the whole			
Assessment Language,	-	ultiple Choice Test, Short			
Assessment Methods,	-	Examples of Concepts and			
Formulation or Conclusion,	Theories)	·			
Multiple Choice Test, Short	2. Preparation and Oral Pre	sentation of Optional Work			
Response Questions, Test	(20%): The work can be ind	lividual or group (up to two			
Questions, Problem Solving,	students). The work will	concern the study and			
Written Work, Reporting /	presentation of a foreign lar	nguage article, which will be			
Reporting, Oral Examination,	chosen by the student, base	ed on his / her interests and			
Public Presentation, Laboratory	according to the themes pre	esented during the course.			
Work, Clinical Patient					
Examination, Artistic					
Interpretation, Other					
Certainly identified evaluation					
criteria are stated and if and					
where they are accessible by the					
students.					

(5) SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested Bibliography:

- DiMatteo, R.M., & Martin, L.R. (2011). Εισαγωγή στην ψυχολογία της υγείας. Αθήνα: Πεδίο. (κεφ. 9 "Ψυχολογικές διεργασίες, στρες και ασθένεια" & κεφ. 10 "Η διαχείριση του στρες: Ο ρόλος των ψυχολογικών διεργασιών στη διατήρηση της υγείας").
- Fontana, D. (1996). Ψυχολογία για Εκπαιδευτικούς. Εκδόσεις Σαββάλας (κεφ. 14 «Η προσωπικότητα, οι ιδιότητες και το στρες του δασκάλου»
- Schacter, D., Gilbert, D., & Wegner, D. (2012). Ψυχολογία. Εκδόσεις
 Gutenberg, Αθήνα (κεφ. 15 «Στρες και Υγεία».
- Αντωνίου, Α. (2010). Στρες, προσωπική ανάπτυξη και ευημερία. Εκδόσεις Παπαζήση

-Relevantr scientific journals:

- Educational Psychology
- School Psychology review
- Anxiety, stress and coping
- Stress and Health
- Education
- Επετηρίδα της Ψυχολογικής Εταιρείας Βορείου Ελλάδος
- Ψυχολογία (Το περιοδικό της Ελληνικής Ψυχολογικής Εταιρείας)

Emotion and motivation

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of School	School of Social Sciences				
ACADEMIC UNIT	Departmen	Department of Psychology				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergradi	uate				
COURSE CODE	ΨYE024 SEMESTER 8 th					
COURSE TITLE	Emotion and motivation					
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITI	ES				
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY			
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	kercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	G CREDITS		
are awarded for the whole of the	. •	•	HOURS			
teaching hours and th	e total credit	S				
	LECT	URES, ESSAYS	3	4		
Add rows if necessary. The organis	-	_				
teaching methods used are describ	ed in detail d	at (d).				
COURSE TYPE						
general background,	Special bac	kground				
special background, specialised						
general knowledge, skills						
development						
PREREQUISITE COURSES:						
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek					
and EXAMINATIONS:	- Greek					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO						
ERASMUS STUDENTS						
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://ecou	ırse.uoi.gr				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course content aims at understanding the basic theoretical approaches of emotions. The term is initially conceptualized, and examples of emotions are given. The process of emotions is described, the brain mechanisms that govern emotions are analyzed, and the effects of emotions on cognitive function are discussed. In addition, the course content covers the issue

of individual differences in the development of emotionality. Information on childhood emotions and pathology is also offered.

The second part of the course focuses on motivation. The conceptualization of the term, the biological and physiological basis of motivation, are presented. The basic theories of motivation in educational settings are developed in detail so that students get an overall picture of the role of motivation in student learning and performance.

Upon completion of the course the students will be able to:

- Be able to present the basic theoretical approaches of emotions.
- Be able to discuss and raise issues related to emotion and their role in human behavior and pathology.
- Recognize the importance of individual differences in the development of emotions and their effect on cognitive functions.
- Have a basic understanding of motivation theories.
- Have become familiar with the applications of motivation theories in education.

General Capabilities

Taking into account the general competencies that the graduate must have acquired (as listed in the Diploma Supplement and listed below) in which of them is the course intended?

Search, analyze and synthesize data and Project design and management

information, using the necessary Respect for diversity and multiculturalism technologies Respect for the natural environment

Adapt to new situations

Demonstration of social, professional and moral

Decision making responsibility and gender sensitivity
Autonomous work Exercise of criticism and self-criticism

Teamwork Promote free, creative and inductive thinking

Work in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary Other ...
environment

Producing new research ideas

Autonomous work, teamwork (students in groups undertake to study and discuss on scientific texts from the field of emotions and motivation), criticism (students critically approach groups of scientific articles from the field of emotions and motivation), promoting free, creative and inductive thinking.

(3) SYLLABUS

The main themes of the course include:

- Emotions
- -The development of emotions
- -The emotional process
- -Brain mechanisms of emotions
- -Functions and effects of emotion on cognitive processes
- -Physical changes, facial expressions
- -Individual differences in emotional development, feelings and cognitive appraisal
- -Emotions and pathology
- Motivation (introduction, causes of behavior and motivation, biological and physiological basis of motivation).
- Motivation Theories: Psychoanalytic Motivation Theory, Behavioral Motivation Theories.

• Motivation in education: expectation-value theory, attribution theory, sociocognitive theory, goals and goal orientation, intrinsic-extrinsic motivation.

(4) TEACHING AND LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY METHOD	Face-to-face teaching					
Face to face, Distance Learning,						
etc.						
USE OF INFORMATION AND	 Use of ICT in teaching (e-course 					
COMMUNICATION	educational platform, power point					
TECHNOLOGIES	presentations, audiovisual material).					
Use of ICT Teaching, Laboratory	• Use	e of ICT in Student				
Education, Communication with	Communication (e-mail).					
Students						
TEACHING ORGANIZATION	Activity	Semester Workload				
Describe in detail the way and	Lectures	39				
methods of teaching.	Study and analysis of	15				
Lectures, Seminars, Laboratory	bibliography					
Exercise, Field Exercise, Study &	Writing and presenting	10				
Analysis of Bibliography, Tutorial,	individual or group work					
Practice (Placement), Clinical	Self-study	33				
Exercise, Art Workshop, Interactive	Examination	3				
Teaching, Educational Visits,						
Project Work, It; / RTI & gt;						
The student's study hours for each						
learning activity and the hours of						
non-guided study according to the	Total Course	100				
EVALUATION OF STUDENTS	L					
	Evaluation methods:					
Description of the evaluation process		n (80%-100%): At the end of				
process		will be given on the whole				
Assessment Language,	-	ultiple Choice Test, Short				
Assessment Methods,	1	Examples of Concepts and				
Formulation or Conclusion,	Theories)					
Multiple Choice Test, Short	·	sentation of Optional Work				
Response Questions, Test	· •	lividual or group (up to two				
Questions, Problem Solving,	1	concern the study and				
Written Work, Reporting /	presentation of a foreign lar	nguage article, which will be				
Reporting, Oral Examination,						
Public Presentation, Laboratory	according to the themes presented during the course.					
Work, Clinical Patient						
Examination, Artistic						
Interpretation, Other						
Certainly identified evaluation						

(5) SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

criteria are stated and if and where they are accessible by the

students.

- Suggested Bibliography:
- Schunk, D., Pintrich, P., & Meece, J. (2010). Τα κίνητρα στην εκπαίδευση. Εκδόσεις Gutenberg, Αθήνα.

- Κωσταρίδου-Ευκλείδη, Α. (2011). Ψυχολογία Κινήτρων. Εκδόσεις Πεδίο, Αθήνα.
- Oatley, K., & Jenkins, J. (2004). Συγκίνηση: ερμηνείες και κατανόηση. Εκδόσεις Παπαζήση, Αθήνα.
- Βοσνιάδου, Σ. 2005). Εισαγωγή στην Ψυχολογία. Εκδόσεις Gutenberg Αθήνα. (κεφ 9 «Επεκτείνοντας τα όρια της γνωστικής ψυχολογίας: κίνητρα, συναισθήματα, συγκίνηση».

-Relevantr scientific journals:

- Educational Psychology
- School Psychology review
- Επετηρίδα της Ψυχολογικής Εταιρείας Βορείου Ελλάδος
- Ψυχολογία (Το περιοδικό της Ελληνικής Ψυχολογικής Εταιρείας).

Group Processes: Crowd, Collective Action

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES						
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLO(PSYCHOLOGY					
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE						
COURSE CODE	ΨYE058 SEMESTER 8 th						
COURSE TITLE	GROUP PROCESSES: CROWD, COLLECTIVE ACTION						
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITI	ES					
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compone	ents of the	WEEKLY				
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	xercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	CREDITS			
are awarded for the whole of the	. •	•	HOURS				
teaching hours and th	he total credits						
		Lectures	3	5			
	ssary. The organisation of teaching and the						
teaching methods used are describ							
COURSE TYPE	Specialised	general knowle	edge				
general background,							
special background, specialised							
general knowledge, skills							
development							
PREREQUISITE COURSES:							
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek						
and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek						
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes						
ERASMUS STUDENTS	103						
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)							
COORSE TIEBSITE (ORE)							

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course offers to the students a general overview of the history of social psychological thinking on group process and, more specifically, on the question of the crowd and collective action. The course has a dual aim: (a) Provide the students relevant knowledge regarding the basic theoretical and research dimensions of these topics within the historical time. (b) to train students in critical social scientific thinking through the comparative presentation and discussion of these topics in conjunction with the social and political

context of the times within which they were formulated. After the completion of the course:

- Shall have a conceptual understanding of these different social psychological approaches.
- Shall be in a position to compare and reflect on the advantages and disadvantages of these perspectives.
- Shall be in a position to locate these perspectives within the wider historical, political and social context.
- Shall be in a position to formulate initial, tentative interpretations of relevant contemporary events aligning these interpretations with these theoretical frameworks.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making

Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary

environment
Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

..... Others...

- Working independently
- Respect for difference and multiculturalism
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

The present course offers a general, historical and topical introduction to the discipline of social psychology. The lectures focus on six general social psychological topics of research and theorising. These lectures aim at familiarising students with traditional topics of research as well as familiarising them, at an introductory level, with the methodological and interpretative pluralism of modern social psychology.

LECTURE TOPICS

- The origins of the academic discourse on the dangers of the revolted crowd: Taine and the historiography of the French Revolution. Cyclical perspectives of history and the discourse of cultural decline.
- The criminal crowd: Sighele and the development of criminology in Italy.
- Colonialism and criminal anthropology in France.
- Crowd psychology: LeBon and the medical discourse on psychopathology and hypnotic suggestion in France.
- Disavowing the 'group mind' and the disappearance of the social in north-american social psychology.

- Groups and the moral panic on deindividuation.
- Understanding crowds and collective action through social identity theory and the theory of self-categorisation
- Politics of representation: crowds, social decadence and subject positions.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVEDY	At the constitution	
DELIVERY	At the amphitheatre	
Face-to-face, Distance learning,		
etc.		
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of power-point	
COMMUNICATIONS	Use of e-course	
TECHNOLOGY		
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory		
education, communication with		
students		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39
teaching are described in detail.	Practical exercises	16
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Study of bibliography	46
practice, fieldwork, study and	Independent study	24
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,		
placements, clinical practice, art		
workshop, interactive teaching,		
educational visits, project, essay		
writing, artistic creativity, etc.		
The student's study hours for each		
learning activity are given as well	Course total	125
as the hours of non-directed study		
according to the principles of the		
ECTS		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE		
EVALUATION		
Description of the evaluation	Written examination. Short	guestions and essay type
procedure	of questions.	queenene and essay 1,pe
p. 0000.0.	- quiestionisi	
Language of evaluation, methods		
of evaluation, summative or		
conclusive, multiple choice		
questionnaires, short-answer		
questions, open-ended questions,		
problem solving, written work,		
essay/report, oral examination,		
public presentation, laboratory		
work, clinical examination of		
patient, art interpretation, other		
Specifically-defined evaluation		
criteria are given, and if and where		
they are accessible to students.		

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

- Κανέττι, Ε. (1971). *Μάζα και Εξουσία*. Αθήνα: Ηριδανός.
- Παπαστάμου, Σ. (2008). Η ψυχολογία των μαζών και ο Gustave Le Bon. Στο Σ. Παπαστάμου κ.α. Εισαγωγή στην Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία: Η παράδοση, Τόμος Β΄. Αθήνα: Πεδίο.
- Προδρομίτης, Γ. (2008). Η ανακάλυψη του «κοινού» και η εφεύρεση της «κοινής γνώμης» από τον Gabriel Tarde. Στο Σ. Παπαστάσμου κ.α. Εισαγωγή στην Κοινωνική Ψυχολογία: Η παράδοση, Τόμος Β΄. Αθήνα: Πεδίο.
- Bozatzis, N. & Teliou, C. (2018). Constructing cultural pathology: The December 2008 upheaval in the Greek Press. In B. Wagoner, F.M. Moghaddam, J. Vaalsiner (Eds). *The Psychology of Radical Social Change: From rage to revolution*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Hogg, M.A. & Tindale, S. (Επιμ.) (2016). Εγχειρίδιο Κοινωνικής Ψυχολογίας: Διεργασίες ομάδας. Αθήνα: Gutenberg.
- Le Bon, G. (2004). Ψυχολογία των Μαζών. Αθήνα: Ζήτρος.
- Van Ginneken, J. (1992). *Crowds, Psychology, & Politics, 1871-1899*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Wagoner, B., Moghaddam, F.M. & Vaalsiner, J. (Eds). (2018). *The Psychology of Radical Social Change: From rage to revolution*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Related academic journals:
- British Journal of Social Psychology
- European Journal of Social Psychology
- Group Processes and Intergroup Relations
- Social Movement Studies

Psycholinguistics

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCI	SOCIAL SCIENCES					
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLO	PSYCHOLOGY					
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRA	UNDERGRADUATE					
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ043		SEMESTER	8 th			
COURSE TITLE	PSYCHOLIN	GUISTICS					
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITI	ES					
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compon	ents of the	WEEKLY				
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	xercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	3	CREDITS		
are awarded for the whole of the	course, give	the weekly	HOURS				
teaching hours and th	he total credits						
	Lectures	and exercises	3		5		
	sary. The organisation of teaching and hods used are described in detail at (d).						
COURSE TYPE	Specialized	knowledge					
general background,	эрсскингси	Knowicage					
special background, specialised							
general knowledge, skills							
development							
PREREQUISITE COURSES:							
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek						
and EXAMINATIONS:							
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes						
ERASMUS STUDENTS							
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	ecourse						

Language and Communication

COURSE OUTLINE

(2) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRA	DUATE			
COURSE CODE	ΨYE053 SEMESTER 8 th				
COURSE TITLE	LANGUAGE AND COMMUNICATION				
if credits are awarded for separ course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex are awarded for the whole of the teaching hours and th	rrate components of the vexercises, etc. If the credits e course, give the weekly HOURS WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS			CREDITS	
	Lectures		3		4
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).		Optional Compulsory			
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	special bac	kground			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	No				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	ecourse				

(3) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B

Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course aims to present a variety of methodological approaches (related to pragmatics, sociolinguistics, text linguistics and discourse analysis) to researching the relationship between language and communication. This course will help students understand communication problems that might occur so that they will be able to:

- Distinguish and analyze specific aspects of human communication in relation to other communication systems and codes.
- Perceive communication both as an exchange of information and messages, and as a social action.
- Understand the importance of communication settings (contextual, cultural and interpersonal knowledge) to conceptualize, understand and manage situations of communication.
- Consciously use sociopragmatic techniques (speech acts, conversational implicatures, linguistic politeness) to Improve communication effectiveness.
- Critically examine and analyze the structure and function of text genres as means of understanding and constructing meaning via specific forms of communication such as spontaneous conversations, narratives, advertisements, texts of mass culture, political and journalistic discourse.
- -Evaluate the importance of collecting spontaneous and authentic speech data for experimental research and analysis.
- Understand the ways in which the use of language in everyday communication situations contributes to the identity construction.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the

necessary technology Adapting to new situations

Decision-making
Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

Others...

- Adapting to new situations
- Working independently
- Team work
- Working in an international environment
- Respect for difference and multiculturalism
- Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

(4) SYLLABUS

1) Semiotic systems and communication codes. Language as communication. Semantics and communication. Communication models. Communication context. Verbal / Non-verbal

communication. Body Language. Active hearing. Interpersonal communication. Small group communication. Negative communication roles. Symmetrical/complementary interaction/communication. Interview.

- 2) Speech acts. Speech acts and intercultural communication. Conversation Analysis. Deixis and communication.
- 3) Cooperative principle. Conversational implicatures. Linguistic politeness. Humor discourse.
- 4) Oral and written speech. Standards of textuality (cohesion, coherence, intentionality, acceptability, informativity, situationality and intertextuality).
- 5) Identity Construction in Conversational Narratives. Representations of sociolinguistic diversity (e.g. gender, age, social class, ethnicity) in mass culture texts and the reproduction of (language) ideologies.
- 6) Communication in healthcare (Linguistic / cultural barriers, Communication Skills, Behavior, Therapeutic communication, Time Management, Relationship Formation, Empathy)
- 7) Language and social relations, linguistic diversity, bilingual conversations, interlanguage and identities.
- 8) Language and identity. Language attitudes/stereotypes and prejudices. Taboo words and sociolinguistic identities.
- 9) Child and adolescent language.
- 10) Digital language: Social media.
- 11) Speech of the media: Press, television, advertising.
- 12 Corpora and speech acts.
- 13) Language ideology.

(5) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	In Classroom			
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	classico			
etc.				
etc.				
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of slides, audiovisual m	aterial.		
COMMUNICATIONS	Support of the learning pro	cess through electronic e-		
TECHNOLOGY	class platform			
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory	Email			
education, communication with	Course Website			
students				
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39		
teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory				
practice, fieldwork, study and	Team/Individual	23		
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	assignments			
placements, clinical practice, art	Study & analysis of	20		
workshop, interactive teaching,	bibliography	20		
educational visits, project, essay	Dibliography			
writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Personal Study	15		
		_		
The student's study hours for each	Exams	3		
learning activity are given as well	Course total	100		
as the hours of non-directed study	Course total 100			
according to the principles of the				
ECTS				

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

- . Written examination at the end of the semester which includes (70%):
- multiple choice questionnaires
- short-answer questions
- open-ended questions
- II. Presentation of Group/individual Work (30%)

(6) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:
- 1. Αρχάκης, Α. & Τσάκωνα, Β. (2011). Ταυτότητες, Αφηγήσεις και Γλωσσική Εκπαίδευση. Αθήνα: Πατάκης.
- 2. Αρχάκης, Α. & Κονδύλη, Μ. (2004). Εισαγωγή σε ζητήματα Κοινωνιογλωσσολογίας, Αθήνα: Νήσος.
- 3. Γεωργαλίδου, Μ., Σηφιανού, Μ. & Τσάκωνα Β. (2014). Ανάλυση λόγου: Θεωρία και εφαρμογές, Αθήνα: Νήσος.
- 4. Κανάκης, Κ. (2007). Εισαγωγή στην πραγματολογία. Γνωστικές και κοινωνικές όψεις της γλωσσικής χρήσης. Αθήνα: Εκδόσεις του Εικοστού Πρώτου.
- 5. Μπέλλα, Σπ. (2015). Πραγματολογία. Από τη γλωσσική επικοινωνία στη γλωσσική διδασκαλία. Αθήνα: Gutenberg.
- 6. Πολίτης, Π. (επιμ). (2008). Ο Λόγος της Μαζικής Επικοινωνίας. Το Ελληνικό Παράδειγμα. Θεσσαλονίκη: Ινστιτούτο Νεοελληνικών Σπουδών.
- 7. Σελλά-Μάζη, Ε. (2001). Διγλωσσία και κοινωνία. Η κοινωνιογλωσσική πλευρά της διγλωσσίας: Η ελληνική πραγματικότητα. Αθήνα: Προσκήνιο.
- 8. Canagarajah, S. (2017) The Routledge Handbook of Migration and Language
- 9. De Vito, A. J. (2004) Ανθρώπινη Επικοινωνία, εκδ. Ελλην
- 10. Fairclough, N. (2015). Language and Power (3η έκδοση). London: Routledge.
- 11. Pease, A. (2011). Η Γλώσσα του Σώματος. Αθήνα: Έσοπτρον
- 11. Piasecki, M. (2008). Η τέχνη της επικοινωνίας στο χώρο της υγείας: ένας πρακτικός οδηγός, εκδ. Παπασωτηρίου
- 12. Schiffrin, D., Tannen, D. & Hamilton, H. E. (Eds) (2001). The Handbook of Discourse Analysis. Malden, MA: Blackwell.
- 13. Watzlawick, P., Bavelas, J.B., & Jackson D.D. (2004). Ανθρώπινη επικοινωνία και οι επιδράσεις της στη συμπεριφορά. Αθήνα: Ελληνικά Γράμματα
- 14. Wooffitt, R. (2005). Conversation Analysis and Discourse Analysis. London: Sage.
- 15. Van Dijk, T.A. (2008). Discourse and power. New York: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Related academic journals:

Psychophysiology 2

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCIENCES			
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE				
COURSE TITLE	PSYCHOPHYSIOLOGY 2			
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITI	ES		
if credits are awarded for separ	ate compon	ents of the	WEEKLY	
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex	kercises, etc.	If the credits	TEACHING	CREDITS
are awarded for the whole of the	course, give	the weekly	HOURS	
teaching hours and th	e total credit	ts .		
LECT	CTURES AND ASSIGNMENTS		3	4
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the				
teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE SPECIAL BACKGROUND				
general background,				
special background, specialised				
general knowledge, skills				
development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION				
and EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

With the successful completion of the course should acknowledge and understand:

- 1. The concept of "laterality" in brain function
- 2. The neurophysiological and anatomical substrates of Learning-Memory, of Language, of Emotions, of Social Cognition, of the ability of Attentional Concentration and of Addictive Behaviours
- 3. Brain Plasticity and the potential of rehabilitation of brain dysfunctions in adult life

- 4. The basic neurobiological underpinnings of common Neuropsychiatric disorders
- 5. The application of psychophysiological knowledge in the therapy of clinical cases

Finally, the students should be able to:

- 1. Understand the basic conclusions derived from research that is published in scientific journals such as the ones presented in section (5).
- 2. Recognize basic changes in brain functions which are present in common clinical conditions

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the

necessary technology Adapting to new situations

Decision-making Working independently

Team work

Project planning and management
Respect for difference and multiculturalism

Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

..... Others...

.....

Application of critical and self-critical thinking skills

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

Promotion of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

The goal of the current course is on the introduction of basic principles, theoretical approaches and practices of the field of psychophysiology. The lectures have the following content:

- 1. Learning objectives Basic functional topographical anatomy of the brain/ basic principles of neurotransmission
- 2. Lateralization of the brain
- 3. Neurobiological Substrates- Psychophysiology of Learning and Memory
- 4. Neurobiological Substrates- Psychophysiology of Linguistic Function
- 5. Neurobiological Substrates- Psychophysiology of Emotions- Emotional and "Social Brain"
- 6. Neurobiological Substrates- Psychophysiology of Attention and Consciousness
- 7. Neurobiological Substrates- Psychophysiology of Addiction— Mechanism of Action of Addictive Substances
- 8. Brain Plasticity-Rehabilitation of Brain Function in Adult Life
- 9. Neuropsychiatric disorders (Parkinson's Disease, Tourette Syndrome, Multiple Sclerosis, Epilepsy, Headache)
- 10. Psychiatric Disorders (Depression, Schizophrenia, Psychosomatic Symptoms)
- 11. Examination of Mental Function in Clinical Practice

- 12. Biological non-pharmacological therapies (Electroconvulsive Therapy Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation)
- 13. Psychotherapy as a form of Biological Therapy (brain training)

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face teaching		
Face-to-face, Distance learning,	g		
etc.			
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of power-point in teaching		
COMMUNICATIONS	Use of "e-course" for supplying educational material to		
TECHNOLOGY	students		
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory			
education, communication with			
students			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39	
teaching are described in detail.	Study and analysis of	61	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	literature		
practice, fieldwork, study and			
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	Course total	100	
placements, clinical practice, art			
workshop, interactive teaching,			
educational visits, project, essay			
writing, artistic creativity, etc.			
The student's study hours for each			
learning activity are given as well			
as the hours of non-directed study			
according to the principles of the			
ECTS			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE			
EVALUATION	Final written exam that incl	udes:	
Description of the evaluation			
procedure	Questions of written elabor	ation	
	Questions of comparison		
Language of evaluation, methods	Questions of critical assessr	nent	
of evaluation, summative or			
conclusive, multiple choice			
questionnaires, short-answer			
questions, open-ended questions,			
problem solving, written work,			
essay/report, oral examination,			
public presentation, laboratory			
work, clinical examination of			
patient, art interpretation, other			
Specifically-defined evaluation			
criteria are given, and if and where			
they are accessible to students.			
they are accessible to students.			

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested Bibliography:
- Fundamentals of Human Neuropsychology Kolb B. & Whishaw I
- Biological Psychology, Aleixo Paul, Baillon Murray,
- Psychophysiology, G. Papadatos
- Biological Psychology, James W. Kalat
- Brain and Behavior, Garrett B- Hough G.

Journals:

- -Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews
- -Neuropsychology Review
- -Biological Psychology
- -Neuropsychology
- -Biological Psychiatry
- -Translational Psychiatry
- -Psychophysiology
- -Behavioral and Brain Sciences

Mind and Brain

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SOCIAL SCI	ENCES		
ACADEMIC UNIT	PSYCHOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	ΨYE030 SEMESTER 8°			8 °
COURSE TITLE	MIND AND BRAIN			
if credits are awarded for separ course, e.g. lectures, laboratory ex are awarded for the whole of the teaching hours and the	exercises, etc. If the credits ne course, give the weekly		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
		LECTURES	3	4
Add rows if necessary. The organism teaching methods used are describe COURSE TYPE general background, special background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:		at (d).		
and EXAMINATIONS: IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (with personal study and preparation of			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

After completing the course, students will have acquired knowledge and understanding of:

- > what is the mind and what is the brain, what is consciousness, what are the levels of consciousness and its disorders (drowsiness, confusion of consciousness, coma) and how it is assessed
- > for the cognitive function and in which areas of the brain it takes place and in particular for the associative cortex, the prefrontal associative cortex, parietal-temporal-occipital

associative cortex, parietal associative cortex, frontal associative cortex and the damage to them.

- > on the neuroanatomy and neurobiology of perception, attention and consciousness and the role they play in decision making
- > the neuroanatomy of language, language development from infancy to old age and linguistic disorders (types of aphasia)
- > the plasticity of the brain, for the degeneration of neurons, neuronal regeneration and reorganization and the recovery of mind function after brain damage
- > on the neuroanatomy of memory, the synaptic mechanisms of learning and memory and the various species amnesia and reversible and irreversible memory disorders
- > for brain disorders (the various types of agnosia, apraxia and types of dementia) and mental disorders (schizophrenia, depression, addiction, obsessive-compulsive disorder, personality disorders)
- ➤ on the biological and psychological basis of Social perception (autism spectrum disorders, the theory of Mind, emotions and face recognition)

Also, after the end of the course, students should have developed the following skills: ➤ to be able to read and understand the new research data concerning the functioning of the brain

- > to be able to explain to non-specialists the functioning of the brain, its neuroanatomy and neurobiology cognitive functions and their disorders
- > the neurobiology of mental functions and mental disorders and the most effective interventions
- > to recognize the usefulness of diagnostic tools, such as neuropsychological tests in combination with basic imaging methods of brain function
- > to be able to interpret the symptoms of cerebral and mental disorders based on the subject their neuroanatomical and neurobiological substrate and to evaluate their effectiveness pharmaceutical and non-pharmacological interventions in the taught brain injuries and mental disorders

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Project planning and management

Respect for the natural environment

Criticism and self-criticism

Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Production of free, creative and inductive

Respect for difference and multiculturalism

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the

necessary technology Adapting to new situations

Decision-making Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

thinking

Others...

Search, analysis and synthesis of data and information concerning brain function and human behavior – psychopathology with the aim of greater autonomy in their work as psychologists and the generation of new research ideas

- Making decisions and working in an interdisciplinary environment that includes collaboration with psychiatrists- neurobiologists, speech therapists, occupational therapists
- Autonomous work
- Demonstration of social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity

- Exercise criticism and self-criticism
- Promotion of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

- Brain: structure and function
- Cognitive function and in which areas of the brain it takes place, specifically the function of the following cortical areas: prefrontal associative cortex, parietal-temporal-occipital associative cortex, frontal associative cortex
- Epigenetic factors
- The role of experience in shaping the brain,
- Neuroanatomy and neurobiology of perception, attention (types of attention) and consciousness and the role that play in decision-making,
- Neuroanatomy of language, pleurisy, language development from infancy to old age, language disorders (Aphasia of Broca's type, Wernicke's, naming, conduction, global aphasia), causes of language disorders, diagnosis,
- Plasticity of the brain, developmental phases of the nervous system, the postnatal development of the brain in humans, the effect of experiences on the brain, brain plasticity in adults and the elderly, the causes of brain damage, and what diseases they cause (epilepsy, Huntington's disease, multiple sclerosis),
- Neuroanatomy of memory and learning, recognition of objects and their position in space, synaptic mechanisms of learning and memory, types of amnesia (Korsakoff syndrome, post-concussive amnesia), mnemonics disorders (reversible and irreversible dementias, Alzheimer's disease, vascular dementia, frontotemporal dementia, progressive supranuclear palsy, mixed dementia, Parkinson's disease), scales for the evaluation of memory disorders
- mental disorders (schizophrenia, mood disorders, depression, mania, addiction and reward circuits of the brain, obsessive-compulsive disorder, personality disorders)
- Neurobiological background of Specific Language Disorder
- Neurobiological background of Mathematical Thinking and Numeracy
- Neurobiological basis of autism spectrum disorders
- Brain paralysis

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face to face			
Face-to-face, Distance learning,				
etc.				
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Power-point use Use of e-co	ourses		
COMMUNICATIONS				
TECHNOLOGY				
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory				
education, communication with				
students	_			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39		
teaching are described in detail.	Literature study &	20		
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	analysis			
practice, fieldwork, study and	Writing and presentation	10		
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	of individual work			
placements, clinical practice, art	Writing and presenting	10		
workshop, interactive teaching,	group work			
	Self-study	21		

educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation	Course total	100
procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation	includes: - N VIII.Oral pre (15%)	final exam (70%) which Aultiple choice questions esentation of individual work esentation of group work (15%)

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:
- Kandel, E., & Schwartz, J. (2005). Neuroscience and Behavior. Crete: University Publications
- Kolb B. & Whishaw, I. Q. (2018). Basic principles of human neuropsychology. Athens: Gutenberg
- Neil, M.G. (2011). Neuropsychology. Brain and Behavior. Athens: Greece.

Therapeutic Properties of Interpersonal Relationships

COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	Social Sciences				
ACADEMIC UNIT	Psychology				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate				
COURSE CODE	ΨΥΕ061		SEMESTER	8 th	
COURSE TITLE	Therapeuti	c Properties of	Interpersonal	Relationship	ps
if credits are awarded for separ course, e.g. lectures, laboratory es are awarded for the whole of the teaching hours and the	ate compone kercises, etc. course, give	ents of the If the credits the weekly	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CRED 5	ITS
W	Workshop/seminar activities		1		
	эткэнор, эст	iniai activities	3		
Add rows if necessary. The organist teaching methods used are describe COURSE TYPE general background, special background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES: LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	-	nt (d).			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	Yes				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

After successful completion and attendance of the course, students are expected to:

- Be familiar with attachment theory
- Have knowledge of the research and assessment methods employed in the study of attachment
- Understand individual differences in attachment and their impact on mental health

- Recognise the characteristics of relationships, in the light of attachment theory, that promote mental and physical health and quality of life
- Be familiar with methods and techniques to promote secure attachment
- Be familiar with interventions that improve the quality of interpersonal relationships
- Be able to critically study and review the relevant literature and draw conclusions

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making

Working independently

Team work
Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive

thinking

others...

- Search for, analyse and synthesise data and information, using the necessary technologies
- Teamwork (ability to work effectively with others in a team, but also be able to work independently and take responsibility for their own learning with appropriate support)
- Time management

environment

- Respect for diversity and multiculturalism
- Exercising criticism and self-criticism
- Promoting free, creative and deductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

This course focuses on the positive/therapeutic properties of interpersonal relationships and their role in mental and physical health and quality of life, mainly through the lens of attachment theory.

Indicative course content:

- Attachment theory across the lifespan: the effects of secure attachment on mental and physical health
- Interventions to promote secure attachment
- Social support, mental health, and quality of life
- Parenting, fostering, and adoption: parenting interventions to strengthen secure attachments and effects on children and parents
- Peer relationships, mental health, quality of life
- Marriage and romantic relationships
- Attachment in clinical practice and the quality of the psychotherapeutic relationship
- Interpersonal relationships in professional contexts (e.g., supervisory relationship, leader-follower relationship)

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face		
Face-to-face, Distance learning,			
etc.			
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of ICT in teaching		
COMMUNICATIONS	Use of ICT in communication		
TECHNOLOGY	Support of the learning process through the e-course		
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory	platform (posting of course material: notes, lecture		
education, communication with	slides, activities, etc.)		
students			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of	Attendance of lectures	39	
teaching are described in detail.	Study & analysis of the	31	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	literature		
practice, fieldwork, study and	Group Projects	22	
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	Independent study	21	
placements, clinical practice, art	Exams	3	
workshop, interactive teaching,			
educational visits, project, essay			
writing, artistic creativity, etc.			
The state of the section of			
The student's study hours for each	Course total	125	
learning activity are given as well			
as the hours of non-directed study			
according to the principles of the ECTS			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE			
EVALUATION	1. Written final examination	(70%) including:	
Description of the evaluation	- Open-ended questions (sh	_	
procedure	and/or written essays).	ore answer questions	
p. cood.a. c	- Multiple-choice questions		
Language of evaluation, methods	2. Optional assignment (30%	6)	
of evaluation, summative or		-,	
conclusive, multiple choice			
questionnaires, short-answer			
questions, open-ended questions,			
problem solving, written work,			
essay/report, oral examination,			
public presentation, laboratory			
work, clinical examination of			
patient, art interpretation, other			
, ,			
Specifically-defined evaluation			

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

- Suggested bibliography:
- Kafetsios, K. (2005). *Attachment, Emotion, and Interpersonal Relationships*. Typothito (in Greek)
- Hendrick, C. E., & Hendrick, S. S. (2000). Close relationships: A sourcebook. Sage
- Cassidy, J. & Shaver, P.R. (2018). *Handbook of Attachment, Third Edition: Theory, Research, and Clinical Applications*. The Guilford Press

- Mikulincer, M., & Shaver P.R. (2017). *Attachment in Adulthood, Second Edition: Structure, Dynamics, and Change.* The Guilford Press
- Related academic journals:
- Personal Relationships
- Journal of Social and Personal Relationships
- Journal of Social and Clinical Psychology
- Journal of Relationships Research
- Interpersona: An International Journal on Personal Relationships
- Attachment & Human Development